The Linux/ia64 Project

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Outline

- ⇒ Brief IA-64 overview
- ⇒ Project overview
- ⇒ IA64 SDK
- ⇒ Conclusion

⇒ Demo



What is IA-64?

- \Rightarrow next-generation, high-performance 64-bit architecture co-designed by Intel and HP
- \Rightarrow new EPIC paradigm: Explicitly Parallel Instructionset Computing
- \Rightarrow first implementation: Itaniumtm
 - engineering samples available since Fall'99
- ⇒ complete specifications available
 Itaniumtm micro-architecture, ABI, calling conv, DIG64
- \Rightarrow systems general availability: 2H2000



What is EPIC ?

⇒ Explicit parallelism

- bundles of 3 instructions
- template field encodes:
 - type of execution units needed (M,I,B,F)
 - stop bit to express sequential dependency



⇒ Massive resources

- 128 integer (64bits) & 128 floating point (82bits) registers
- lots of execution units

⇒ RISC-like load/store model



Key features of IA-64

- ⇒ Predication
 - Avoid costly branches
- ⇒ Speculation (control & data)
 - safely move loads to hide memory latency
- ⇒ Register Stack Engine (RSE)
 - avoid registers spill/fill on procedure calls
- ⇒ Register Rotation
 - easy loop unrolling with minimal code expansion
- ⇒ Performance Monitoring
 - very rich set of counters (thresholding, trace buffer, EARS)
- ⇒ 64bit address space
 - 8 regions of 61 bits (8x2048PB = 16384PB)



Predication

⇒ To reduce branching

- 64 predicate registers (1 bit each)
- when predicate is false instruction is considered as no-operation(nop)

C code:

r2= r1==0?r4+r5:r3+r6+1;





Control Speculation

- ⇒ Execution of a load before the branch that guards it available for integer & floating point registers loads
- ⇒ Safety ensured with NaT (Not a Thing) bit
 - "65th" bit of integer registers
 - Specific "NatVal" used for floating point registers

(p1) br.cond label
 ld8 r1=[r5];;
 add r2=r1,r3



Why Start the Linux/ia64 Work?

- ⇒ Want it to be there at launch of Itanium[™]
 - easy-to-install distribution, functionally complete, optimized
- ⇒ Developing IA-64 optimizing compiler, kernel and applications takes time
- \Rightarrow Why at HP ?
 - IA-64 technology expertise
 - existing Linux expertise/interest at Labs
- ⇒ Code to be released to Open Source community

⇒ Project started at HPLabs in February 1998



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What's involved?



platform simulator



Who's Involved?

- ⇒ Original Linux/ia64 project:
 - HP Labs
 - initial toolchain, kernel architecture and implementation, simulator, apps
 - demonstrated first kernel booting to user mode on simulator in March 1999 (1st LinuxWorldExpo, San Jose CA)
 - CERN (birthplace of the WWW)
 - User-level libraries (libc/libm)
- ⇒ Spring '99: co-founded the "Trillian" project
 - now renamed IA-64 Linux Project



Goals of the Trillian project

- ⇒ Single IA-64 Linux port
- \Rightarrow Optimized for IA-64
- ⇒ Open source the code before or at Itanium[™] processor launch
- ⇒ Cooperative effort to deliver best possible code
 - follow the Linux development model
 - many players contributing technology and resources:
 - Caldera, CERN, HP, IBM, Intel, Redhat/Cygnus, SGI, SuSe, TurboLinux and VA Linux Systems.



Development Toolchains

⇒ Based on egcs-2.96 (Redhat/Cygnus)

- some EPIC style optimizations coming
- profiling support available
- stack unwinding support available
- recompile as better compilers become available
- Binary format: standard ELF64/IA-64
- ⇒ debugger: gdb-5.0 available

⇒ SGI released Pro64 C/C++/F90 compilers

- C/C++ compilers GNU compatible
- check out http://oss.sgi.com/
- more EPIC optimizations (floating points)



Gobal Properties

⇒ LP64 Data Model

Туре	Size	Alignment	Туре	Size	Alignment
char	1	1	float	4	4
short	2	2	double	8	8
int	4	4	long double	10	16
long int	8	8			
long long int	8	8	void *	8	8

with current gcc size=8,align=8

- ⇒ Endianess
 - Little-endian is native byte order
 - Big-endian processes are possible



Kernel Design Goals

- \Rightarrow Pure 64bit kernel for IA-64 (no legacy)
- ⇒ Minimize modifications to machine independent code:
 - Added arch/ia64 and include/asm-ia64
 - Follow development kernels: from v2.1.126 to v2.4
- ⇒ Some compatibility with Linux/x86 wherever possible (e.g.,sig-num, ioctl-num, errno,...)
- ⇒ Optimize for 64 bit performance
- Follow standard wherever possible:
 IA-64 SW calling convention, DiG64, EFI, UNIX ABI



Kernel VM Features

- \Rightarrow Page Size:
 - Configurable page sizes: 4, 8, 16, 64 KB
 - □ =4KB for perfect IA-32 emulation
 - □ >4KB:
 - allows good Linux/x86 emulation
 - better for native IA-64 binaries (8 or 16KB best)
- \Rightarrow User address space:
 - 43bits with 8Kb pages *** 8TB
 - 47bits with 16Kb pages 128TB



Kernel Status

- ⇒ Source code released since 2/2/2000 (LWE)
- \Rightarrow All subsystems enabled:
 - vm, interrupts, signal, ptrace, network, smp, scsi, ide, usb, sound, video, platform specific support (EFI,PAL)
 - kernel modules
 - IA-32 execution support present
 - runs unmodified Linux/x86 binaries (Netscape, Acroread, WP)
 - Linux/x86 shared libraries support

⇒ Integrated into official 2.4 kernel

- integrated since 2.3.42
- check out http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/ports/ia64 for latest patches



User Level Libraries

⇒ GNU libc v2.1.x (libc,libm)

- shared library support available
- pthreads available
- some optimizations in performance critical routines
- unoptimized libm
- GNU libc v2.2 in progress
- ⇒ C++ library (stdc++) available
- ⇒ Optimized Math library (libm) contributed by Intel
 - 90 hand optimized assembly code math routines

Source code released since 2/2/2000 (LWE)



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User Level Applications

⇒ Alpha distributions available since March'2000

- TurboLinux (www.turbolinux.com)
- RedHat (www.redhat.com)
- Suse and Caldera in progress
- ⇒ Graphical environment:
 - XFree86-3.3.6, GNOME, Enlightenment, Gimp available
 - XFree86-4.0 in progress
- ⇒ Internet: Apache
- \Rightarrow IA-32 emulation:
 - netscape browser, acroread, WordPerfect, Applix5.0

⇒ Development:

- egcs, gdb, perl, tcl/tk, python...
- Java via gcj (java m native code compiler) work from HPLabs



IA64 Software Development Kit

- ⇒ Port & develop Linux/ia64 apps on Linux/x86
- ⇒ Based on HPLabs Native User Environment (NUE)
 - Create illusion of target dev. environment:
 - cross dev. tools, headers files, libs : real name and location
 - chrooted environment: no conflict with host system
 - no tweaking of Makefiles required
 - RPM rebuild easy: % rpm --rebuild mingetty-0.9.4.src.rpm
 - Execution of produced binaries possible:
 - includes the HP IA-64 instruction set simulator (ski)
 - transparent execution of IA-64 binaries at shell prompt
 - mix & match IA64/IA32 binaries
 - debugging with ski



IA64 Software Development Kit

⇒ Kernel development & execution possible

- very good for low level code debugging
- applications testing
- OS research activities

⇒ Other Open Source OS development possible □ like FreeBSD or NetBSD

\Rightarrow Kit available for free since 06/13/2000

web site: http://www.software.hp.com/ia64linux



Conclusion

- \Rightarrow Linux/ia64 is real
 - It is publicly available TODAY !
 - bootable CDROMs from some Linux distributors

⇒ IA64 Linux SDK

- software development without hardware: early access
- \Rightarrow HP is committed to Linux
 - Major technology contributions (kernel, toolchain, simulator)

⇒ Next steps:

- debugging
- tuning, performance optimizations
- porting more applications
- ⇒ Learn about the architecture
 - look at the linux/ia64 source code



Resources on the WEB

- ⇒ IA-64 Architecture
 - http://www.hp.com/go/ia64
 - http://developer.intel.com/design/ia64
- ⇒ HP & Linux
 - http://www.hp.com/go/linux/
- ⇒ IA-64 Linux project
 - http://www.linuxia64.org/
- ⇒ Papers & presentations
 - http://www.hpl.hp.com/techreports/
- ⇒ IA-64 SDK discussion forum
 - http://devresource.hp.com/devresource/Topics/ia64linux.html





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The Demo !



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