

Quantifying the Value Proposition of Blade Systems

2194

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Common Questions?

what are the benefits of blades?

Why do customers buy blades?

What's the value proposition?

Blades vs. standard rack mounted servers? When should I buy one vs. the other?

Agenda

- What are blade systems?
- Why are they being adopted
- Comparing blades to rack-mounted servers
 - (Space, power, cabling, management, etc.)
- Sample Comparisons – blade systems vs. rack-mounted server systems
 - Acquisition costs
 - TCO & ROI – using a customer tailorable model
- Summary

Blade Applications at HPworld?

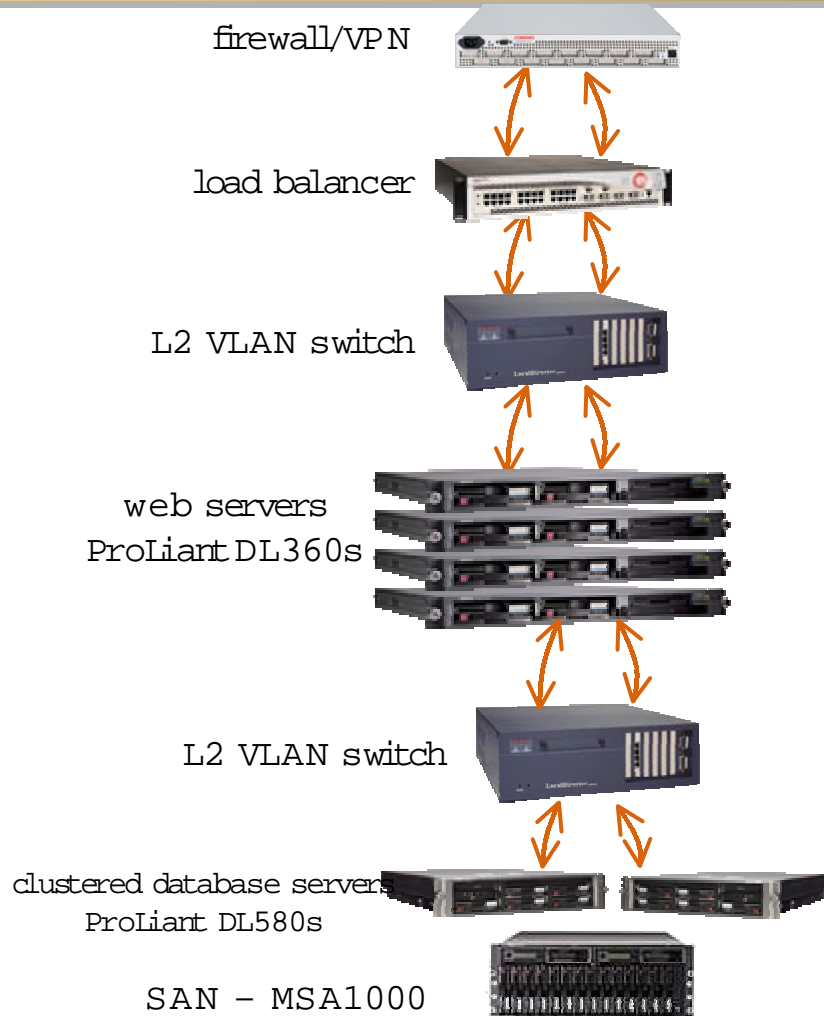
- In the HP exhibit area:
 - Microsoft web hosting & automated provisioning using Windows 2003
 - Lotus Notes
 - Sendmail
- In the F5 Networks exhibit area
 - F5 Big-IP Blade Controller software
- In the Microsoft exhibit area:
 - Provisioning blades with Windows tools
- Other sessions & workshops:
 - Quantifying the Value of Blade Systems – 2194
 - Common Blade Solutions for the Adaptive Enterprise - 2195
 - Future Blade System Architectures (NDA) – 2371
 - ProLiant Clusters: deploying Blade Clusters – 2187
 - *Workshop*: Implementing Blade Clusters with MSA1000 – 2274
 - *Workshop*: Blades 101 – HP Blade server planning & deployment - 2275

Customer needs drive a new server architecture...

- Rapid serviceability and continuous uptime
 - rapid deployment and redeployment tools
 - hardware and software
- Centralized management
 - servers, networking, storage, and applications
 - Centrally manage your data center 1 blade or '000s ... anywhere...anytime
- Improve efficiency in datacenter management
 - Move to '000s of devices managed by each administrator
 - Improve server utilization
- **Flexibility & adaptability**
 - Dynamic resource allocation



Blade systems: integration of servers, network, and storage

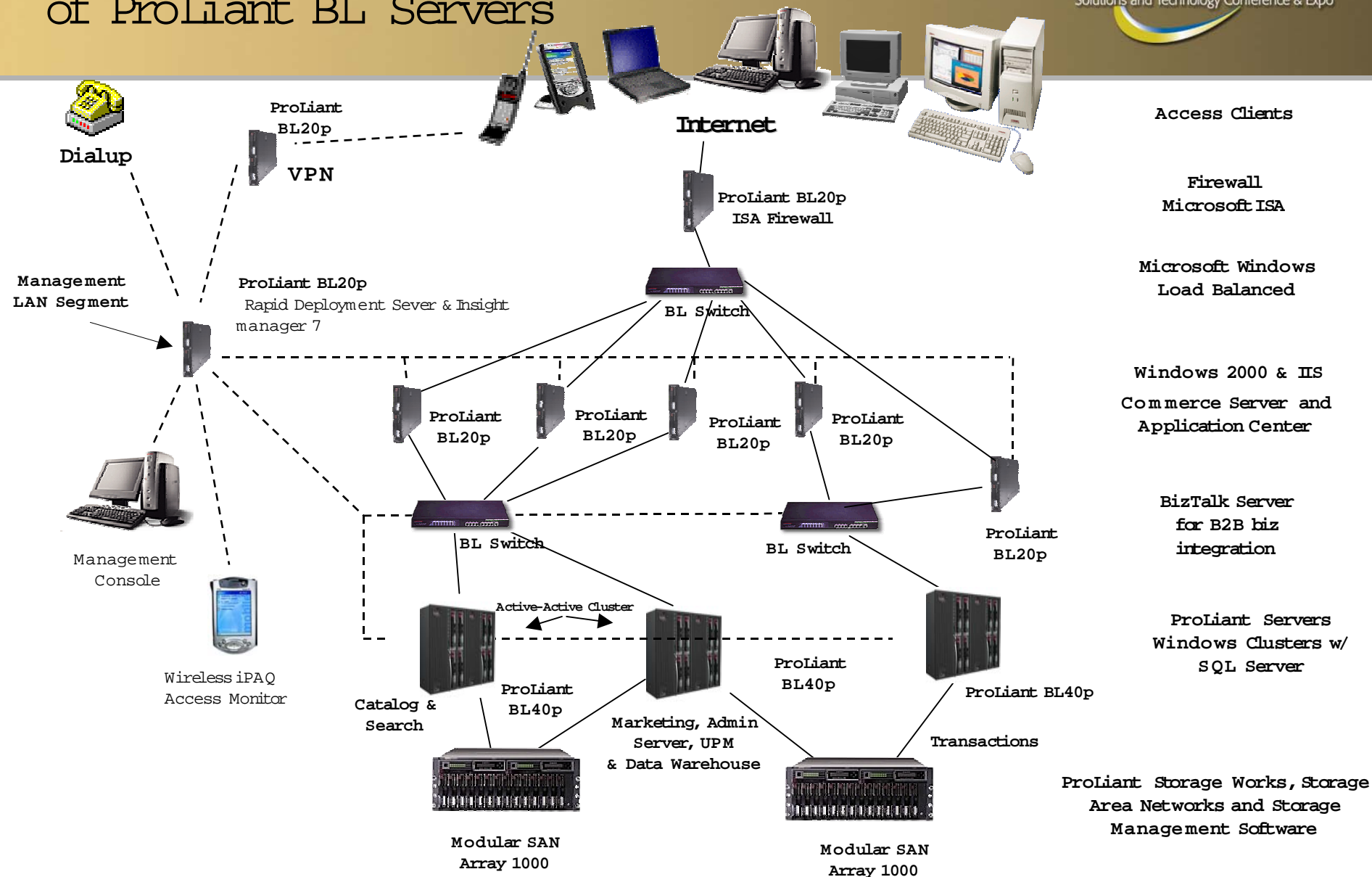


rack-mounted server architecture



blade system architecture

E-Commerce Storefront Example Application of ProLiant BL Servers



TCO impacts across the lifecycle

| Lifecycle stage | TCO impact of blades |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Acquisition | Pay as you go – adding additional blades is less expensive than adding additional rack mounted servers; upgrade and replacement blades are also less costly |
| Planning | Blades require upfront planning, but pay off quickly in terms of savings for installing and managing new and redeployed blades |
| Deployment and provisioning | Hardware deployment is simple – plug blades into enclosure; Software deployment can be automated, image or script-based |
| Maintenance | Fewer service errors due to more streamlined modular architecture; Higher availability due to fewer components per server (i.e. power) |
| Upgrades and replacements | With software provisioning tools, upgrades and replacements are simply plug and play (no re-cabling) |
| Re-provisioning | Re-provisioning is a drag-and-drop event – this saves time and resources while maximizing hardware utilization |

Blades promote standardization of hardware/software building blocks to lower TCO throughout lifecycle

What are the benefits?

- Saving datacenter space & power
- Lower connectivity costs & simplified cabling
- Fewer spare parts
- Save time in installation, upgrades, and maintenance
- Higher system availability
- Improve datacenter efficiency
 - Remote access for centralized management
 - Automated deployment & provisioning

Space?

■ Saving datacenter space__14% to 24%

- Cost per sq. ft of datacenter space - \$1000 - \$5000+ per year
- Practical number of servers per rack.:

| | |
|-------------|------------------|
| Blades | 48 |
| R-M servers | 30 with switches |

■ Range of datacenter costs:

| | |
|---------|-------------------|
| NYC | \$5000 per sq.ft. |
| Houston | \$1000 per sq.ft. |

Power?

■ ProLiant Power Calculators

- Calculates wattage and BTUs for various ProLiant servers
- <http://h18001.www1.hp.com/partners/microsoft/utilities/power.html>

■ Example:

- 8 DL360
- 8 BL20p G2

| | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| 8 DL360s | 326w per server |
| 8 BL20p & enclosure | 307w per blade |

- Model also calculates the cost savings in handling the BTUs saved

Cabling & Network connectivity costs?

Lower connectivity costs & simplified cabling

- Up to 25% of system admin's time is spent in cable management & cable failures are a prime cause of downtime – Giga Group
- Blade systems are wired once, and re-configured via VLAN software configuration tools
- Network Connectivity costs:

| | | |
|------------------|---|---|
| 10-100 downlinks | 8 R-M servers | 8 ProLiant BL Blades |
| | 16-32 downlinks cables | 2-4 uplink cables |
| GbE downlinks | \$40-\$150 Copper \$65-\$385 Fiber per port | \$80 per switch port Copper or Fiber |
| | \$180-\$1060 per switch port | \$281 per switch port |

Fewer parts?

Fewer spare parts; simpler daily management

- Blades have fewer options – memory & disks
- Blade architectures are designed for shared storage; i.e., all user changeable data should be on NAS & SANs
- Blade servers run OS & applications only.... facilitates standard server builds/images
- Back-ups are needed for NAS & SANs
- Blade disks are managed by software deployment tools, such as RDP..... Benefits: fewer errors in OS, patch, and application maintenance

Installation & changes?

Save time in installation, upgrades, and maintenance

- Rack & wire once! Re-configure with software tools
- Move from days to minutes to add and re-configure servers, network ports, cables, and disk capacity
- Blade systems are a catalyst to improving datacenter ratios (devices managed per administrator)

Datacenter efficiency?

Blade systems are a catalyst to improving datacenter ratios
(devices managed per administrator)

- Reduce the need to touch every device in the datacenter
- Adopt new management tools (configuration, software deployment, automated provisioning, etc.)
- Centralize the management of multiple data centers
- Merge separate management domains (servers, network, storage)

| | | |
|----------------------|---|---------------|
| Today 900 devices | 15 to 1 | \$6M per year |
| Tomorrow | 30+ to 1 100 to 1* -some ISPs are at this ratio | \$3M per year |

Availability?

Higher system availability

- Blades are fully redundant
 - Dual VLAN switches per blade enclosure
 - Redundant & shared power systems across all blades in a rack
 - Redundant backplane data paths (Ethernet & FC SAN)
 - Redundant local disks (RAID 1)
 - Redundant fans
 - Rip & replace server maintenance (via enclosure slot & via software deployment tools, like RDP)

TCO Model

Spreadsheet model available from
your HP representative



Blade TCO Tool

The BL20p TCO tool is a spreadsheet based model that creates a 3 year TCO (based on an NPV) for 2P blade servers and a comparative value for 1U rack mounted servers (example: DL360).

The tool uses customer specific data (labor rates, pricing, power costs, etc) combined with rack configuration rules to create a specific answer for each customer. A key benefit of the tool is it's ability to create "what if" scenarios to aid in the decision making process.

The tool is revised monthly as variables change and as additional functionality is added.

■ Available from your HP sales representative

Quantifying the Value Proposition

Two modes:

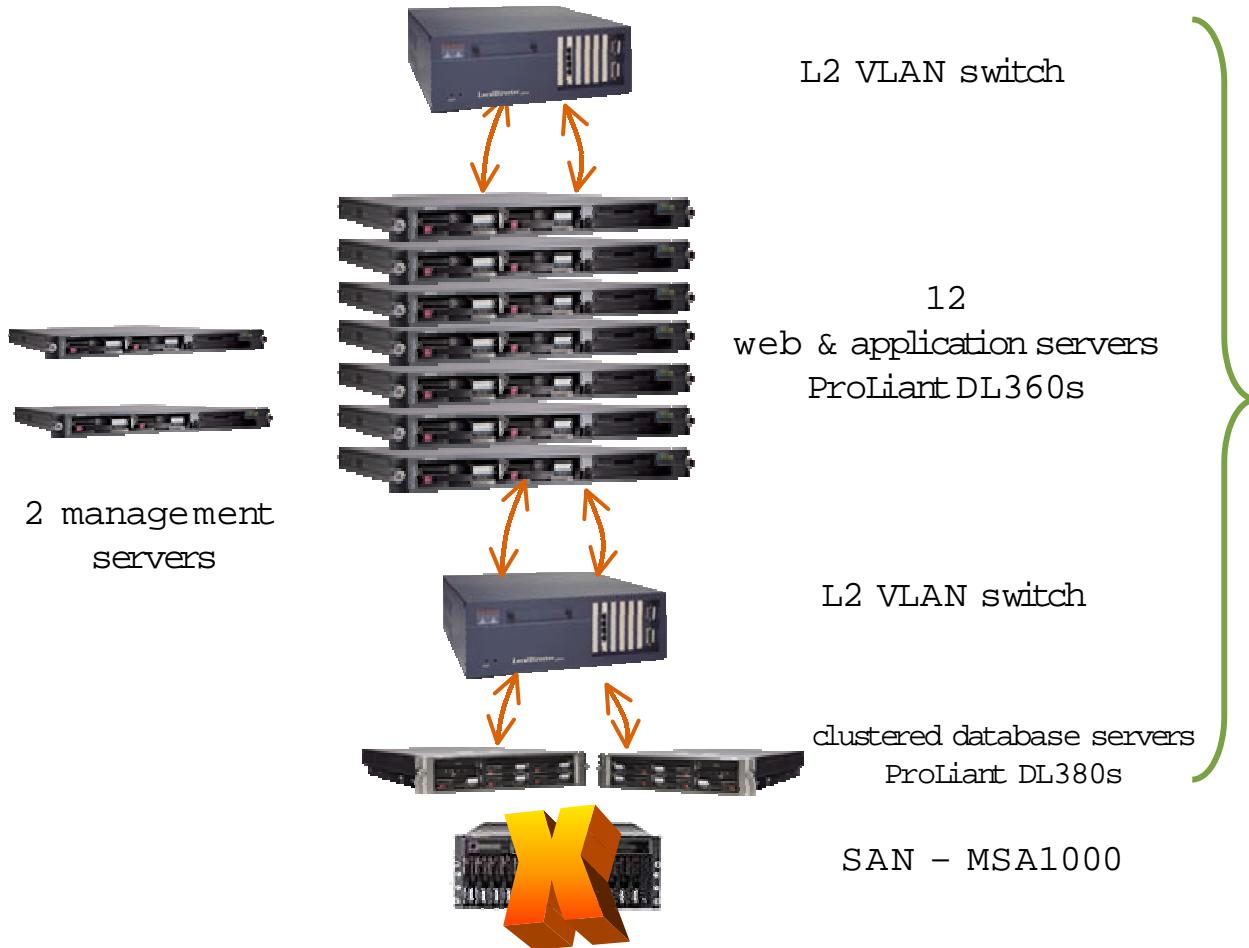
- Acquisition costs
 - Cost of hardware only
- Total Costs of Ownership (NPV)
 - Hard costs: acquisition, space, & power
 - Soft costs: labor savings, efficiency gained, maintenance & upgrades, etc.

Switch view to the model

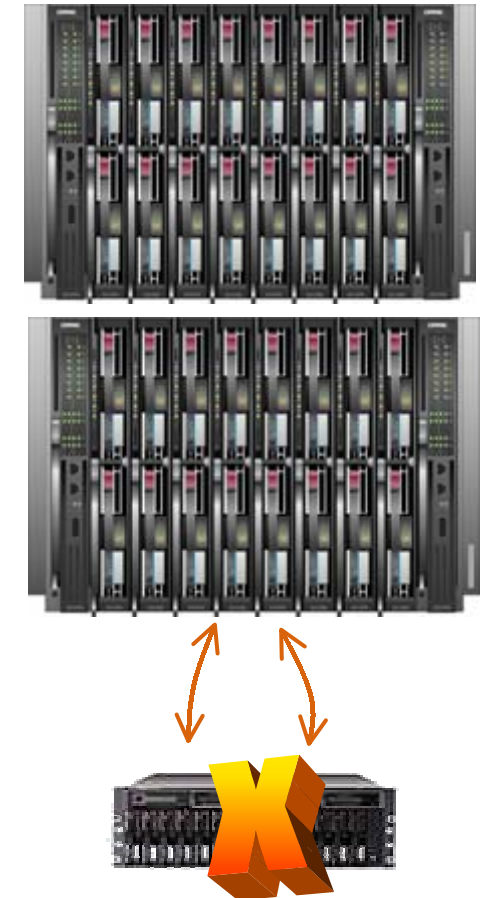
During today's presentation, we'll run these model comparisons:

1. 100 servers with SAN connectivity
2. 100 servers without SAN connectivity
3. Let the audience choose a scenario!

Examples – 16-100 2p servers, 4 switches, & SAN



rack-mounted server architecture



blade system architecture

Blade TCO Model

100 server comparison
With SAN

(Switch screen to Spreadsheet model)



Blade TCO Model

100 server comparison
without SAN

(Switch screen to Spreadsheet model)



Summary

- Looking only at Acquisition costs:
 - Blades are less costly at 5 or more Servers (with SAN connectivity)
 - Blades are less costly at 22 or more Servers (without SAN connectivity)

- Looking at TCO Comparisons:
 - Blades are an excellent driver of improved datacenter management productivity!
 - Blades should become your organization's catalyst for "improving datacenter efficiency"!



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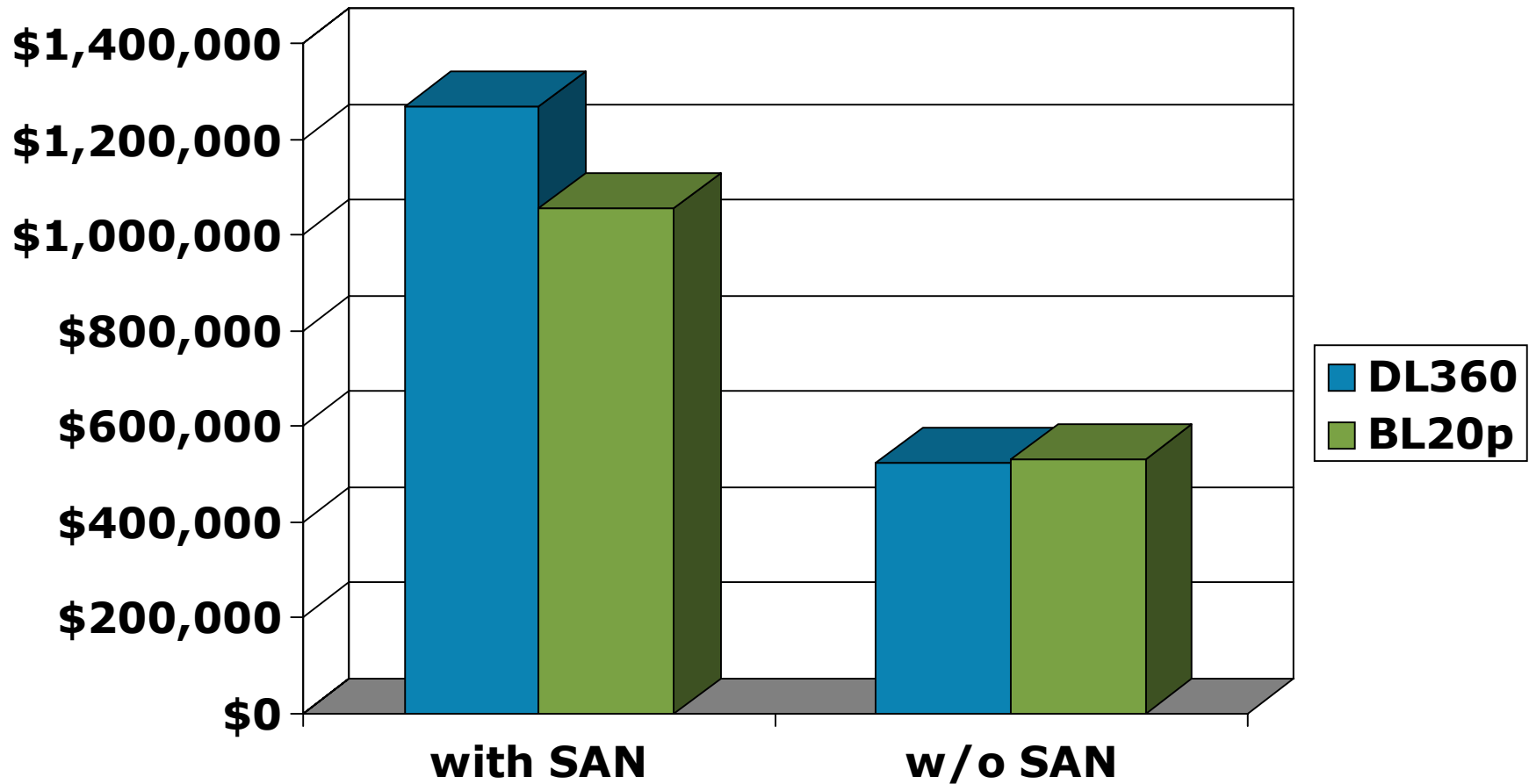


Back up Slides

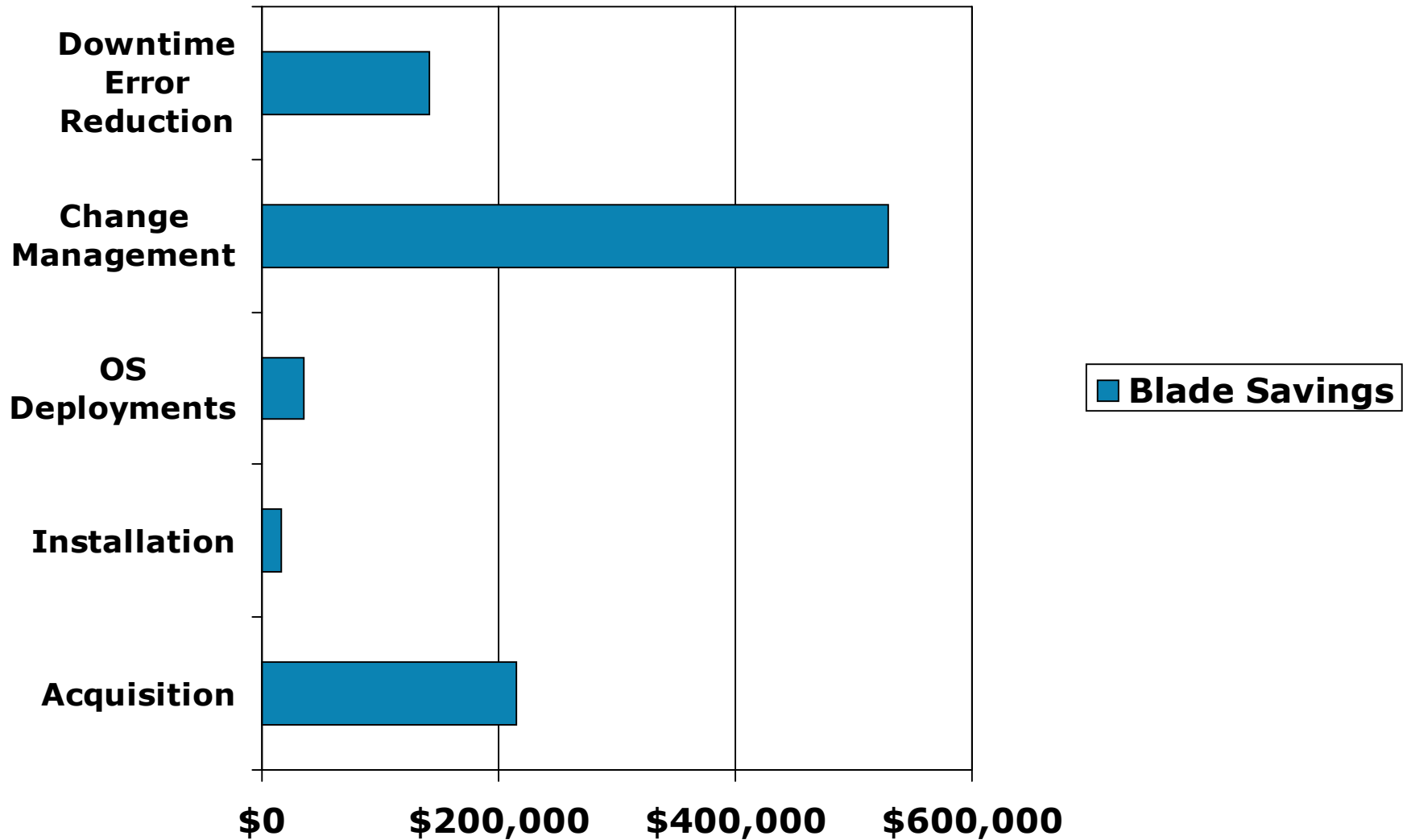


Acquisition Cost Comparisons

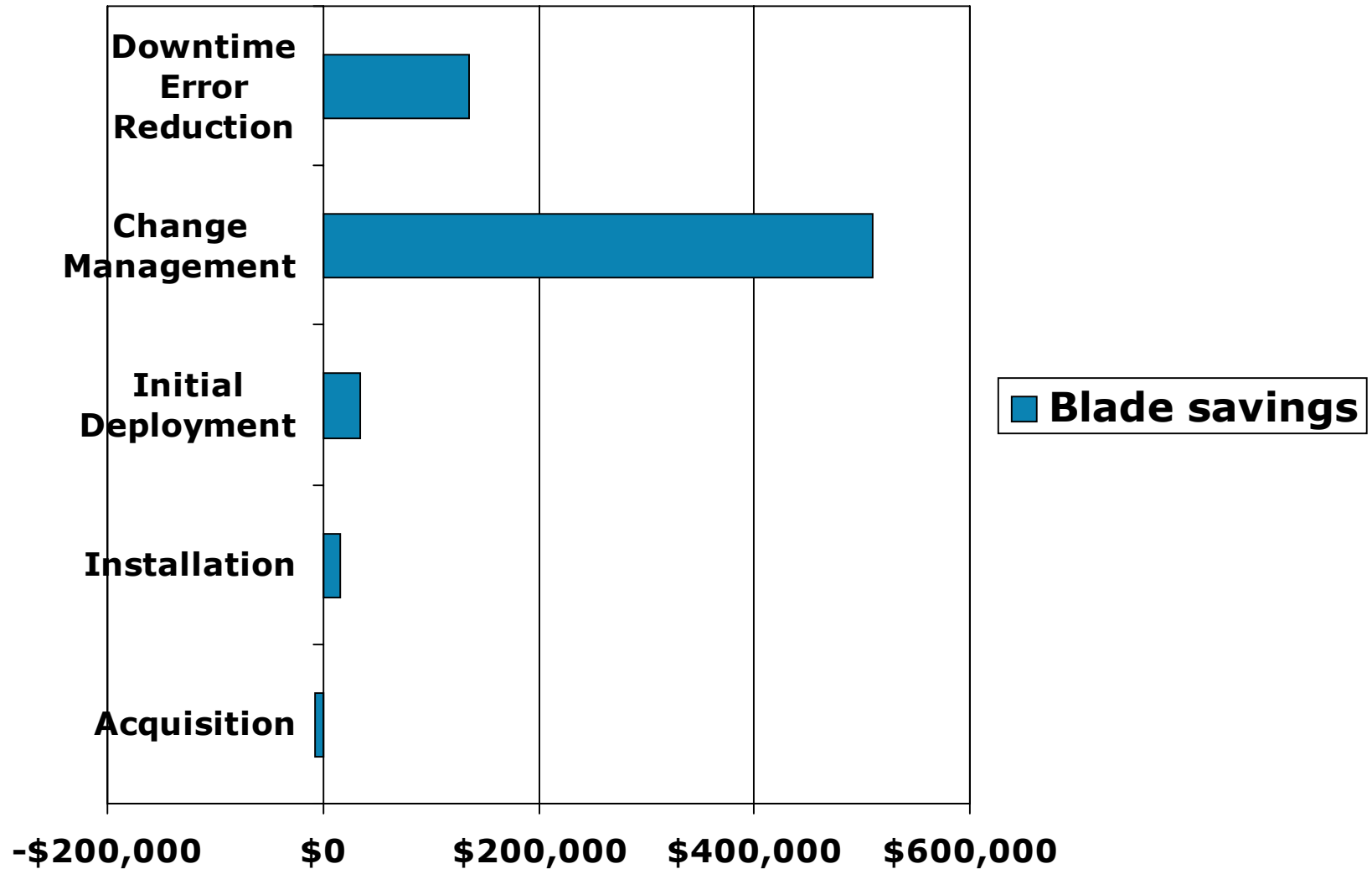
– 100 Nodes



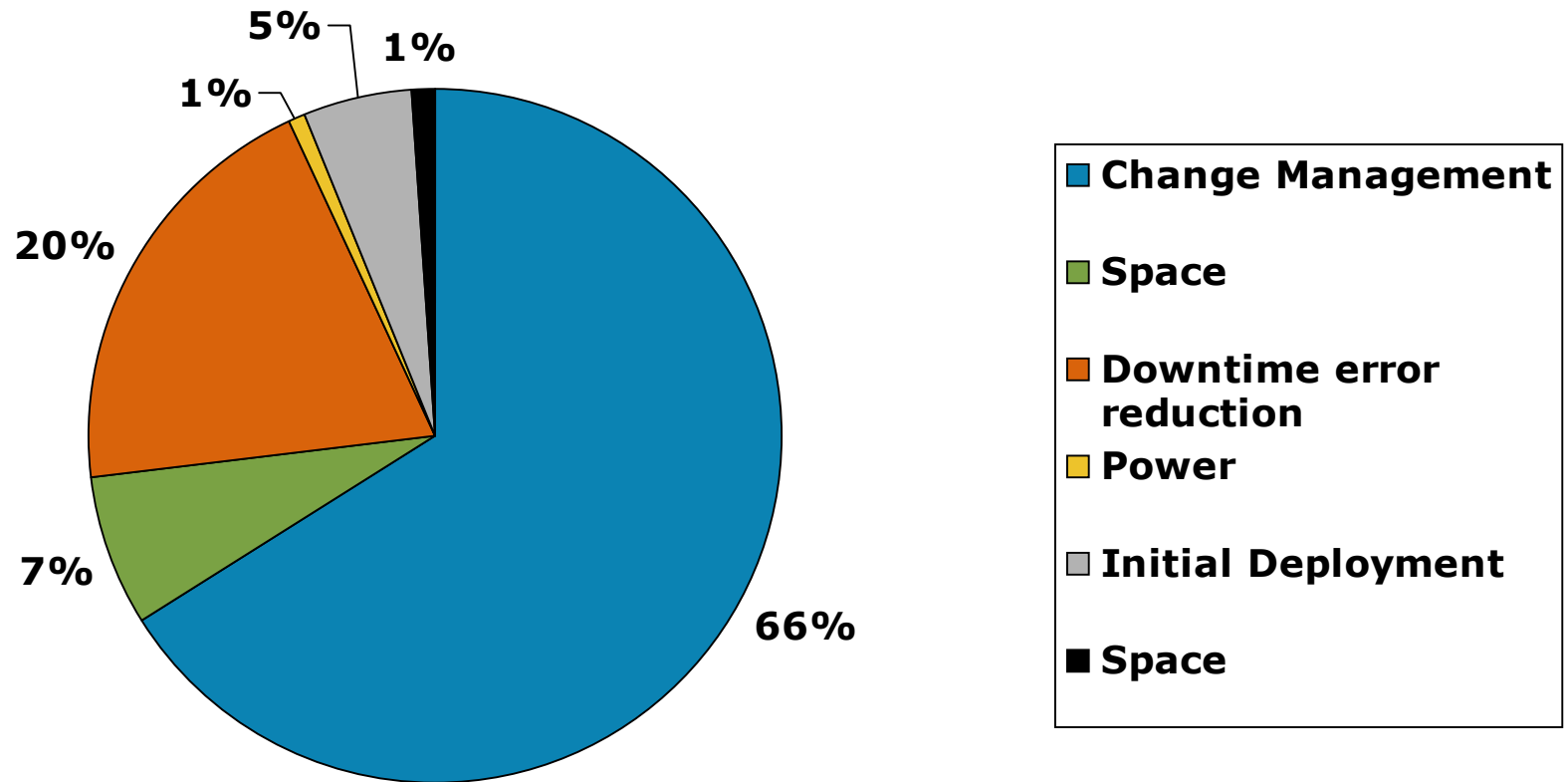
First Year TCO components – 100 servers BL20p G2 with SAN vs. DL360



First Year TCO components –100 servers BL20p G2 w/o SAN vs. DL360

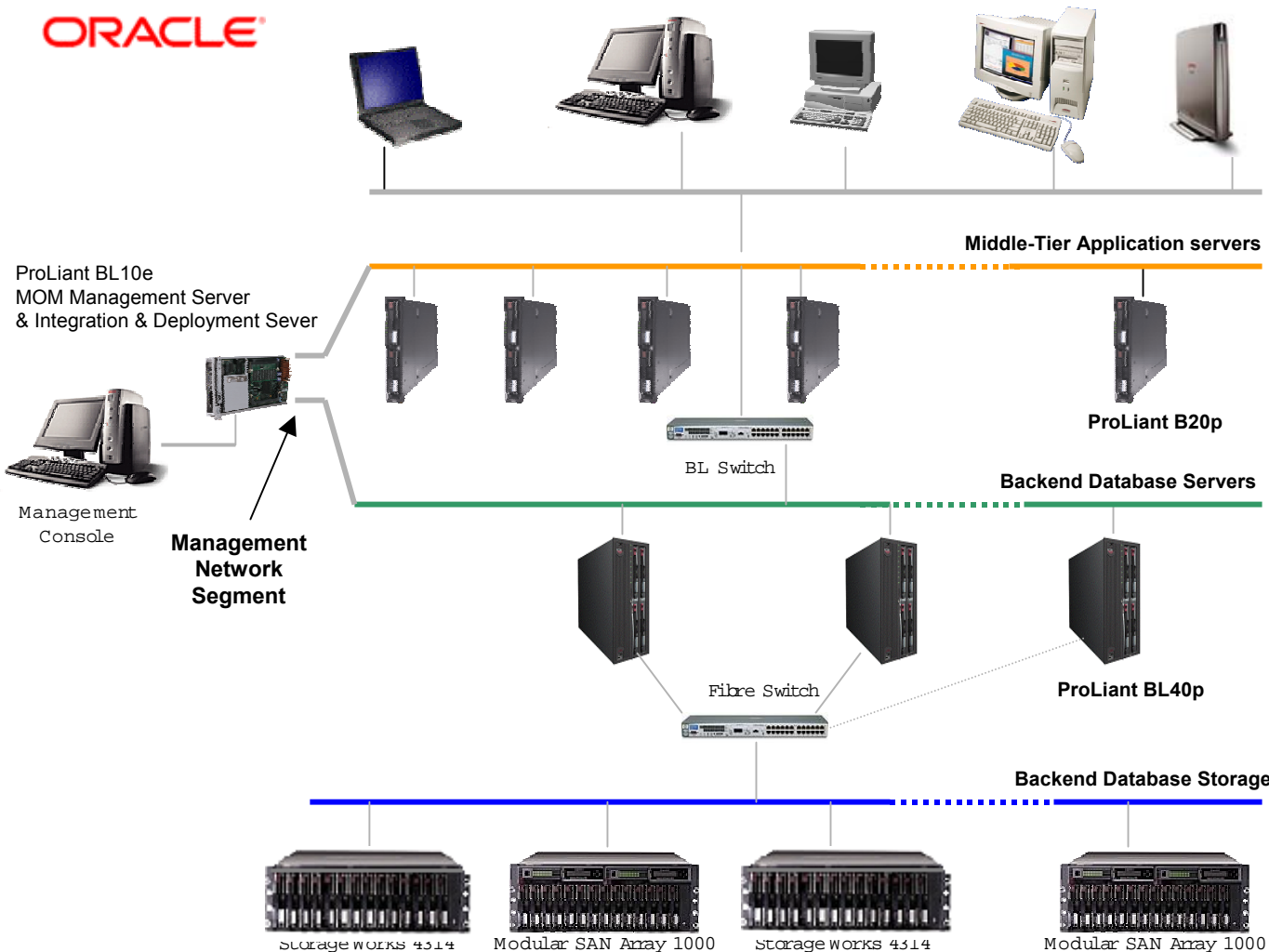


First Yr. Blade savings - %



Oracle Application Server Sample Configuration using ProLiant Server Blades for Windows and Linux

ORACLE



Various Oracle Clients

ProLiant B20p Servers Provide a Highly Scalable Middle-Tier for Oracle 11i Application Servers

Backend Oracle 9i Real Application Clustered Database using 2 or more ProLiant BL40p servers

Easily Expandable Oracle 9i Database Storage based on ProLiant StorageWorks