Operating in a SAN Environment

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Agenda

- Introduction
- What did we do?
- What was the configuration?
- How is it all wired up?
- XP Volume Mapping?
- What was the initial deployment like?
- Did we improve backups?
- How do our upgrades work now?
- Yeah, but can I pay for it?
- What really happened?
- The Future



Introduction

- We needed to replace an aging technology (E, G, H, K Class servers) 400+ HP, 120 Sun, 75 NT
 - Servers all standalone, internal disk
 - Failure rates increasing on internal parts
 - Maintenance costs rising
 - Needed to support Oracle, Sybase, flat files
- Needed to improve backup capabilities
 - Each server was connected to a separate unsecured LAN
 - Backup speed limited to speed of the network (100MB)
- Needed to speed up upgrade process
 - Used swing servers to migrate to new releases due to uptime requirement
 - Very people intensive, manual
- Needed faster platform for new technology
 - Products required more RAM, faster processors and disk



What did we do?

- Replaced the infrastructure with newer HP, SUN, and NT systems
- SAN Fiber Channel, Brocade switches
- XP disk technology
- No internal disk to the server
- HP Ignite
- Limited Network Connectivity
- POD(SAN) of 80-100 Servers



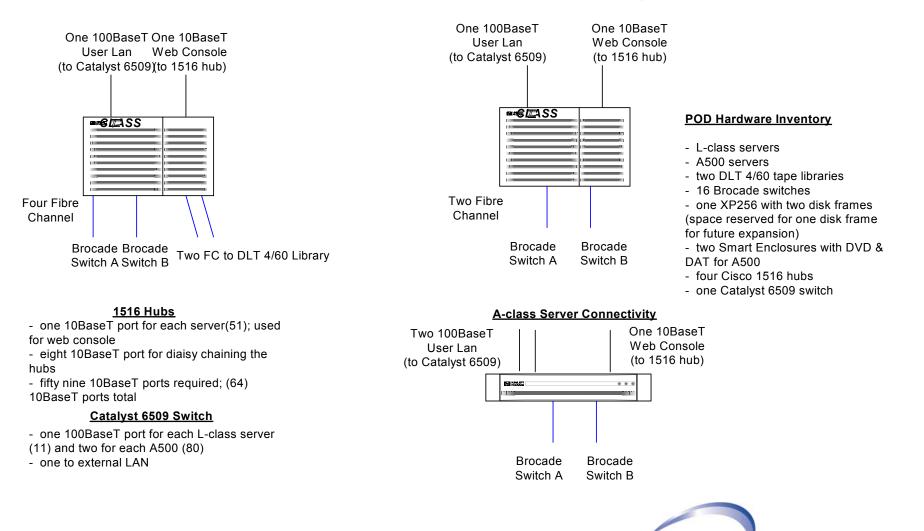
What was our configuration?

Backup Server Connectivity (L2000)

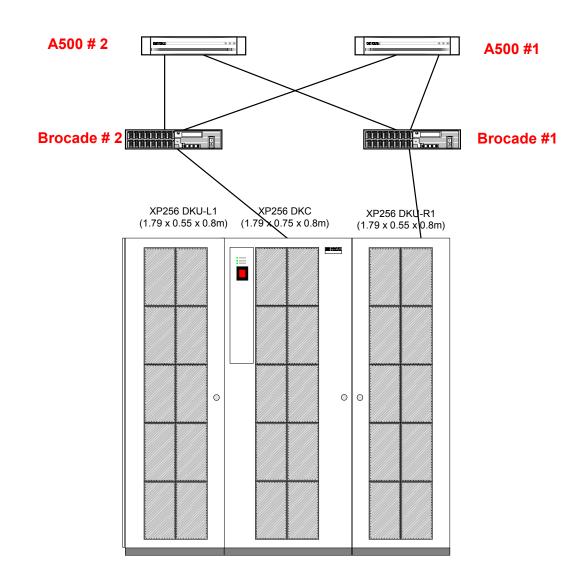
L-class Server Connectivity

HP

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How is it all wired up?



Switch #	Switch Port	Server # or XP
FSW_1	0	Rack 1, server 1 PROD
FSW_1	1	Rack 1, server 2 PROD
FSW_1	2	Rack 1, server 3 PROD
FSW_1	3	Rack 1, server 4 PROD
FSW_1	4	Rack 1, server 5 PROD
FSW_1	5	Rack 1, server 6 PROD
FSW_1	6	Rack 1, server 7 PROD
FSW_1	7	Rack 9, server 8 STBY
FSW_1	8	Rack 9, server 9 STBY
FSW_1	9	Rack 9, server 9 STBY
FSW_1	10	Rack 9, server 10 STBY
FSW_1	11	Rack 9, server 11 STBY
FSW_1	12	Rack 9, server 12 STBY
FSW_1	13	Rack 9, server 13 STBY
FSW_1	14	
FSW_1	15	to XP port 1A
Switch #	Switch Port	Server # or XP
Switch # FSW_2	Switch Port	Server # or XP Rack 9, server 8 STBY
FSW_2	0	Rack 9, server 8 STBY
FSW_2 FSW_2	0 1	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY
FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2	0 1 2	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY
FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2	0 1 2 3	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY
FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2	0 1 2 3 4	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY Rack 9, server 11 STBY
FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2	0 1 2 3 4 5	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY Rack 9, server 11 STBY Rack 9, server 12 STBY
FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2	0 1 2 3 4 5 6	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY Rack 9, server 11 STBY Rack 9, server 12 STBY Rack 9, server 13 STBY
FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY Rack 9, server 11 STBY Rack 9, server 12 STBY Rack 9, server 13 STBY Rack 1, server 1 STBY
FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY Rack 9, server 11 STBY Rack 9, server 12 STBY Rack 9, server 13 STBY Rack 1, server 1 STBY
FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2 FSW_2	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY Rack 9, server 11 STBY Rack 9, server 12 STBY Rack 9, server 13 STBY Rack 1, server 2 STBY Rack 1, server 3 STBY
FSW_2	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY Rack 9, server 12 STBY Rack 9, server 13 STBY Rack 1, server 1 STBY Rack 1, server 3 STBY Rack 1, server 3 STBY
FSW_2	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY Rack 9, server 11 STBY Rack 9, server 12 STBY Rack 9, server 13 STBY Rack 1, server 1 STBY Rack 1, server 2 STBY Rack 1, server 3 STBY Rack 1, server 4 STBY
FSW_2 FSW_2	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12	Rack 9, server 8 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 9 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY Rack 9, server 10 STBY Rack 9, server 12 STBY Rack 9, server 13 STBY Rack 1, server 1 STBY Rack 1, server 2 STBY Rack 1, server 3 STBY Rack 1, server 4 STBY Rack 1, server 5 STBY Rack 1, server 6 STBY

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XP Volume Mapping

- Volumes dedicated for backup and upgrades.
- In addition to normal RAID capability
- Spread sheet for assigning volumes
- Multiple logical volumes on one physical volume
- Open 9*1 and Open 9*2 (7.2 GB and 14.4 GB effective)



What has the initial deployment been like?

- Hardware has been very stable, very few ELF (early life failures) problems.
 - In 18 months 21 service calls, 12 on A500s, 4 on the L Classes, 5 on the XP256
 - Majority in the first 4 months
 - This on (3) XP systems, 48 Brocades, 163 A500s, 63 L Class, 22 N Class
- Mircocode / Software levels required:
 - HP Server
 - HP 11.x (March 2000)
 - Fiber Channel PHKL-207 or newer for the Taclite card
 - HP Ignite
 - Brocade
 - XP256/512
- Fan out rate: 7 to 1
 - FAN out number of servers using(sharing) a single interface into the array
- Configuration management using EXCEL spread sheets



Did we improve backups?

- Decreased length of backups (less time)
 - 57% decrease in the time it took
 - Nightly backups cut in half
 - Fulls once a week, partials every night
- Increased the amount of data to be backed up (more data)
 - 2 times the amount of data (1.1 TB to 2.3 TB)
- Automated scripting with OMNIBack 3.5/4.0 (less people)
 - Scripts halt DBs and Applications
- Increased the retention (keep it all longer)
- Business Copy feature rather than network backups



How do our upgrades work?

- Application or OS changes:
 - Business Copy taken
 - > Associate Business Copy Volume to system being upgraded
 - > Copy made
 - Associate Copy to Admin server
 - > Apply OS upgrade, Application upgrade, etc
 - Re-associate to the original server
 - Reverse Business Copy
 - No movement of servers or LAN connections
 - One person can do it all!
 - If not ok , reboot back to the original volume



How do our upgrades work?

•XP Changes:

- -Hardware redundant and hot swapable
- -Microcode upgraded on the fly



How do our upgrades work?

•Brocade Changes:

-Hardware redundant

-Each can be taken off line and reloaded

– Dual pathing to and from each server in the POD.

– 30 second delay as the OS sees the lost link and reacquires through the alternate path



Yeah, but can I pay for it?

- Things to consider: (see spreadsheet)
 - Cost of the hardware
 - > Cost / GB with internal vs Cost / GB with external
 - > Cost of old backup system vs new, can you reuse the tape subsystems
 - Technician's time
 - > Can they do more work per person in the new environment?
 - > Can they manage more servers in the POD rather than individual standalone servers
 - Upgrade costs
 - > Can you upgrade more servers with less technicians in less time in the new environment?
 - > Cost avoidances by giving a single person more to do
 - Technology costs
 - > Can you even run the software on the old platform?
 - > Support being dropped from the vendor?



What really happened? (the good, the bad and the ugly)

- Hardware very reliable
- Less footprint
- Load balancing with Autopath (or Powerpath from EMC)
- Fail over capability very important
- Upgrading less cumbersome and much faster
- Cable management
- Heat dispensation
- Software support for configuration management



The Future

- Tested other vendors
- Integration of products (within vendors)
- Integration of vendors (between vendors)
- Network Concentration (LAN port bottlenecks)
- OVSAM
- Latest ECC

