



# 3331 Blades Drive New Efficiencies

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# **Common questions**



What are the benefits of blades? What is the value proposition? Why do customers buy blades?

Blades vs. standard rack-mounted

servers? When should I buy one vs.

the other?

# Agenda

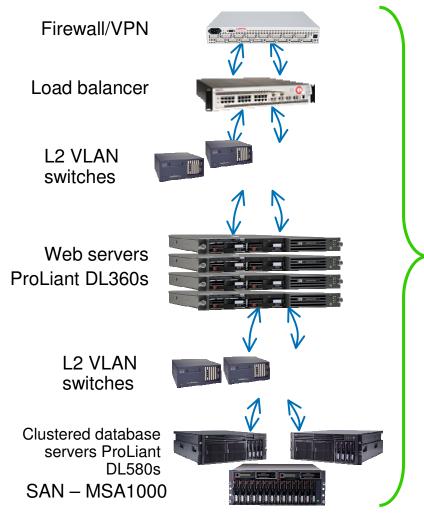


- What are blade systems?
- Why are they being adopted?
- Comparing blades to rack-mounted servers
  - Space, power, cabling, management, acquisition, etc.
- Sample comparisons blade systems vs. rackmounted server systems
  - Acquisition costs
  - TCO and ROI: using a customer tailorable model
- Summary



# Blade systems: integration of servers, network, and storage





Rack-mounted server architecture



ProLiant BL10e

L2 VLAN switch
ProLiant BL20p
ProLiant BL40p
L2 VLAN switch

BL p-Class power

Management servers

SAN - MSA1000

Blade system architecture



# **HP Blades Built On** Trusted ProLiant Engineering

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redundant power

WUS101/RegFiles

Apply Configuration

9 🔝 BUS101

Cleanup Solpt Restoration Events Printer Installation

Create Disk Image Deploy Course Restore Course Update Configuration Upload Registries ○ 05202 **○** EE301 Drago-Oxop-Events Backup Regionier Oean Cach & Temp Nes

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#### **HP Red Hat SBF**

(Standard Build Framework)



**Automatic Provisioning** 

•Blade PXE Boot:

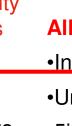
•What Is My Personal Step 2: B Red Hat SB and create server image

Pre-assigned RDP

Red Hat Personality

Build Commences

•30 Minutes

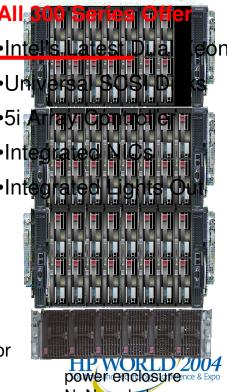


Step 3: Log-On to RDP Server And **Designate Target** 

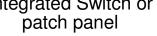
Well Based Console

- **Any Device**
- **Anywhere**





Integrated Switch or patch panel



# Customer needs drive a new server architecture



#### Rapid serviceability and continuous uptime

- Rapid deployment and redeployment tools
- Hardware and software

## Centralized management

- Servers, networking, storage, and applications
- Centrally manage your data center: 1 blade or 1000s ... anywhere ... anytime

## Improve efficiency in data center management

- Move to '000s of devices managed by each administrator
- Improve server utilization

## Flexibility and adaptability

Dynamic resource allocation



# HP Blades Optimized for Installation & Change A catalyst to enabling an Adaptive Enterprise



Save people time in installation, upgrades, and maintenance

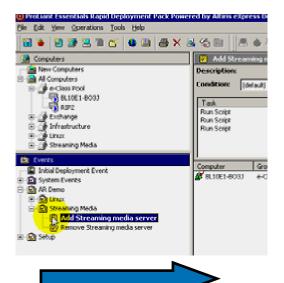
Rack & wire once

Configure and re-configure with software tools

 Move from days to minutes to add and re-configure servers, network ports, cables, and disk capacity

Virtual presence to manage any blade, from anywhere

Automatic failover to spare servers

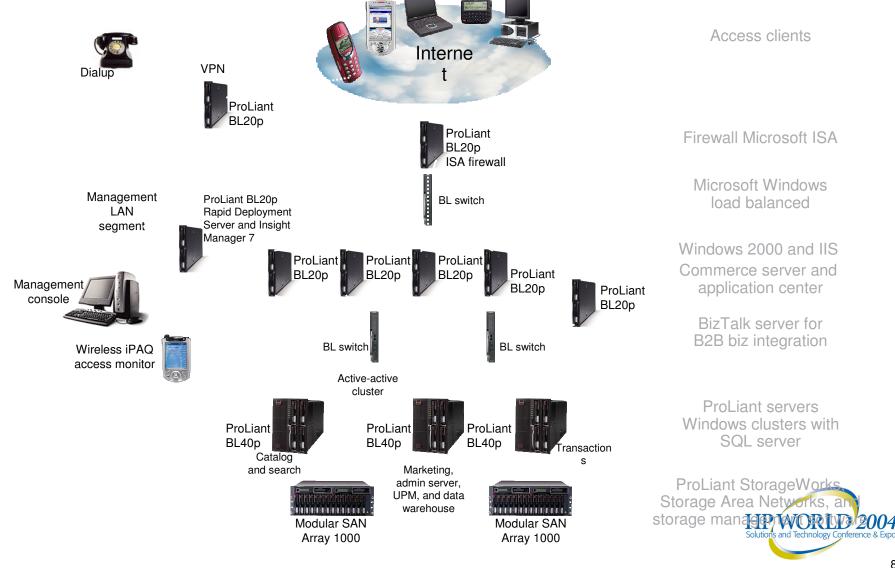






## e-Commerce storefront example application of ProLiant BL servers





# invent

## What are the benefits?

- Saving data center space and power
- Lower connectivity costs and simplified cabling
- Fewer spare parts
- Save time in installation, upgrades, and maintenance
- Higher system availability
- Improve data center efficiency
  - Remote access for centralized management
  - Automated deployment and provisioning
- Equal or lower acquisition costs



## Blade System TCO Calculator



(the spreadsheet model is available from your HP sales representative)

#### 3 Year TCO Calculation

#### **Summary**

Number of Servers Compared 8

= # of servers x # of events per year x time to remove and install x labor rate

Scenario	BL20P G2		1U Server		BL20p G2 Savings	
TCO / NPV	\$	44,661	\$	(115,473)	\$	160,133
3 year TCO per server	\$	5,583	\$	(14,434)	\$	20,017
Acquisition Cost	\$	(79,926)	\$	(97,212)	\$	17,286
Installation Cost	\$	(2,333)	\$	(8,653)	\$	6,320
Yearly Operational Value	\$	53,176	\$	(4,000)	\$	57,176

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1U Server Scenario	,	Year 0	Year 1	Yea	r 2	Year 3
Acquisition Costs						
Server Acquisition cost	\$	44,528				
=from Step 4 includes FC HBA cost						
Infrastructure Acquisition Costs from Step #4	\$	52,684				
Installation Costs						
Racking costs	\$	5,600				
=rackable items x time to rack one x labor rate						
Additional Power related installation	\$	2,000				
=from Step #1 input value						
Cabling Costs	\$	1,053				
=number of cables x time to install one x labor rate						
Maintenance/Upgrade Costs			\$ 4,00	0 \$	4,000	\$ 4,000



## **Blade TCO tool**



- The BL20p TCO tool is a spreadsheet-based model that creates a 3-year TCO (based on an NPV) for 2P blade servers and a comparative value for 1U rack mounted servers (example: DL360).
- The tool uses customer-specific data (labor rates, pricing, power costs, etc.) combined with rack configuration rules to create a specific answer for each customer.
- A key benefit of the tool is its ability to create "what if" scenarios to aid in the decision making process.
- The tool is revised monthly as variables change and as additional functionality is added.
- The tool is available from your HP sales representative.

# **Space**



## Saving data center space 14% to 24%

- Cost per square foot of data center space is \$1000 -\$5000+ per year
- Practical number of servers per rack:

Blades	48 (moving to 96)
R-M servers	Less than 30

Range of data center costs:

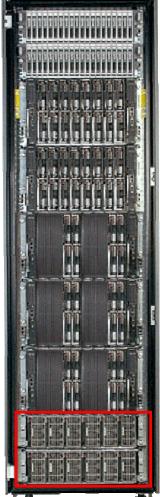
NYC	\$5000 per sq. ft.
Houston	\$1000 per sq. ft.



## Pooled Power for HP Blades



Centralized, redundant power sub-system







- 3U power enclosure, up to 6 hot plug power supplies for N+N redundancy
- Fully redundant power to the server enclosures using <u>bus bars</u>
- High voltage (208-250VAC) @ 30A inputs or facility DC input, Single- and three-phase
- Power & Cooling calculator for planning

No. of	Better F	Power Ef	ficiency
Servers	BL20p	DL360 G3	Savings
8	2,494	3,328	25%
16	4,987	6,656	25%
24	7,896	9,072	13%
<b>32</b>	9,691	13,312	27%
40	12,114	16,640	27%
48	14,536	18,144	20%

All power consumption shown in Watts

Paramparison data based on ProLiant Power Calculators

2P 3Ghz/512mb, 1Gb Mem, 2x18Gb Hdd, Dual Fiber per server

## **Power**



- Centralized Power subsystem provides better power efficiency
- •Blade systems eliminate the need for PDUs in the rack (up to \$4000 per rack)
- Reduced cabling & power centralization lowers BTUs and improves heat dissipation
- ProLiant power calculators
  - Calculates wattage and BTUs for various ProLiant servers
  - http://h18001.www1.hp.com/partners/microsoft/utilities/power.html

#### Example:

• 8 DL360

• 8 BL20p G2

8 DL360s	326w per server
8 BL20p G2s and enclosure	307w per blade



## Cabling and network connectivity costs

- Lower connectivity costs and simplified cabling
  - Significantly fewer cables!
  - Up to 25% of system admin's time is spent in cable management, and cable failures are a prime cause of downtime – Giga Group

Network connectivity costs:

Fewer cables

10-100 ports

Gigabit ports

8 R-M servers	8 ProLiant BL blades
16-32 downlink cables	2-4 uplink cables
\$40-\$150 copper \$65-\$385 fibre per port	\$54 per switch port (copper or fibre)
\$180-\$1060 per switch port	\$92 per switch port

# Fewer parts & simpler maintenance



Fewer spare parts; simpler daily management

- Blades have fewer options memory and disks
- Blade architectures are designed for shared storage ... all user changeable data should be on NAS and SANs
- Blade servers run OS and applications only ... facilitates standard server builds/images
- Back-ups are needed for NAS and SANs; not every server.
- Blade disks are managed by software deployment tools, such as RDP ... benefits: fewer errors in OS, patch, and application maintenance





# Installation and changes

Save time in installation, upgrades, and maintenance

- Rack and wire once! ... re-configure with software tools
- Move from days to minutes to add and re-configure servers, network ports, cables, and disk capacity
- Blade systems are a catalyst to improving data center ratios (devices managed per administrator)



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# **Availability**

- Higher system availability; no need to plan for availability
- Blades are fully redundant
  - Dual VLAN switches per blade enclosure
  - Redundant and shared power systems across all blades in a rack
  - Redundant backplane data paths (Ethernet and FC SAN)
  - Redundant local disks (RAID 1)
  - Redundant fans
  - Rip and replace server maintenance (via enclosure slot, and via software deployment tools like RDP)





Blade systems are a <u>catalyst</u> to improving data center ratios (devices managed per administrator)

- Reduce the need to touch every device in the data center
- Adopt new management tools (configuration, software deployment, automated provisioning, etc.)
- Centralize the management of multiple data centers
- Merge separate management domains (servers, network, storage)

Today 900 devices	15 to 1	\$6M per year
Tomorrow	30+ to 1 100 to 1* * some ISPs are at this ratio	\$3M per year

# Acquisition Costs – what is compared?



<ul> <li>BL20p Blade servers (2P Xeon 3.06 GHz)</li> <li>1 GB memory</li> <li>2 internal disks</li> <li>FC Interconnect module</li> <li>Blade enclosures and power subsystem</li> <li>Blade Interconnect L2 VLAN switches - GbE</li> <li>Cables, racks</li> <li>FC switch - external</li> <li>DL360 servers (2P Xeon 3.06 GHz)</li> <li>1GB memory</li> <li>2 internal disks</li> <li>KVM switches and cables</li> <li>PDUs in the rack</li> <li>External L2 VLAN switches – GbE</li> <li>Cables, racks</li> <li>FC switch - external</li> </ul>	Blade System	1U Rack-mounted servers
	<ul> <li>3.06 GHz)</li> <li>1 GB memory</li> <li>2 internal disks</li> <li>FC Interconnect module</li> <li>Blade enclosures and power subsystem</li> <li>Blade Interconnect L2 VLAN switches - GbE</li> <li>Cables, racks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>•1GB memory</li> <li>•2 internal disks</li> <li>•KVM switches and cables</li> <li>•PDUs in the rack</li> <li>•External L2 VLAN switches – GbE</li> <li>•Cables, racks</li> </ul>

## Acquisition Cost Summary (8 servers)



g	SAN connected	No SAN connectivity
<u>10/100 Network</u>	Blade systems are ~7% less costly	Blade systems are ~1% more costly
GbE Network	Blade systems are ~19% less costly	Blade systems are ~17% less costly

Note: The above summary ignores blade system savings from datacenter space, power & cooling, installation & operational efficiencies.





Revised 4/23/2004

BL20P Scenari	0	Total Cost \$	90,302	1U Server	Total Cost \$	104,388
Server	S	\$	45,944	Servers	\$	51,704
<u>-</u>	Servers	\$	37,952	Servers	\$	33,312
	Total FC Ports	\$	7,992	Total FC Ports	\$	18,392
Infrastructu	re	\$	44,358	Infrastructure	\$	52,684
	Total Racks	\$	2,718	Total Racks	\$	2,718
	Blade Enclosures	\$	2,932			
	Power Enclosures	\$	4,252			
	Bus Power Box	\$	341			
	Mini-Bus Bar	\$	-			
	Scalable Bus Bar	\$	-			
	PDUs	\$	-	PDUs	\$	872
Switching	C-Gbe Switch Pair	\$	-	Network Switches	\$	13,440
	Network Patch Panel Pair	\$	-	KVM switches	\$	6,350
	C-Gbe Switch/FC Patch Panel Pa	air \$	6,098	KVM Cables	\$	1,215
	FC Patch Panel Pair	\$	-			
	FC Switches	\$	28,000	FC Switches	\$	28,000
	Cat5 Cables	\$	17	Cat5 Cables	\$	89

# **Summary**



- Blades are often less expensive than rackmounted servers! (acquisition costs)
- In comparison to rack-mounted servers, blade systems are easily justified by space, power, and operational efficiencies!
- Use blade systems as a catalyst to an adaptable
   & flexible datacenter infrastructure!

So, Why Not Blades?



# **HP Blades Reduce Hard Costs**



	Traditional 1U Servers	ProLiant p-class blades
Acquisition Costs (based on 8 servers)	ProLiant DL360G3 w/ Ethernet and SAN	up to 19% savings
Cabling Connectivity (based on 40 servers)	40x3 network + 40x2 power = 200 cables	5x2 network + 4 power = 14 cables 93% reduction
Data Center space (density per 42U rack)	36 servers + Ethernet switches	48 - 96 servers + Ethernet switches 25 - 60% reduction
Power and Cooling (based on 40 servers)	16.6kW*	12.1kW 27% savings
Installation, provisioning, & re-purposing	8 hrs. per server	10 - 30 min. per blade 94% - 98% reduction
Productivity of datacenter management (ratio of devices managed by each admin.)	15 to 1	At least 30 to 1 >100% improvement  HPWORLD 2004 Solutions and Technology Conference & Expo

# Questions?







# Back-up slides



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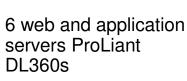
# **Acquisition Cost Comparison**



(8 servers, 2 switches, and SAN connectivity)

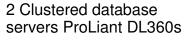


L2 VLAN switch





L2 VLAN switch

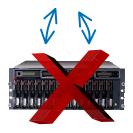




**SAN - MSA1000** 

Rack-mounted server architecture





Blade system architecture



# Acquisition Cost Comparison (8 servers, 10/100 Network, no SAN)

#### HP ProLiant BL20p G2 versus 1U Servers

Revised 6/12/2004

#### Step #4 - Acquisition Cost

BL20P Scenario	,	Total Cost \$	46,734	1U Server	Total Cost \$	46,317
Server	S	\$	37,952	Servers	\$	33,312
	Servers	\$	37,952	Servers	\$	33,312
	Total FC Ports	\$	-	Total FC Ports	\$	-
Infrastructur	e	\$	8,782	Infrastructure	\$	13,005
	Total Racks	\$	1,359	Total Racks	\$	1,359
	Blade Enclosures	\$	2,039			
	Power Enclosures	\$	2,619			
	Bus Power Box	\$	149			
	Mini-Bus Bar	\$	-			
	Scalable Bus Bar	\$	-			
	PDUs	\$	-	PDUs	\$	872
Switching	C-Gbe Switch Pair	\$	2,599	Network Switches	\$	3,120
	Network Patch Panel Pair	\$	-	KVM switches	\$	6,350
	C-Gbe Switch/FC Patch Panel Pa	air \$	-	KVM Cables	\$	1,215
	FC Patch Panel Pair	\$	-			
	FC Switches	\$	-	FC Switches	\$	-
	Cat5 Cables	\$	17	Cat5 Cables	\$	89

Solutions and Technology Conference & Expo





Revised 6/12/2004

BL20P Scenario	0	Total Cost \$	48,534	1U Server	Total Cost \$	56,637
Server	S	\$	37,952	Servers	\$	33,312
	Servers	\$	37,952	Servers	\$	33,312
	Total FC Ports	\$	-	Total FC Ports	\$	-
Infrastructui	re e	\$	10,582	Infrastructure	\$	23,325
	Total Racks	\$	1,359	Total Racks	\$	1,359
	Blade Enclosures	\$	2,039			
	Power Enclosures	\$	2,619			
	Bus Power Box	\$	149			
	Mini-Bus Bar	\$	-			
	Scalable Bus Bar	\$	-			
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	Network Patch Panel Pair	\$	-	KVM switches	\$	6,350
	C-Gbe Switch/FC Patch Panel Pa	air \$	4,399	KVM Cables	\$	1,215
	FC Patch Panel Pair	\$	-			
	FC Switches	\$	-	FC Switches	\$	-
	Cat5 Cables	\$	17	Cat5 Cables	\$	89







Revised 6/12/2004

BL20P Scenari	0	Total Cost \$	87,584	1U Server	Total Cost \$	94,068
Server	s	\$	45,944	Servers	\$	51,704
	Servers	\$	37,952	Servers	\$	33,312
	Total FC Ports	\$	7,992	Total FC Ports	\$	18,392
Infrastructui	re	\$	41,640	Infrastructure	\$	42,364
•	Total Racks	\$	2,718	Total Racks	\$	2,718
	Blade Enclosures	\$	2,039			
	Power Enclosures	\$	2,619			
	Bus Power Box	\$	149			
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Revised 6/12/2004

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