



# Locking Up Your Storage Network **Making SANs Secure**

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**BROCADE**

The intelligent platform for networking storage

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# Agenda

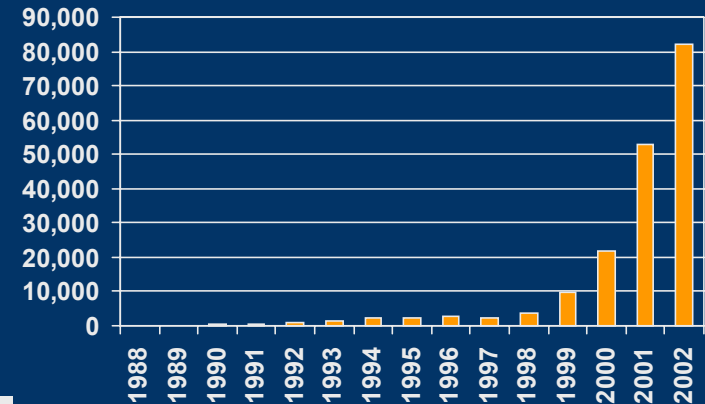
- Security market and challenges
- SAN security vulnerabilities and threats
- SAN security scenarios
- Fabric based security
- Security appliances
- More information



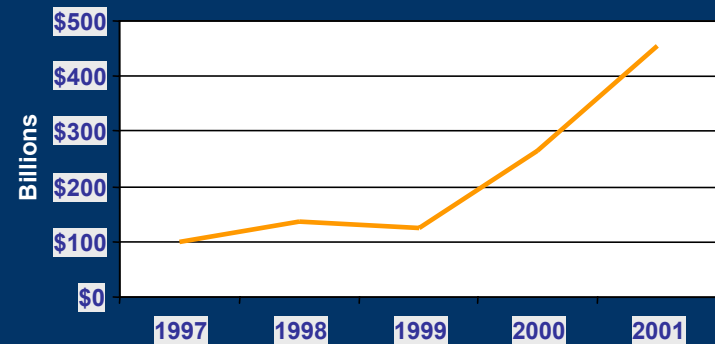
# SAN and General Security Landscape

- **Storage Security became an essential aspect of customers' deployment strategies** (*Yankee Group, 2002*)
- **Security Threats are Growing in Numbers and Sophistication**  
(Source: [www.cert.org/stats/cert\\_stats.html](http://www.cert.org/stats/cert_stats.html))
  - 2000 incidents = 21,756
  - 2001 incidents = 52,658
  - 2002 incidents = 82,094
- **Eighty percent of all network security managers claim their biggest security threat comes from their own employees.** (*Source Gartner, May 2002*)
- **The financial impact of security breaches has escalated dramatically**  
(Source: *PWC\ASIS\U.S. Chamber of Commerce, 2002*)
  - Estimated losses totaled \$59 billion in 2001
  - Average cost per incident was \$404,000
  - Greatest impacts were increased legal fees, company embarrassment, loss of revenue and competitive advantage.

Computer Security Incidents



Financial Impact of Security Breaches



Source: 1Q 2002 CSI/FBI  
Computer Crime and Security Survey



# 2003 Storage Market Survey

Theme: Flexibility, Data protection, and Cost control

Cost	71%
Reliability	61%
Compatibility with existing systems	54%
<b><i>Security</i></b>	<b>54%</b>
Maintenance	51%
Scalability	41%
Interoperability	41%
Other projects have higher priority	20%
Recruiting talented employees to manage technology	19%
Integration of products from multiple vendors	17%

**Source:** InfoWorld 2003 Storage Survey

# Why Secure SANs?

- Security is a fundamental requirement for enterprise SANs, just like any other network
  - Many entry points into the SAN (users, devices, apps)
  - SANs interconnected over WANs / MANs (DWDM, SONET, IP etc.,)
  - SAN management applications
- SANs require change management controls (configuration integrity) to prevent, disruption, network downtime, and improve availability
- New regulations
  - HIPAA (healthcare)
    - Health Insurance Portability & Accountability Act of 1996 (August 21), Public Law 104-191Act.
  - Financial Modernization Act (Graham-Leach-Bliley Act)
  - California SB 1386 (privacy)
- Multi-tenant environments have new security requirements
  - Security enables sharing of SAN resources among multiple customers securely
  - Reduces multi-tenant network infrastructure costs and enables economies of scale



# Types of Threats

## (ANSI T11.3 FC-SP & IETF IPstorage)

Person

Location

Kind

Insider  
Outsider

- Wire
- SAN appliances:
  - Server
  - Media
  - Switch

• Management application

• LAN/MAN/WAN,  
wireless

WAN, wireless

Compromising

Modification

Denial of service

Destruction

Intended Copy

Unintended Copy

data  
in the SAN

data  
leaving the SAN  
over MAN/WAN,  
wireless



# Level of Threats against SANs (ANSI T11.3 FC-SP)

- T11.3 Security Working Group has identified 17 threats
- Classification of possibility of appearance: High (1) , medium (15) , low (1)

\*\*\* High: Use of management applications  
(Local, MAN/WAN, & wireless)

\*\* Medium: Use of server, switch and direct  
access to media

\* Low: Direct access to the wire

## Persons

Insider & Outsider  
(intentional or unintentional)

Insider and  
Outsider

Insider  
(intentional or unintentional)

