

How to Assimilate an Integrity Server into Your OpenVMS Cluster

Robert L. Lyons

Systems Consultant Resilient Systems, Inc. (www.resilientsys.com)

Background

 Built and tested a multi-architecture OpenVMS cluster in HP's New Hampshire labs October 2003
 & February 2004 using Version 8.1

- Process used in previous qualification of GIGAbit Ethernet cluster interconnect and release testing for disaster tolerant computing
- Based on my previous work as member of cluster systems engineering

Background (cont'd)

- Relevant OpenVMS Versions
 - IA64 systems must run V8.1 or later
 - Alpha systems run V7.3-2 or earlier
 - VAX systems run V7.3 or earlier
 - Version V8.2 entered field test in June 2004



Overview

- 1. Differences in V8.1 from V7.3
- 2. Mixed Architecture Considerations
- 3. Configurations
- 4. V8.2 and beyond
- 5. Questions



Differences in V8.1 from V7.3

Some facilities not implemented in V 8.1

No license management (disabled)
No Availability Manager (AMDS not being ported)
Limited UETP
No satellite boot
No host based shadowing
No NFS storage



Sysgen parameter changes

Unused and obsolete parameters are hidden
Use SHOW/HIDDEN command to see values

17 general and 5 special parameters are affected

2 of the general parameters are cluster specific

SCSCONNCNT and NISCS_LAN_OVRHD

- very rarely used -



Sysgen parameter changes (cont.)

PAGFILCNT SWPFILCNT

UDABURSTRATE TTY_DEFCHAR3

TAILORED SCSCONNCNT

SD_ALLOCLASS NISCS_LAN_OVRHD

SERVED IO XFMAXRATE

MAXBOBS0S1 MAXBOBS2

BJOBLIM NJOBLIM

VECTOR_MARGIN VECTOR_PROC

LAMAPREGS SBIERRENABLE (special)

QBUS_MULT_INTR (special) SA_APP (special)

EXUSRSTK (special) BOOT_STYLE (special)



Sysgen parameter changes (cont'd)

Two new parameters added

- VHPT_SIZE (virtual hash page table)
- LMF_OE

Over 30 parameters have revised values for Default, Minimum or Maximum

Provides better system function on IA64 hardware



- Of significance to clusters is one parameter that was not changed
 - RECNXINTERVAL default is still 20
 - 20 is the correct value for CI, DSSI, and Mem Channel interconnect
 - 60 to 90 is the correct value for NI port



Mixed Architecture Considerations

IA64 systems must run OpenVMS 8.1

Cluster with IA64 systems are limited to 4 members

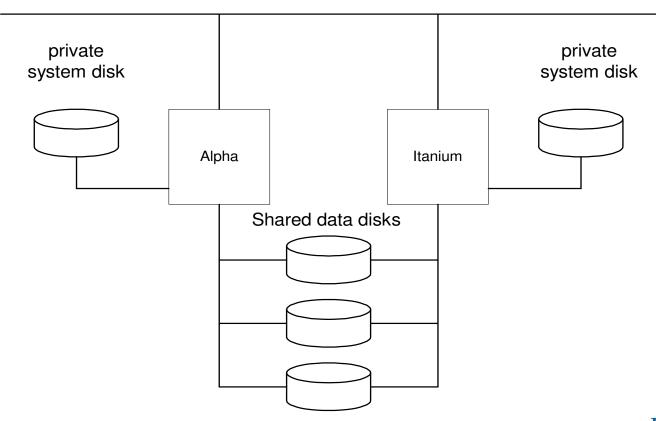
Cluster with IA64 nodes can not have VAX nodes

Alphas in a cluster with IA64 systems must run
 7.3-1 or 7.3-2 with patches

 IA64 and Alpha system disks must be different spindle

- A cluster common disk is needed to share:
 - Common authorization file and rights list
 - Common Queue manager database
 - Common network database

Sample configuration with private and shared disks



 Standard cluster interconnect is through the network 10MB 100MB 1000MB

Standard shared storage is through Fibre Channel

 No CI, DSSI or Memory channel so many existing sites will be using MSCP serving



 V8.1 does not currently support IA64 systems sharing the same system disk. Release notes contradict themselves on this point

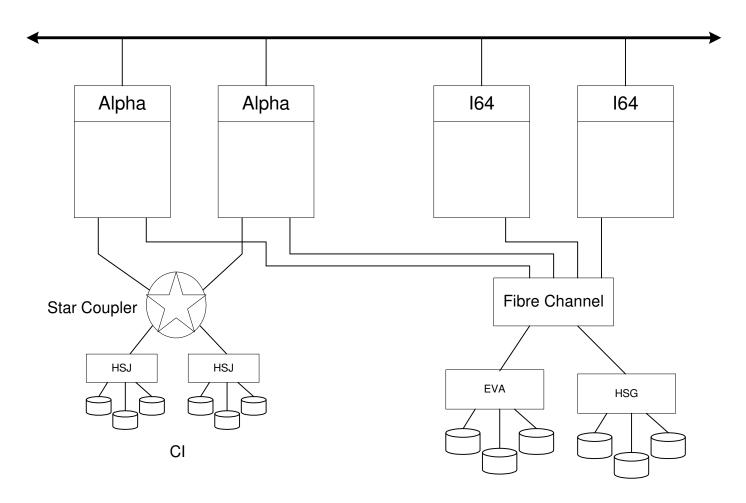
 Image backup of disks are limited to an Alpha member in the cluster

 Only tape drives connected through the SAN can be shared by both architectures since TMSCP is not available in V8.1

- Monitor utility is not backward compatible
 - Previous recordings do not fit the new data record format
 - Using MONITOR CLUSTER does not allow a cluster wide picture with Alpha systems running pre-V8.1 O/S

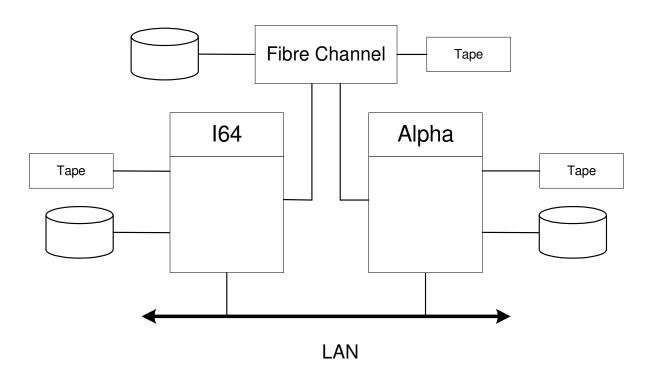


Configurations



Configurations (cont'd)

Storage placement



Uses both shared and served disk storage



V8.2 and Beyond

- New with IA64 systems is the management console
 - Log file to save history of operations and boots
 - Separate network interface for fully remote control
 - Standard console functions for diagnostics and config



V8.2 and beyond (cont'd)

 Clusters in V8.2 expand to 16 nodes and host shadowing returns to the list of available features

 Cluster membership further raised in V8.3 along with the ability to support satellite boot

 Fibre Channel will become capable of transporting cluster interconnect traffic in V8.3





Co-produced by:

