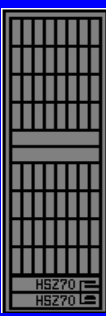


HP StorageWorks Secure Path



StorageWorks Secure Path Overview

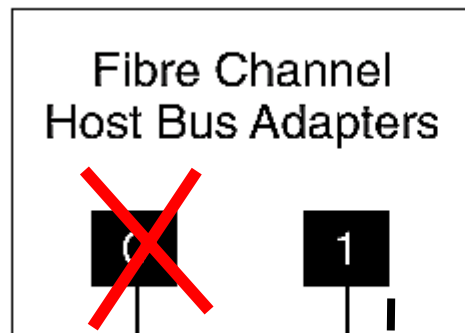
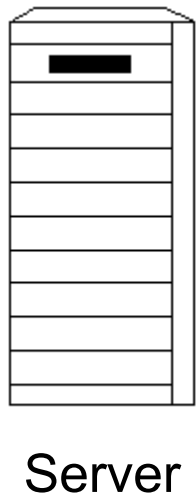
- Secure Path Overview

- Current Products
- <http://h18006.www1.hp.com/products/sanworks/secure-path/index.html>

- Secure Path Specifics

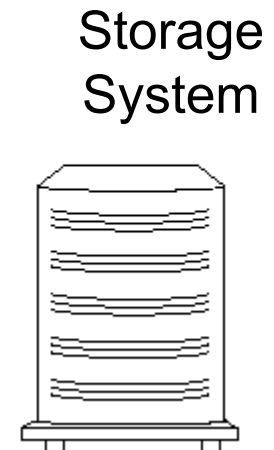
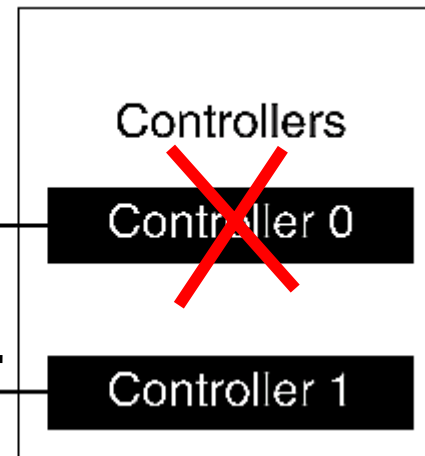
- *Windows*
- Netware
- *Sun*
- IBM
- *HP-UX*

Secure Path Overview

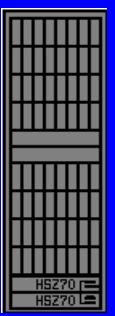


FC Hub/
Switch

FC Hub/
Switch



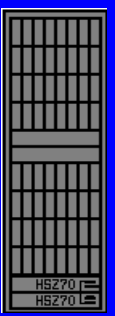
- HBA fails — data rerouted to 2nd HBA
- Controller or port fails — data rerouted to 2nd port or controller
- Can be used for load balancing



What is Secure Path?

➤ Current platform support

- ↓ HP StorageWorks Secure Path v4.0B for Windows
- ↓ HP StorageWorks Secure Path v4.0B for Windows Workgroup Edition
- ↓ HP StorageWorks Secure Path v3.0B for SUN Solaris
- ↓ HP StorageWorks Secure Path v3.0B for HP-UX
- ↓ HP StorageWorks Secure Path v2.0C for IBM-AIX
- ↓ HP StorageWorks Secure Path v3.0C for NetWare
- ↓ HP StorageWorks Secure Path v3.0C for NetWare Workgroup Edition
- ↓ HP StorageWorks Secure Path v3.0 for Linux
- ↓ HP StorageWorks Secure Path v3.0 for Linux Workgroup Edition



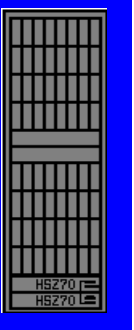
What is Secure Path?

➤ hosts supported

- ↓ HP-UX v11.0, v11i (32/64 bit mode)
- ↓ Microsoft Windows Server 2003, Windows NT v4, Windows 2000, Datacenter
- ↓ IBM-AIX v4.3.3, v5.1
- ↓ Novell NetWare v5.1, v6.0
- ↓ SUN Solaris v2.6, v7, v8, v9 (32/64 bit mode)
- ↓ Linux Red Hat 7.2, Linux Red Hat Advanced Server 2.1, SuSE Linux Enterprise Server 7

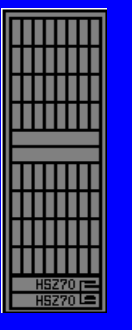
➤ storage devices

- ↓ HP StorageWorks EVA
- ↓ HP StorageWorks msa1000
- ↓ HP StorageWorks MA/EMA
- ↓ HP StorageWorks ra4000 / ra4100



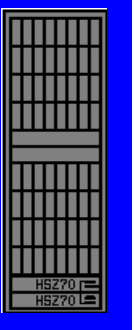
What is Secure Path

- Secure Path is an Application that adds an Operating System Feature called "Multi-Path Capability"
- Multi-Path Capability works in conjunction with the Storage Array Feature called "Multibus Failover Mode"
- Some Operating Systems like VMS and Tru64 UNIX V5.x have Multi-Path Capability built into the OS and do not need a "Secure Path" Application.



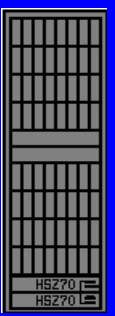
What Is Secure Path

- NT 4.0, Windows 2000, Sun Solaris, AIX and other OS's need Secure Path in order to take advantage of Multibus Mode in a storage array.
- Multi-Path Capability and Multibus Mode combined gives the OS the capability of Path Failover
- Supports Fibre Channel and UltraSCSI (WNT=Z70, Sun=Z80)
- Simple Software Installation procedure



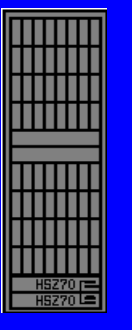
What is Secure Path

- Eliminates the I/O bus as a single point of failure
- Local & Remote Management via TCP/IP (Windows)
- I/O Performance Considerations
 - Dynamic load distribution across both controller host ports of the same controller
 - Manual load balance across adapters / buses
 - Manual load balance across RAID controllers
 - Manual load balance across hosts (MSCS)
- Device Management to balance I/O



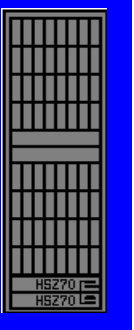
What is Secure Path

- Requires redundant host bus adapters and cabling for fully redundant operation.
- Requires Storage to be set to Multibus Failover.
- Secure Path is one component in a high availability solution and can be used in:
 - Standalone Configurations
 - MSCS Clusters
 - Disaster Tolerant Solutions
 - SAN Configurations
 - OPS Configurations



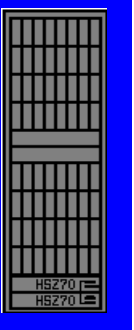
Theory of Operation

- Enables dual StorageWorks RAID controllers to operate in an active/active implementation
- Storage controller
 - ↓ Set PREFERRED_PATH attribute
 - ↓ Move storage units between paths with management utility
 - ↓ Secure Path controls ports through which storage unit is presented
- Secure Path detects I/O failure and automatically reroutes traffic to other available paths
 - ↓ Seeks alternate paths through available SCSI buses, Fibre Channel switches, controllers and ports, and HBAs
- Management utility can fail back to original path



Current Architectures

- Separate development on different platforms has lead to a series of cross platform differences.
 - Different driver implementations
 - Different set of features
 - Different behaviors for some features
 - Different solutions for the same problems



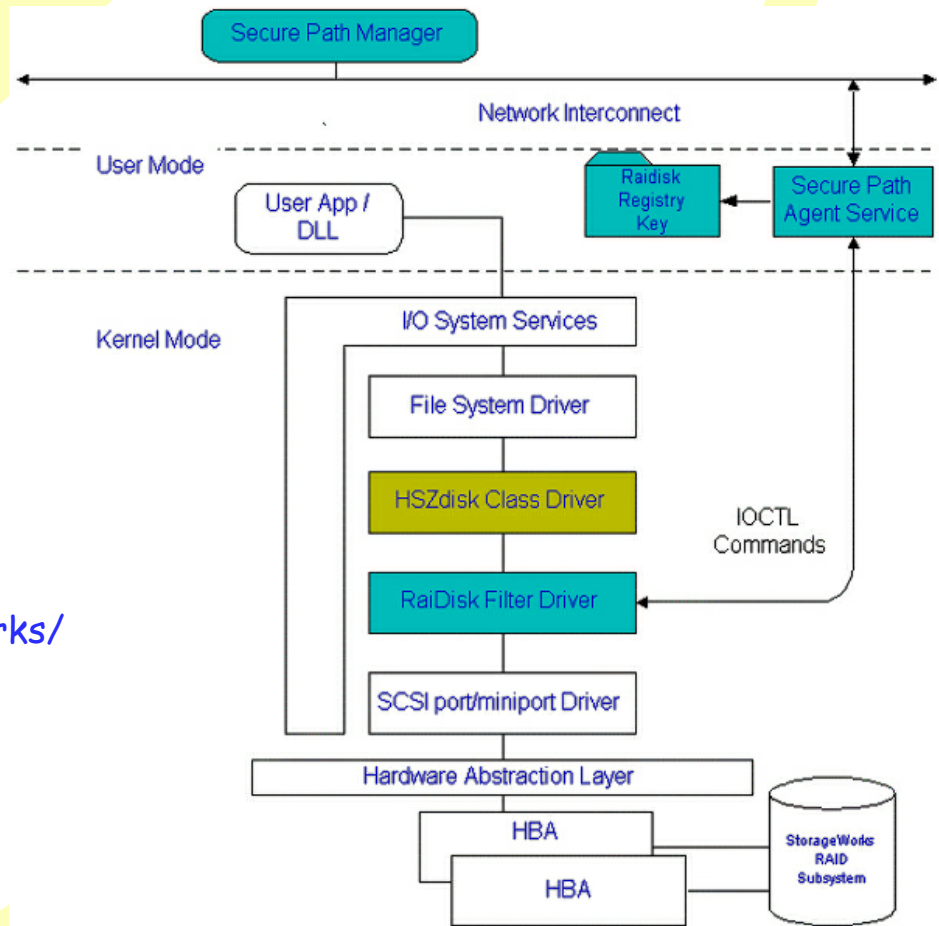
Secure Path Architecture

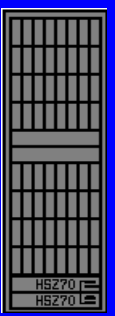
➤ Software Components

- ↓ Secure Path Setup Utility
 - Driver installation and removal
 - Check required components prior to installation
- ↓ Secure Path Driver
 - Filter driver for multiple-bus operation
- ↓ Secure Path Agent
 - Enables communication between driver and Secure Path Manager
- ↓ Secure Path Management
 - Manages paths

Current Architecture - Windows

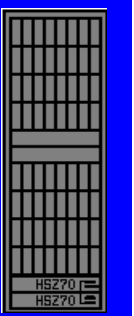
- Multi-path support
- Layered driver
- Web based application for management
- Event notification to management application
- Current version is 4.0B
- <http://h18006.www1.hp.com/products/sanworks/secure-path/spwin.html>





Current Architecture - Solaris

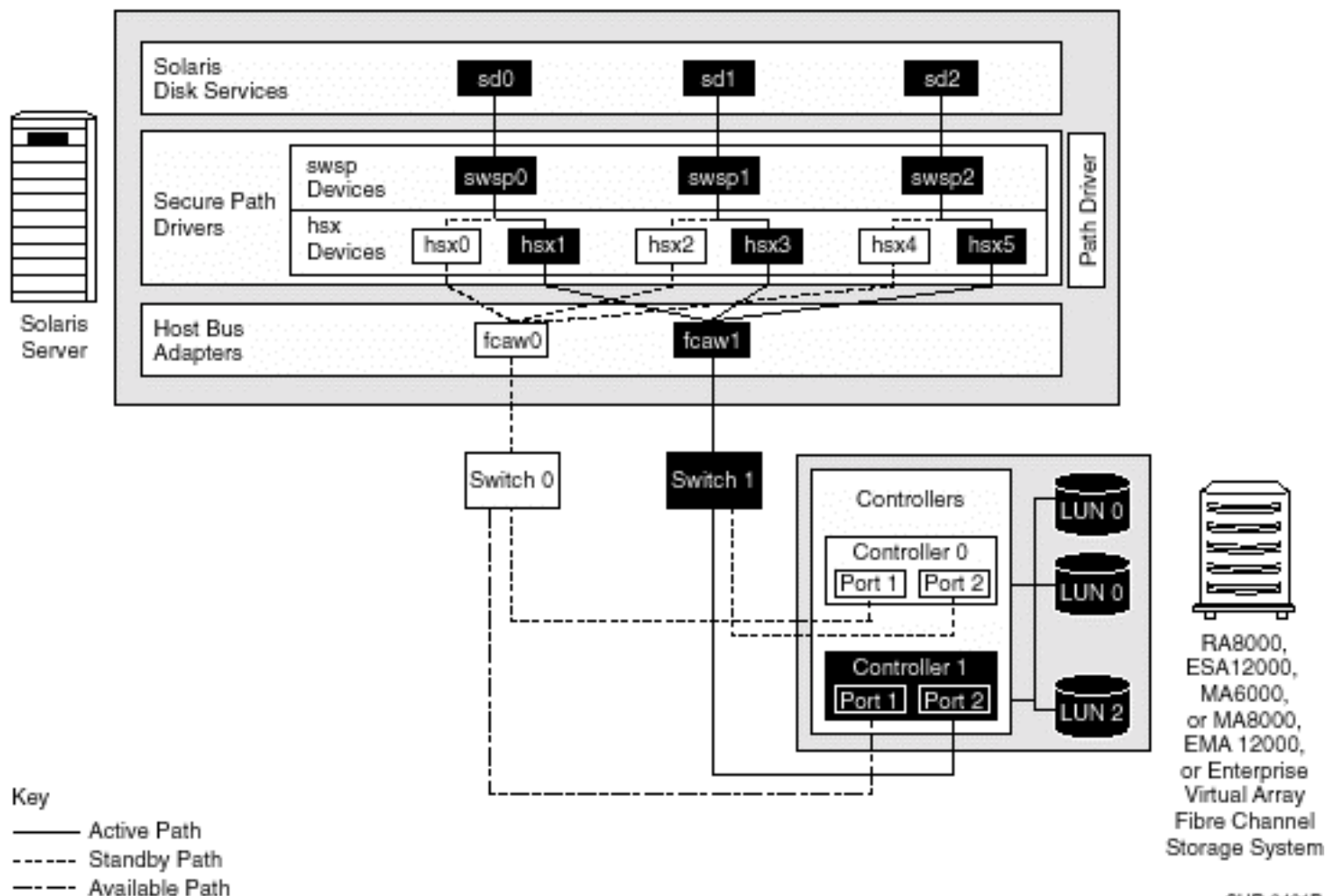
- Multiple-path support
- Layered driver
- Command line management interface
- Event notification via email



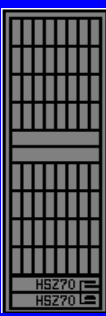
Secure Path for Solaris

- ↓ swsp driver — Failover driver presented as pseudo-HBA driver to SCSI disk drivers
 - Presents multiple paths as single device
 - Initiates path failover
- ↓ hsx driver — Provides paths from HBA driver for specific arrays to swsp
 - Manages separate paths to a LUN
 - Supports HSG and EVA controllers
- ↓ path driver — Allows hsx and swsp to communicate in the kernel

Secure Path for Solaris

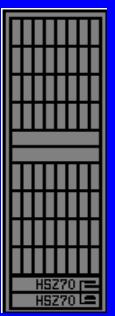


SHR-2461B



Current Architecture - HP-UX

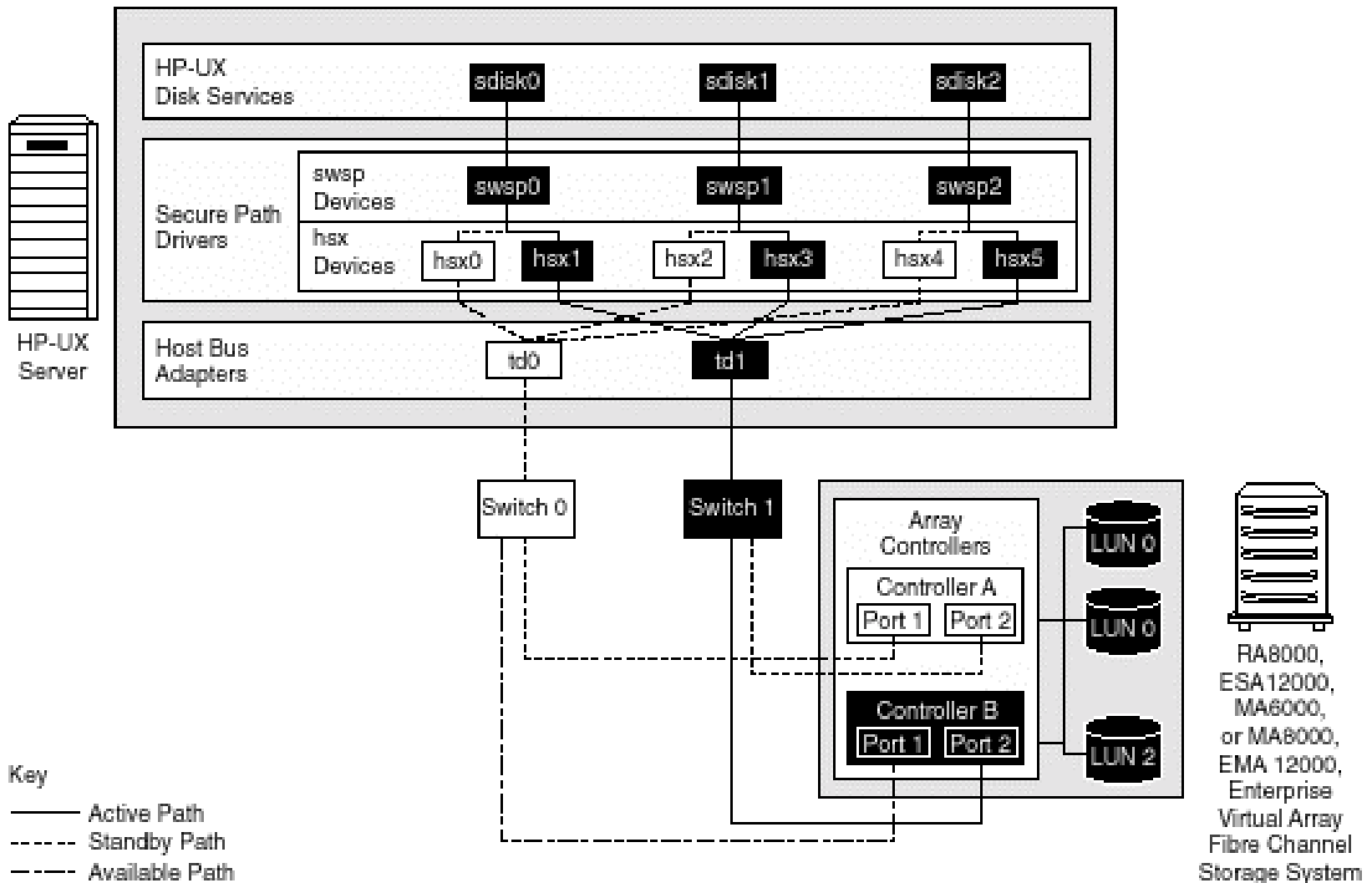
- Multiple-path support
- Layered driver
- Command line management interface
- Event notification via email



Secure Path for HP-UX

- ↓ swsp driver — Failover driver presented as a pseudo-HBA driver to SCSI disk drivers
 - Presents multiple paths as a single device to the host SCSI disk driver
 - Initiates path failover when necessary and manages all kernel threads related to failover.
- ↓ hsx driver — Provides paths from an HBA driver for specific arrays up swsp driver
 - Manages separate paths to a LUN and encapsulates array-specific knowledge
 - Supports HSG and EVA controllers

Secure Path for HP-UX



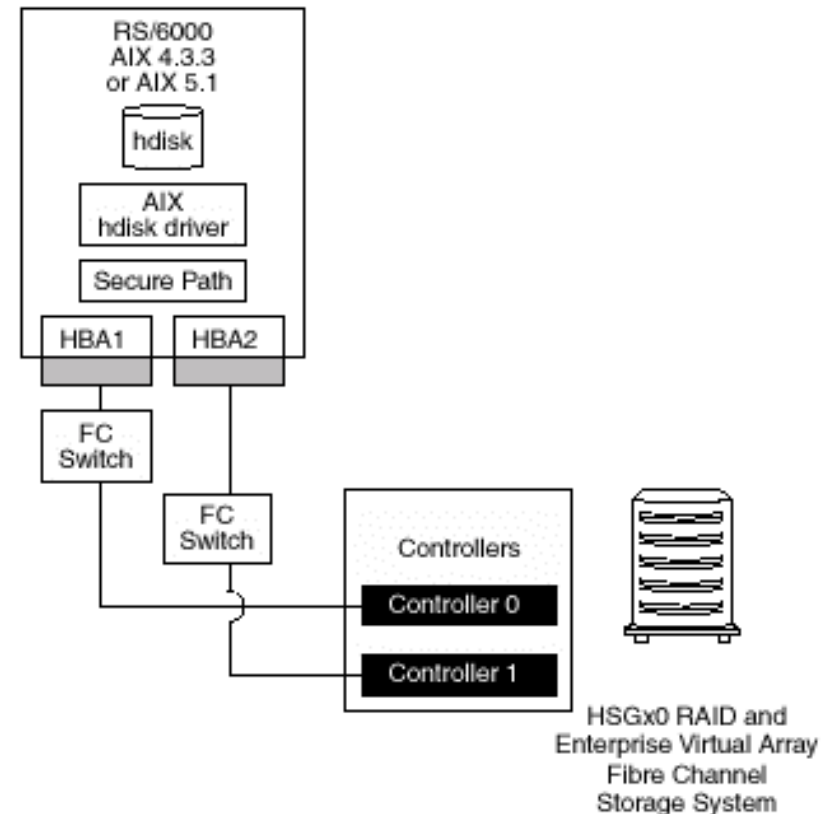
Secure Path for AIX

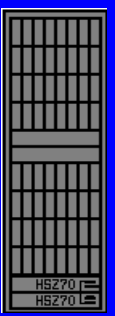
➤ hdisk

- ↓ SCSI and FC disk driver
- ↓ Installs at boot or during cfgmgr operations

➤ PC1000SP

- ↓ HBA driver that manages multiple adapters
- ↓ Enables the AIX system to perform failover
- ↓ Used with the Secure Path Status and Management Utility (cbxfesm)





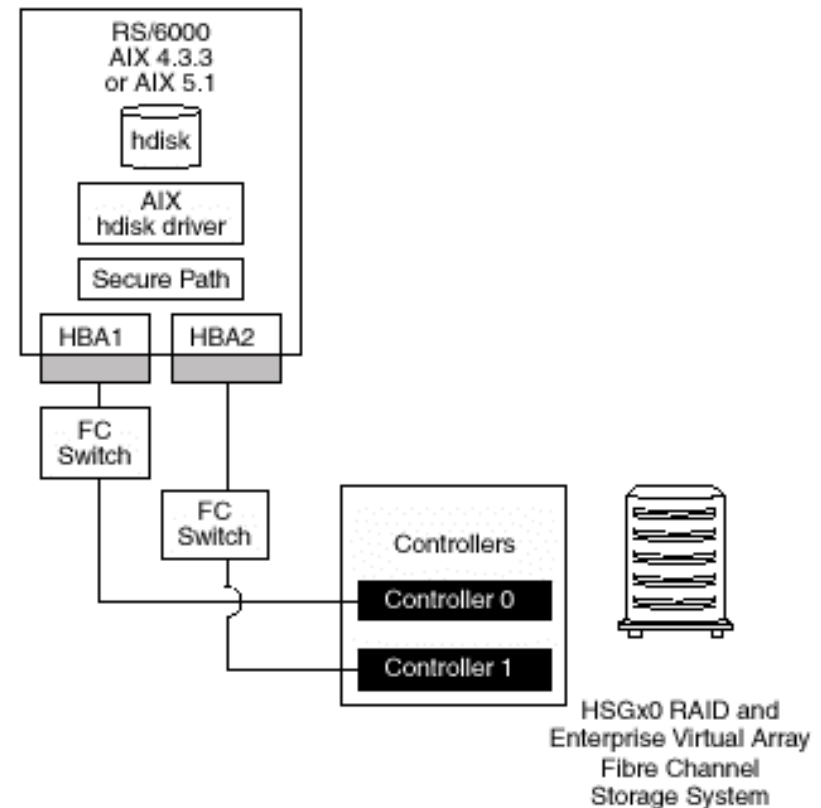
Current Architecture - Novell

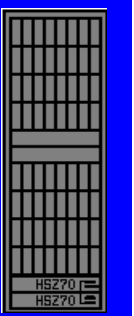
↓ cpqfc.ham

- Provides primary failover capability
- Supports multiple path access

Current Architecture - AIX

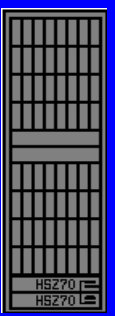
- Dual-path support
- HBA failover driver
- Command line management interface
- Event notification via system logging





Secure Path Agents

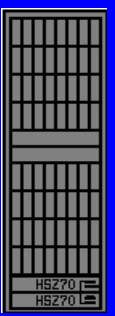
- Windows
- NetWare
- Solaris
- HP-UX



Secure Path Agent

➤ Windows

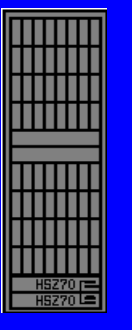
- ↓ Windows service
- ↓ Using TCP/IP and Winsock communicates with
 - ▣ Secure Path driver
 - ▣ Secure Path Manager
- ↓ Posts errors and information to application event log



Secure Path Agent

➤ NetWare

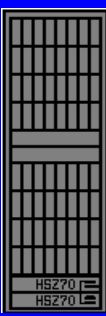
- ↓ NetWare Loadable Module (cpqspagt.nlm)
- ↓ Communicates with cpqfc.ham driver
- ↓ Communicates with Secure Path Manager
- ↓ Installs on host server with cpqfc.ham



Secure Path Agent

➤ Sun Solaris

- ↓ spdaemon—daemon process
 - Signaled by mda when failure event detected
- ↓ mda
 - Activates standby request
 - Reissues pending and subsequent I/Os to new path
 - Signals spdaemon that failover successful
- ↓ spdaemon
 - Logs event to console and system log
 - Sends email notification
- ↓ Both transparent to applications



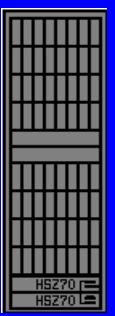
Secure Path Agent

➤ HP-UX

↓ *spagent*—daemon process

- Interface for SP applications and utilities to communicate to multipath drivers
- Provides notification of path change events through email
- Not required to be running for SP drivers to configure and provide failover
- Must be running for email notification

↓ Only supported method to start/ stop SP agent — *spinit* script



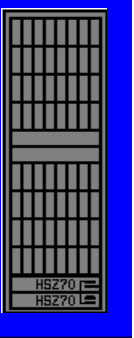
Secure Path Management

➤ Windows and Netware

↓ Secure Path Manager

➤ Solaris, AIX, HP-UX

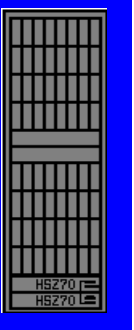
↓ Command line



Secure Path Management Tools

➤ Windows/NetWare

- ↓ Installed on Appliance or standalone server
- ↓ Web-based cross-platform SP configuration utility
- ↓ Multiple path configurations
- ↓ Enables
 - Continuous availability of storage systems
 - Display of current path states
 - Remote notification of critical events
 - Ability to select load distribution policy



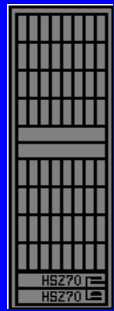
Secure Path Management Tools

➤ Element Manager

- ↓ Component of SPM — communicates directly with SP agents
- ↓ Client/server application — manages multi-path Array configurations
- ↓ Graphical representation of multi-path environments status
- ↓ Local to managed servers or remote at management workstation

➤ Notification Utility

- ↓ alerts designated recipients to Secure Path Manager events



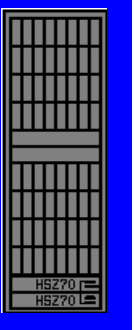
Secure Path Management Tools

➤ Sun Solaris

- ↓ `spmr` — Manages paths, displays status, and permits CLI access to the controller
- ↓ `spconfig` — Manages `spdaemon` that detects path event and sends an email notification

➤ IBM AIX

- ↓ `Cbxfesm` — utility that
 - Displays information
 - Moves a LUN from one path to another (load balancing, etc)
 - Transitions path to online or standby state



Secure Path Management Tools

➤ HP-UX

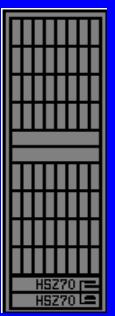
- **spmgr** — Utility that monitors and manages devices, storage systems, paths to units in a SP configuration
 - Lets you modify the configuration to repair, replace, or reconfigure
 - Relies on *spagent* to handle calls to the driver (*swsp*)
- **spagent** — Interface for SP applications to communicate with SP drivers
 - *spagent* is started at system boot time
 - Must be running for the *spmgr* utility to operate.
- **spinit** — Script that starts/stops SP agent

profiles

➤ Manage configurations with single instance of SPM

- ↓ Managed entity or profile
- ↓ Maximum 128 servers sharing up to 128 storage systems
 - Configure and connect storage system in multi-bus failover
 - Host systems — standalone servers or clusters
- ↓ Multiple profiles





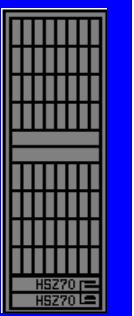
interpreting path status

➤ Modes

- Preferred Paths — user-specified paths for host to storageset communication
- Alternate Paths — redundancy when the preferred paths fail
- Two offline modes
 - ◆ Includes original mode and indicates user specified that path should never be used for I/O
 - ◆ Marked offline by user

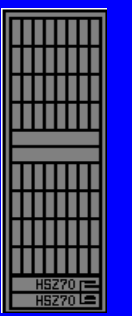
➤ State

- Active — currently servicing or capable of servicing I/O
- Available — belongs to the set of redundant storageset paths that could be used during failover
- Failed — path has encountered errors



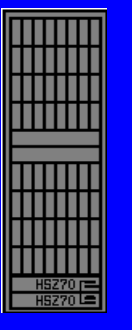
load distribution

- Multiple paths between host and storageset for parallel I/O
 - ↓ I/O dispatched through appropriate paths
 - ↓ Spreads load across all ports
 - ↓ Three types of load distribution
 - ◆ Round
 - ◆ Least I/O
 - ◆ Least Bandwidth
- Requires a SAN configuration w/4 paths from host storage
- SP marks all paths to owning controller Preferred by default
- User can modify the operational mode of individual paths
- Only available in OS that supports four active ports



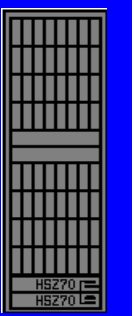
antithrash filter

- Avoid indefinitely moving a device back and forth in intermittent failure
- Path Verification, which is enabled by default, must be disabled



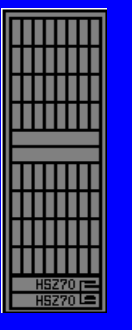
path verification

- SP periodically tests viability of all paths to all storagesets
 - ↓ For paths marked Available, Failed, or Active
- Useful for detecting failures that affect overall path redundancy before they affect failover capability
- Path failover occurs if
 - ↓ Preferred path fails path verification
 - ↓ Alternate path fails path verification
- If a path marked Failed passes path verification, the Path State is set to Available
 - ↓ If auto-failback is enabled, the Preferred path becomes Active



failover and failback

- Automatic substitution of a functionally equivalent system component for a failed one
- Failover only when user I/O is active



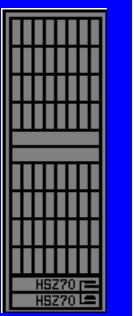
failover hierarchy

➤ Load distribution disabled

- ↓ Preferred-Active path marked as failed—switches to next Alternate-Available path on same controller if it exists
- ↓ Attempt to move device to Alternate-Available path on other controller

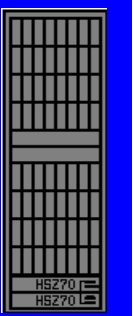
➤ Load distribution enabled

- ↓ Marked path as failed—removes it from usable path list
- ↓ If no Preferred-Active path remaining, uses Alternate-Available path on same controller activated if one exists
- ↓ If no Alternate-Available paths on same controller
 - ◆ Attempts to move to an Alternate-Available path on other controller
 - ◆ Sets all Alternate-Available paths to Alternate-Active



failback options

- Restore load of a failed system component to a replacement
 - ↓ **Manual mode** — Devices are restored to their original path either through drag-and-drop operation (controller failback) or action menu items (repair)
 - ↓ **Automatic mode** — SP tests a failed path at fixed intervals if I/O is in process for device
 - ◆ If path viable, Path State is set to Active and I/O routed through this path
 - ◆ In automatic failback, with path verification, SP enables failback to be performed automatically even if automatic not selected



hardware partitions

➤ Subdivisions of storage units that appears as a single disk to servers

➤ Multiple Bus Failover

- All partitions must be in same group
- Partitions cannot be split across controllers or cluster nodes

➤ Secure Path Implementation

- Follows controller model, using groups for partitions
- Partitions cannot be split across different connections (servers)
- One partition in group fails, all partitions in group fail over

Secure Path Manager

Secure Path Manager - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address: <https://atlanta11:2381/appntucpqsecurepath/files/spm.html>

SANworks™ by Compaq
Secure Path Manager

Communication Status: ☒
Storage Status: ☒

Secure Path Manager:
atlanta11:2381
Sep 17, 2002 15:58:00

File Edit Properties View Configuration Help

atlanta11

Current Profile: atlanta11

Selected Item: \\atlanta11\\E:

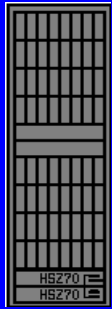
Host	Controller	SCSI Port	HBA Slot	B-T-L	Mode	State
atlanta11	ZG03004867	4	5	1-0-1	Alternate	Available
atlanta11	ZG03004866	4	5	1-1-1	Preferred	Active
atlanta11	ZG03004867	5	6	1-0-1	Alternate	Available

Storage System0 (ID:50001fe1000926c0)
Controller (SN: ZG03004866)
\\atlanta11\\E:
Controller (SN: ZG03004867)
Storage System1 (ID:50001fe100153430)
Controller (SN: P4889B49ILV01E)
Controller (SN: P4889B49ILV036)

Polling Interval: 90 Network Activity:

Secure Path Manager - atlanta11

start | Inbox - Microsoft Out... | HPETS 2002 Module 8... | 02-M1-SP.ppt | Internet Explorer | 3:58 PM



i n v e n t