

Porting COBOL VPLUS and IMAGE Apps to UNIX, Linux or Windows T145

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Transformix

Investment Protection for MPE/iX Applications Through Application Renovation

http://www.xformix.com/



Introduction and Definitions

- **O General comments**
- Terminology
- Paper subject
- Goal
- Audience
- Presentation focus



Presentation Outline

- Section I, Introduction and description of what needs to be done to port applications that run in an MPE/iX source environments to target computer operating environments.
- Section II, Example of Transport, an MPE Porting and Migration Toolset
- Section III, Third-Party Porting Tools

The models developed in Section I will be used as a framework to describe some real-world tools that are available to assist in the porting of HP MPE applications to UNIX and/or NT.



General comments

- Porting and/or migrating may seem overwhelming at first
- With the right planning and the right tools can be least expensive option



Terminology

- The terms porting, migrating, converting, reengineering and rearchitecting are sometimes incorrectly used interchangeably.
- This can lead to confusion.



Paper subject

This paper is about porting in the sense that an end-user who is experienced in using the application in the source environment should be able to use the application in the target environment with little or no retraining.

minimal changes to source program logic.

Growth

Presentation goal

Goal is to provide an understanding of why porting can be challenging and to help the reader understand the key tools and techniques needed to effectively port an application from one computing environment to another.



Transformix Computer Corporation

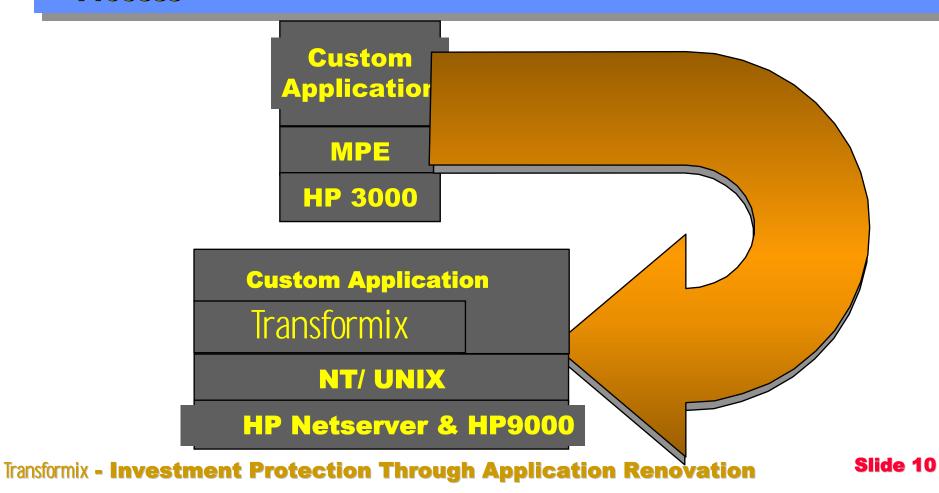
- Founded in 1982 as ConAm Corporation evolved into Transformix
- Consulting and Systems Integration Services
 - Application Re-engineering
 - HP 3000 Porting and Migrations Tools
 - IT Infrastructure Consulting and Services
- Primary focus on Hewlett Packard environments

The Process

Legacy Software

Growth
Experience
Flexability
Comfort

The Successful Migration Achieved through Transformix's Five Step
Process





Application Renovation

User Interface Change

GUI

Web User Interface

Web Database Access

SQL Access

RDBMS

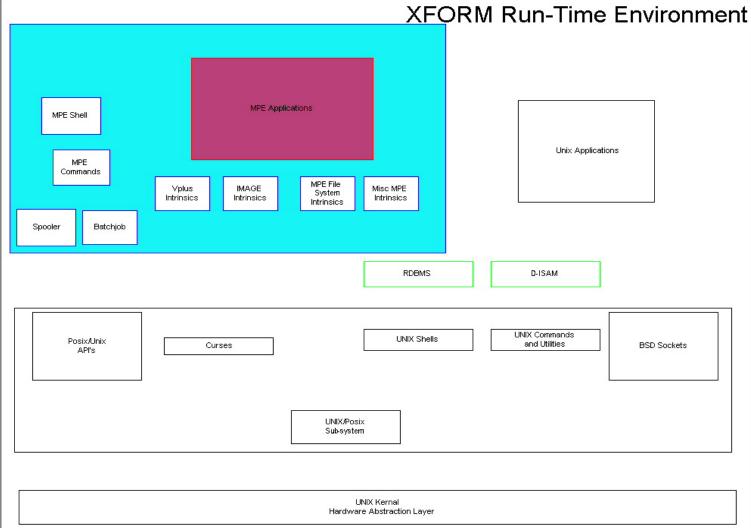


Porting

Translation - restructuring the code to be compatible with the run-time environment compilers, system calls, etc.

Emulation - providing run-time compatibility with the source environment on the target platform by pretending to be the source environment.







Preserving Legacies: Application

Renovation vs. Porting

- There is sometimes a need to renovate applications
- There is sometimes a business need to port and migrate
- Applications software is increasingly recognized a valuable asset



Paper Audience

It is a intended to be a primer directed at a user who has applications software that now runs on the HP MPE operating system who is considering porting that application to either UNIX or NT.



Paper focus

- Third-generation languages such as COBOL, FORTRAN or C.
- The 4GL many of the same issues only less so.
- Particularly true when the 4GL vendor supports both the source and target environments.



Section I: The Porting and Migration Challenge



Porting and Migration Introduction

- Introduction
- The Porting and Migration Challenge
- Downsizing As Part of Your Information Technology Strategy
- One Step At a Time
- Selecting the Right Applications



Understanding the Landscape: Overview of Requirements for a Migration Toolset (Transport)

- Execution (Runtime) Sub-Environment
- The User (Operations) Sub-Environment
- The Development Sub-Environment
- The Administration Sub-Environment



General Porting Design Objectives

- General Porting Design Objectives
 For all sub-environments of the mpa environment the following are our objectives:
- They are complementary and should not interact in a way other way than is consistent with normal behavior on the MPEIIX operating system.
- Any used UNIX or NT device or other feature should be left in state that is consistent with how a native program would leave it and therefore it should be accessible for the rest of the UNIX or NT system,
- No other UNIX or NT operation should be disturbed or impacted other than what is expected, i.e. no unwanted side effects are allowed,
- In any situation where the needs of MPE and those of UNIX or NT conflict to the point where the functioning of UNIX or NT might be impaired, the requirements of the UNIX or NT environment take precedence
- any features not specified within MPE operating system should be made to conform to the POSIX and other standards on which UNIX or NT platform is based.

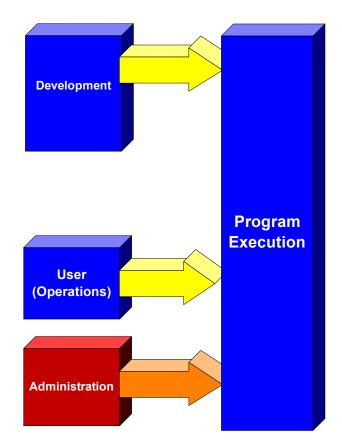


General Porting Steps

- Analyze Source Environment -The first goal of porting is to first identify what features are provided to programs, programmers and computer users in the source MPE environment.
- Determine Target Environment Requirements -The next step is to somehow make the source and target versions of the application sources behave the same from an end-user and an executing program point of view.
 - One way to do this is to find either exact or functionally compatible replacement functions in the target environment.
 - A second way to make the source and target versions compatible is to translate from one to the other.



Computing Environment Anatomy





Execution (Runtime) Sub-Environment

User Interface The runtime (screens)

- **♂ VPlus**
- Non-HP Screen
 Handler
- Direct I/O to Screens
- 🗗 GUI

Data Management

- **MPE Flat Files**
- **™ KSAM**
- **☑** IMAGE Clone
- **SQL Access**

Transaction Management

Operating System Interfaces

- **♪ Program Information**
- InterprocessCommunication
- ProcessSynchronization
- Miscellaneous OS Interfaces



The User (Operations) Sub-Environment

Files and Data

- **Directories**

Commands

- **© Commands**
- **Description** Command Files
- **** UDC's**
- **D** Jobs and Job Files

Operations Control

- ProductionScheduling
- **Output Spooling**

Utilities

- **♂ Sort/Merge**
- **₫** Editors
- എ Mail



The Development Sub-Environment

Editing

3rd GL Compiling

FORTRAN
ANSI/C

4GL Development Linking Programs



The Administration Sub-Environment

Backup Security

Elements of a Porting Tool Chest



Emulation Tools

- System Calls Intrinsics
- Command Interpreter
- JCL
- Vplus
- Data Management Calls IMAGE,
 KSAM and Flat Files



Translation Tools

- Translation Tools
- Language Differences
- Custom Translators
- Required Skills



- File and Data Conversion Tools
- Set up a Link to the HP 3000
- Interface between UNIX and MPE



- SAMBA
- NFS
- Telnet
- ODBC
- JDBC
- Client/Server



Required Skills

- Systems Software, Hardware and Infrastructure
- Compilers
- Job Management
- Networking
- Terminal Interfaces



- Project Management and Methods
- Required Skills



Professional Services

- Professional Services
- Required Skills
- Document Changes



Opportunities for Incompatibility

- VPlus,
- TurbolMAGE and
- MPE Intrinsics
- All unique, proprietary aspects of MPE.



Transformix Methodology for Matching Source to Target

Goal of Methodology

Our goal is to create a checklist of functions needed in UNIX and/or NT that will allow our originally MPE-based applications to run on the target environment with little or no modification.



Porting Data Management Sources



- TransferringSequential Files
- Preparing the File Transfer
- MPE Unique File
 Types
- UNIX File Names

- File Transfer Methods
- TCP/IP File
 Transfer Protocol
- DDS
- Diskette
- Tape
- DLT



Migrating TURBOIMAGE

- Migrating TURBOIMAGE
- HP Eloquence
- Relational Databases
- Database Definitions
- Table Definitions
- View Definitions
- Index Definitions
- Procedure Definitions

Converting and Transferring TURBOIMAGE Databases

- Bridges or gateways
- Unload/Reload



KSAM Files

- Transferring KSAM Files
- Loading the KSAM Data into Your Unix System



Porting User Access and System Management Pieces



Terminal Access

- Terminal Access
- Functions Supported
- Functions Not Supported
- VPlus
- Non-VPlus
- GUI



Batch Jobs

- Batch Jobs
- Setting Up a Batch Queue
- Change the Application Code to Produce Script Commands
- Job Scheduling Systems
- Transformix Job Scheduler for UNIX
- UNIX Cron Facility



Printing

- Printing
- Print Transaction Started on a Printer
- Level
- Writing to the Spooler



Programming Language Porting and Migration Methdology



- Source Language and Compiler Considerations
- COBOL Migration
 Restrictions
- VPLUS Migration
 Restrictions
- Setting Up the COBOL Run-Time System
- Compiling COBOL Programs

- Problems Encountered
- Database and SQL
 Differences
- Restrictions
- Precompiler
- Testing Your Application
- COBOL Source Level Debugger
- COBOL Program Caching

Migrating FORTRAN Programs

- Source Language and Compiler
 Considerations
- FORTRAN Migration Restrictions
- VPlus Migration
 Restrictions
- Setting Up the FORTRAN Run-Time System

- Compiling FORTRAN Programs
- Problems Encountered
- Database and SQL
 Differences
- Restrictions
- Precompiler
- Testing Your Application
- Execution Diagnostic Facility



Migrating CIXL Programs

- Source Language and Compiler
 Considerations
- C/XL Migration
 Restrictions
- VPlus Migration
 Restrictions
- Setting Up the C/XL Run-Time System

- Compiling C/XL Programs
- Problems Encountered
- Restrictions
- Precompiler
- Testing Your Application
- ExecutionDiagnostic Facility



- Source Language and Compiler Considerations
- SPL Migration
 Restrictions
- VPlus Migration
 Restrictions

- SPLASH Compiler Options
- Compiling SPL Programs
- Problems Encountered
- Restrictions
- Precompiler
- Testing Your Application
- Execution DiagnosticFacility



Migrating PASCAL Programs

- Source Language and Compiler Considerations
- PASCAL Migration
 Restrictions
- VPlus Migration
 Restrictions

- Setting Up the PASCAL Run-Time System
- Compiling PASCAL Programs
- Problems Encountered
- Precompiler
- Testing Your Application
- Execution Diagnostic Facility



Migrating 4GL Programs

- Source Language and Compiler Considerations
- SPEEDWARE AND POWERHOUSE Migration Restrictions
- Screens Migration
 Restrictions

- Setting Up the SPEEDWARE AND POWERHOUSE Run-Time System
- Compiling SPEEDWARE AND POWERHOUSE Programs
- Problems Encountered
- Database and SQL Differences

Restrictions

- Precompiler
- Testing Your Application
- Execution Diagnostic Facility



Migrating RPG Programs

- Source Language and Compiler
 Considerations
- RPG II Migration Restrictions
- VPlus Migration Restriction
- Setting Up the RPG II Run-Time System

- Compiling RPG II Programs
- Problems Encountered
- Database and SQL
 Differences
- Restrictions
- Precompiler
- Testing Your Application
- Execution Diagnostic Facility



Migrating BASIC And Business BASIC Programs

- Source Language and Compiler
 Considerations
- BASIC AND BUSINESS BASIC Migration Restrictions
- VPLUS Migration
 Restrictions

- Setting Up the BASIC AND BUSINESS BASIC Run-Time System
- Compiling BASIC AND BUSINESS BASIC Programs
- Problems Encountered
- Database and SQL Differences
- Restrictions
- Precompiler
- Testing Your Application
- Execution Diagnostic Facility



Migrating Other Language Programs

- Source
 Language and
 Compiler
 Considerations
- OTHER

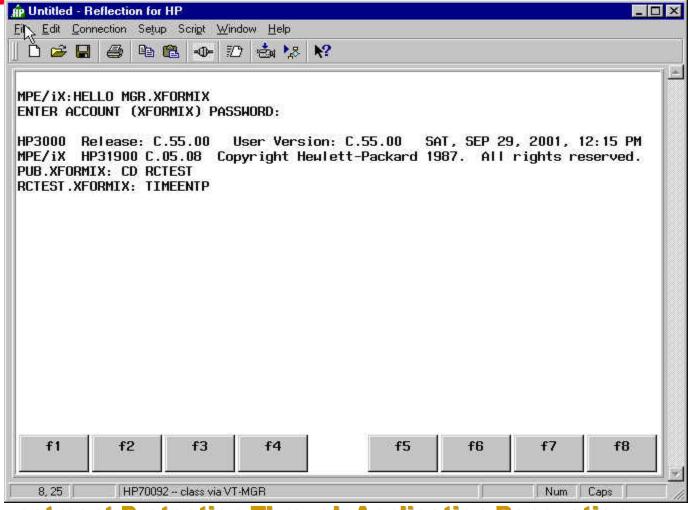
 LANGUAGES
 Migration
 Restrictions

- VPLUSMigrationRestrictions
- TranslationOptions

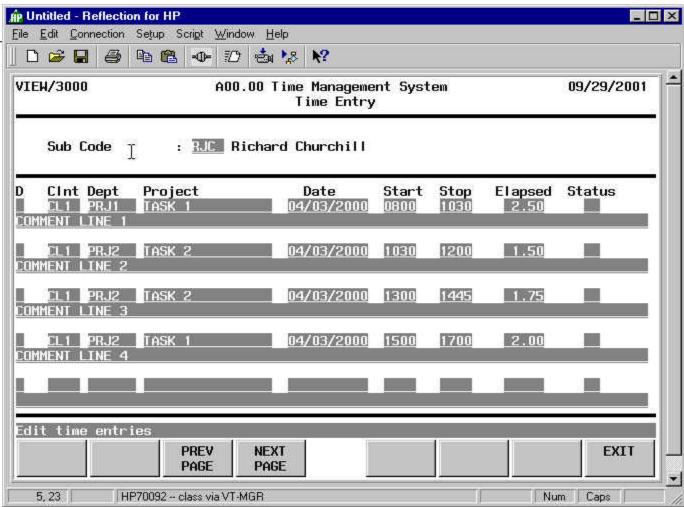


Section II: Example of a Porting and Migration Toolset

Logon MPE and Run Application



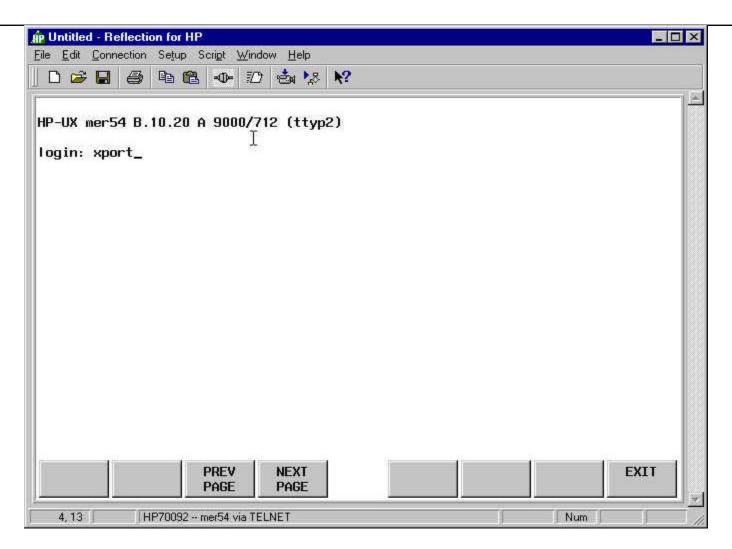
Vplus Form



XFURIVI Run-Time Environmen MPE Applications MPE Shell Unix Applications Commands MPE File IMAGE Misc MPE Vplus System Intrinsics Intrinsics Intrinsics Intrinsics Batchjob Spooler RDBMS D-ISAM UNIX Commands **UNIX Shells** Posix/Unix and Utilities Curses BSD Sockets API's UNIX/Posix Sub-system

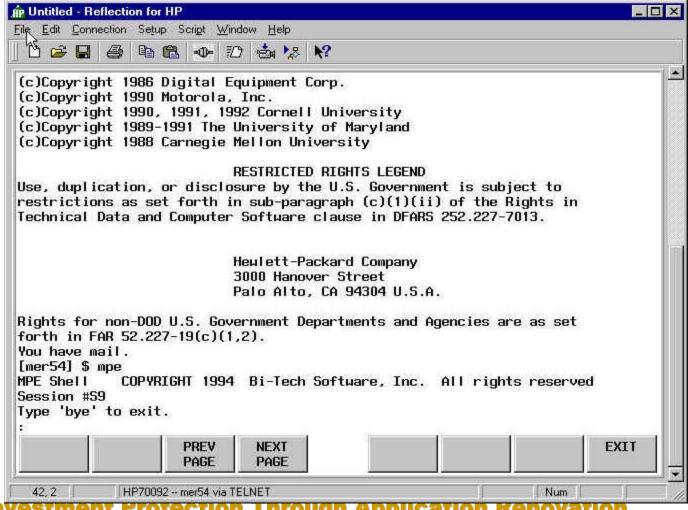
> UNIX Kernal Hardware Abstraction Layer

Unix Login

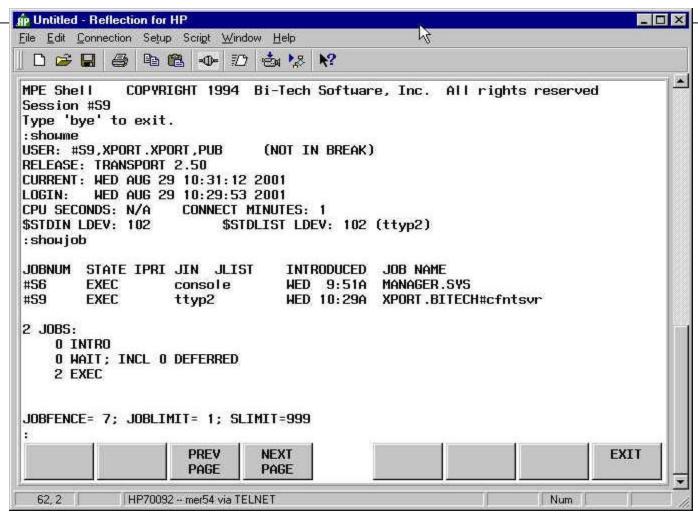


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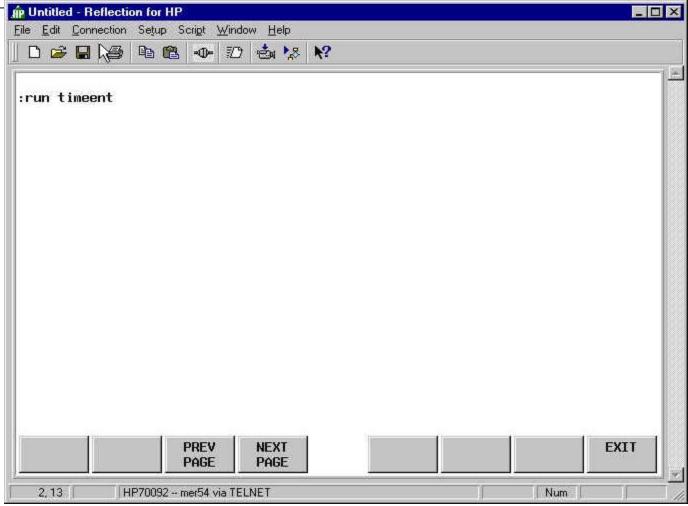
MPE Shell



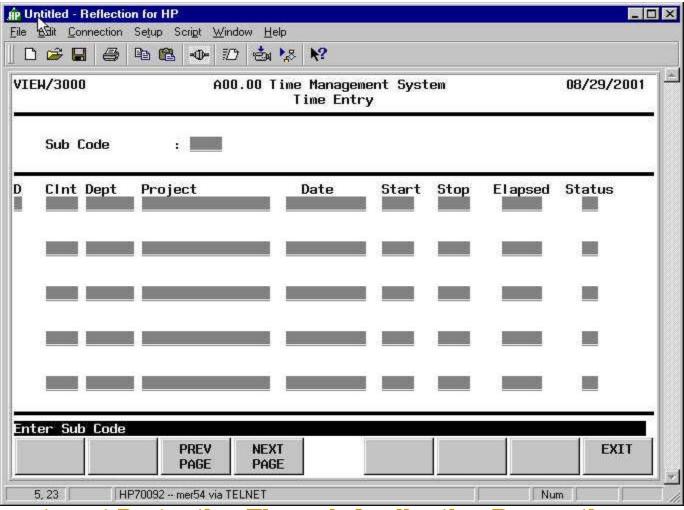
MPE Commands



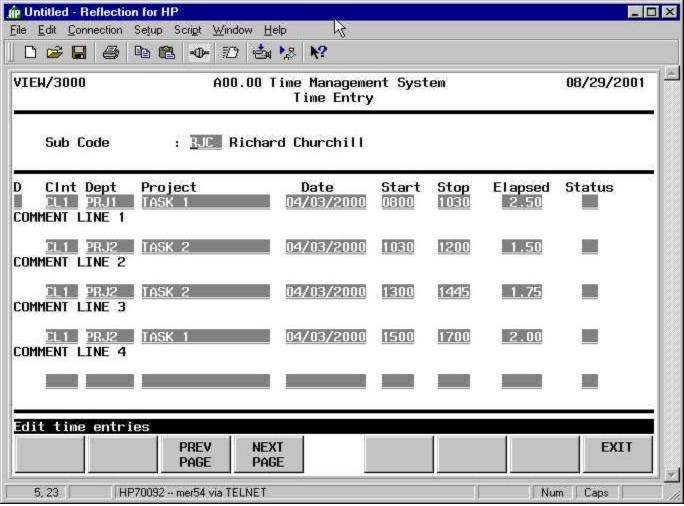
Run Application



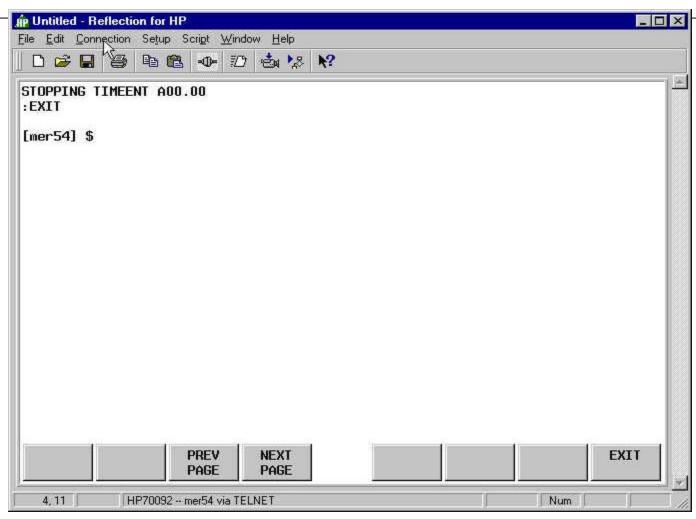
Application First Screen

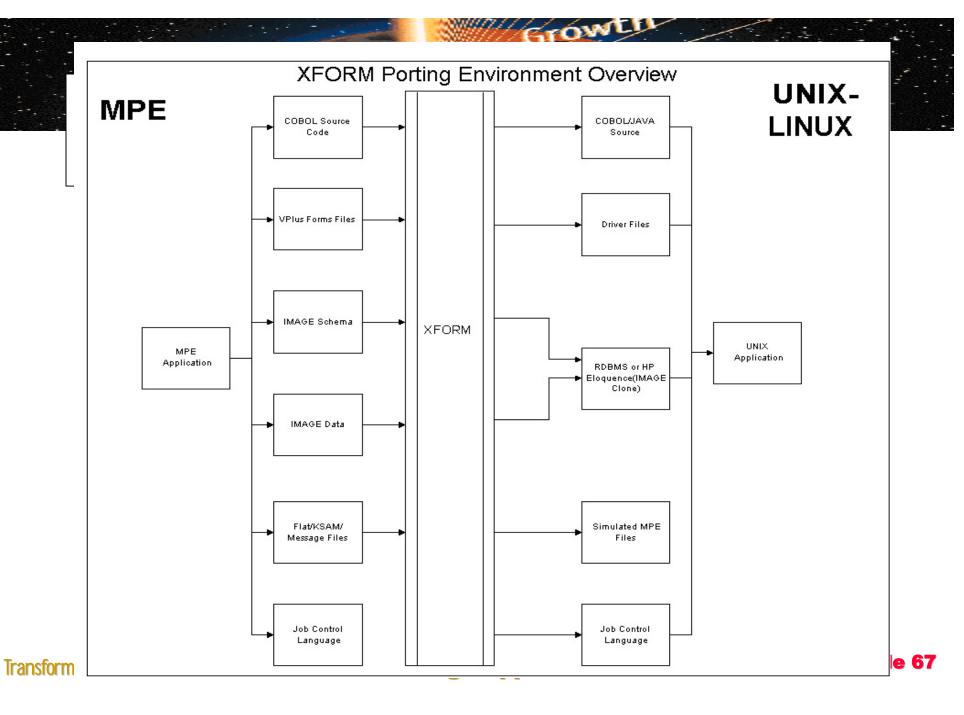


Data Entry



Exit Transport MPE Shell







Porting Process Steps Overview

- Migrate COBOL Copy Libraries
- Migrate COBOL SL/XL programs.
- Migrate COBOL (non SL/XL) programs.
- Migrate VPLUS forms files
- Migrate IMAGE databases.

- Migrate IMAGE data
- Migrate ASCII Flat Files.
- Migrate BINARY Flat Files.
- Migrate ErrorCatalogs.
- Build Message (MSG)
 Files (if required).

"Process" Commands

- Type XCOBOL to convert COBOL
- Type XVIEW to convert VFORM files
- Type XMACRO to expand Macros within Cobol files/libraries



Utilities

- Type XCOPY to copy filesets
- Type XSCAN to scan a fileset for a particular string
- Type XPURGE to purge filesets

HP3000 Transport Support Files

- Used by XCOBOL during the migration process.
 - DONTPORT.README.UNIX names of the programs/files, which are not to be ported.
 - INTRINSI.README.UNIX list of the intrinsics, their status and parameters which are currently supported by Transport.
 - Reserved.README.UNIX the reserved word list which is used during the conversion process to determine the end of parameters etc.



HP3000 Transport Support Files

- · LPNAMES.README.UNIX list of available printer device filenames (mnemonics) that are used in the SELECT statements of the application being migrated.
- Notes.Pub.UNIX -any errors which are encountered during the XCOBOL process are returned to this file.

UNIX Transport Utilities

- Tar used to read/write to tape.
- MPE 'front end' to command intrinsics to allow supported MPE commands.
- Dbutil indicates activity on the Informix database created.



UNIX Transport Utilities

- Makecat convert a migrated MPE file into a catalog.
- Xsql invokes the SQL interface.
- Remlabel send files to other applications outside the Transport environment. It is used to remove file labels from the beginning of a file.



Primary Resource Porting Groups

- Migration of COBOL code, copy libraries and error catalogs
- Migration of IMAGE schemas and data
- Migration of VPLUS forms files
- Migration of supporting flat files



Translation Overall Structure

- Cleansing of MPE source files or data files on HP 3000.
- Transfer of the cleansed files from the MPE to the UNIX environment.
- Recompilation of the migrated code or reformatting and translation of data under the UNIX environment.



COBOL Porting

- Migration of Copy Libraries to UNIX
- Migration of COBOL (non-SL/XL)
 programs to UNIX
- Migration of COBOL SL/XL programs to UNIX



- Migration of IMAGE Schemas to UNIX
- Migration of IMAGE data to UNIX



Migration of Files

- Migration of ASCII Flat Files to UNIX
- Migration of BINARY Flat Files to UNIX
- Migration of Error Catalogs to UNIX
- **OKSAM File Migration**
- Message File Implementation



KSAM File Migration

- Use binary file migration for KSAM FILES
- Migrate index and data as separate files



Message File Implementation

- 'data' does not need to be migrated to UNIX.
- Created from either within the MPE Shell or from the UNIX prompt.
- To create a Message file from within the MPE Shell, enter:
 - BUILD [filename];[file characteristics];MSG



Run-Time Environment Utilities

- **OXPORTRC**
- **OBATCHJOB**
- **OILOCK**
- **OMPESPOOLER**



BATCHJOB

 Transport provides a daemon named 'batchjob' to facilitate background processing in the same manner as MPE.
 The format of the command is:

batchjob [-d] [-c console] [-q] [-l limit] [-g tmpgroup] [-p printcommand] [-f fence]

Berience

MPESPOOLER

Transport provides a daemon named 'mpespooler' to facilitate spooler processing in the same manner as MPE. This daemon should be launched via the 'etc/rc' script



Commands supported by 'mpespooler'

- **SHOWOUT**
- OUTFENCE num[;DEV=device name]
- O STARTSPOOL <device name>
- O STOPSPOOL <device name>
- **O ALTSPOOLFILE**
- **O DELETESPOOLFILE**
- MPELP [-p priority] [-d device name] [-n copies] filename



Section III: Third-Party Porting Tools



Code Restructuring

Using Common Compilers
Using Similar Compilers
Using 4th Generation Languages
Hardware Architecture Migration Issues

- Tools-Based Migration
 Emulation
 Translation (i.e. BASIC to C)
- Professional Migration Services



Introduction

- Run-Time Library and System Services Emulation
- Description of an MPE to HP-UX and NT Porting Toolset
 - The Execution Sub-Environment
 - The User (Operations) Sub-Environment
 - The Development Sub-Environment
 - The Administration Sub-Environment
 - Detailed Description of Porting Tool
 - Requirements and Examples



Run-Time Library and System Services Emulation

Growling

Description of an MPE to HP-UX and NT Porting Toolset

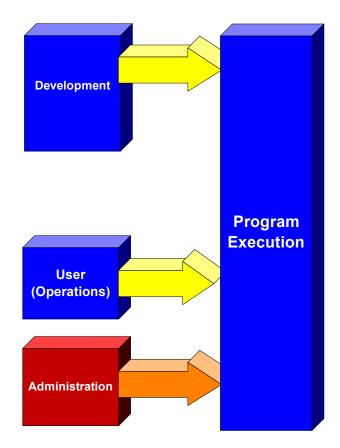
The Execution Sub-Environment
 The User (Operations) Sub-Environment
 The Development Sub-Environment
 The Administration Sub-Environment



Detailed Description of Porting Tool Requirements and Examples



Computing Environment Anatomy





Execution (Runtime) Sub-Environment

User Interface The runtime (screens)

- **♂ VPlus**
- Non-HP Screen Handler
- Direct I/O to Screens
- 🗗 GUI

Data Management

- **MPE Flat Files**
- **™ KSAM**
- **☑** IMAGE Clone
- **SQL Access**

Transaction Management

Operating System Interfaces

- **The File System**
- **System Information**

- InterprocessCommunication
- ProcessSynchronization
- Miscellaneous OS Interfaces



The User (Operations) Sub-Environment

Files and Data

- **Directories**

Commands

- **© Commands**
- **Description** Command Files
- ***DUDC's**
- Jobs and Job Files

Operations Control

- ProductionScheduling
- **Output Spooling**

Utilities

- **♂ Sort/Merge**
- **₫** Editors



The Development Sub-Environment

Editing

3rd GL Compiling

FORTRAN
ANSI/C

4GL Development

Linking Programs



The Administration Sub-Environment

Backup Security



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Transport/RT- 4121 Solutions

Transport/RT - MPE like System Services for UNIX & NT

- Transport MPE like Intrinsic Calls
- MPE Full Device Control
- MPE to UNIX Device & Filename Mapping

Transformix

Transport/ViewEmulator - 4291

Transport/ViewEmulator - MPE like VPlus for UNIX & NT

- Identical programming interface as VPlus
- Identical functionality as Vplus
- •Full HP compatible terminal or terminal emulator required for most apps
- Full HP 3000 forms functionality
- Adaptable to emulate HP VPlus Library functionality
- Full HP 3000 MPE FMS API implementation



Growth Experience Flexability Comfort

Col

Transformix

Transport/Shell- 4191 Solutions

Transport/Shell MPE like shell for UNIX & NT

- User Shell & Application Shells
- · COPY, RENAME, DELETE, BATCH & PRINT etc.
- MPE commands for UNIX and NT
- MPE file spec to UNIX file spec translation
- Integrated RMS, CI interface

Transformix

Transport/JSP Solutions

Transport|JSP - MPE like BATCH & PRINT spooler

- Use of Batchjob batch spooling and job management
- Use of MPE Spool for print spooling

Transformix

Transport/ReFace - 12 50 Judions

Transport/ReFace - VPIus GUI for UNIX & NT

- Identical interface as VPlus
- Identical functionality as VPIus
- Needs HP 3000 style terminal capability list
- Extended keyboard required for most apps
- Client Server ReFace for Windows + Extensions

Step 3 - API's for NT & UNIX

Experience Flexability

Replacement of MPE API's

Transformix

Transport/RMS- 42 Solutions

Transport/RMS - MPE like RMS for UNIX & NT

- RELATIVE RECORD, SEQUENTIAL, KEYED
- Transport/RMS is KSAM Compatibility Available
- No need for file re-organize
- NT, UNIX & MPE record locking compliant
- Uses either IBM/Informix C-ISAM or Bytedesigns D-ISAM
- Separate Index & Data files
- Full MPE RMS return status codes

API's for NT & UNIX

Replacement of MPE API's



Transformix

HP-Eloquence- API Solutions

HP Eloquence - MPE like IMAGE for UNIX & NT

- Identical record access services to TurbolMAGE
- Functionally Compatible with TurbolMAGE
- Balances B+ tree, very fast record access
- No need for file re-organize
- NT, UNIX & MPE record locking compliant
- Remote NT client / server file systems
- Separate Index & Data files
- Full MPE IMAGE return status codes
- ODBC Available
- Different API from TurbolMAGE

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Transport/MPE Extension - בני פני ליני (פני של ביונים ביו

HP Eloquence Add-on for UNIX & NT

- Implements IMAGE API for HP Eloquence
- Needed because to maintain HP Eloquence installed base compatibility
- Not an HP product
- Platform independent

Porting Tools Legacy Softwar



Services

Solutions

Project Management

Assessment

In-house Migration

Complete Migration

Tool Sets for UNIX and NT

Transport/RT MPE like System Services

Transport/RMS **MPE like RMS**

Transport/CL **MPE like Commands (CL)**

Transport/ViewEmulator**VPlus replacement**

Transport/ReFace **GUI VPIus**

HP-Eloquence **TurbolMAGE Clone**

Transport/ODBC ODBC for Eloquence

Transport/DB IMAGE to RDBMS

Transport/COBOL

Transport/BASIC

MPE BASIC Compiler &

Convert HP 3000 COBOL to

Transport/FPT

Convert HP 3000 FORTRAN to

ANSI

ANSI

Transport/Cpp Convert HP 3000 to ANSI C

Transport/ViewEmulator **VPIus to NT Client**

Fditor Oedit Robelle Qedit

Job Management **Batchjob**

Slide 105

Transformix - Investment Protection Through Approduction RMRESpersin

The Process

Growth
Experience
Flexability
Comfort

Planning

The Process



Legacy Software

Assessment

Project Size and Scope

Planning

Measurable and Tangible Milestones

Porting

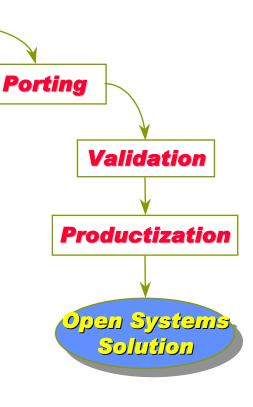
A Working System

Validation

Testing

Productization

Open Systems Solution





Strategy Recommendation



Most Desirable Path To Rehost MPE Applications

Migrate to target computer with minimal changes

Legacy Softwar

Get system operational as soon as possible

Postpone User Interface changes until system is on target platform

Postpone file system and IMAGE/RDBMS changes until system has been ported

Reduce migration complexity

Slide 108



Conclusions

Rehosting is practical if done in small steps

Tools are available to help you port applications to UNIX or NT with few changes use them

The most difficult aspects of migrations are testing and project management be realistic about those tasks and hire help if you need it