



Reliability Availability Serviceability on Itanium Servers



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The information contained herein is subject to change without notice





Introduction & Hardware Contribution to RAS

Ken Pomaranski

Itanium & HP9000 Server HA Architect
Hewlett-Packard





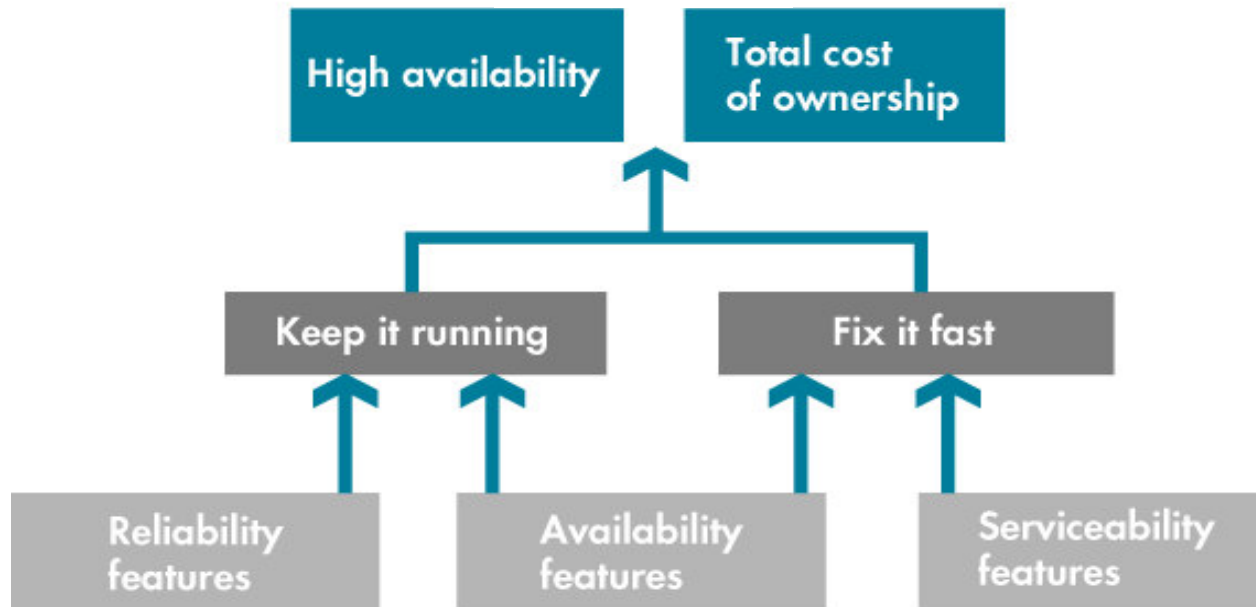
Agenda

- Integrity Server RAS Philosophy
- Hardware HA
 - Feature description and selected deep-dives
 - SSHA Future direction
 - Platform comparisons
- HP-UX HA
- Fault Management

Integrity ASURance & RAS Philosophy

Integrity ASURance is the unique value proposition of providing top Availability, Serviceability, Usability, and Reliability to the HP product line.

The RAS philosophy is HP's way of describing the reliability, availability, and serviceability aspects of a computer system and ties this to its higher-level value propositions of high availability (HA) and low total cost of ownership (TCO).





RAS on the Itanium platforms

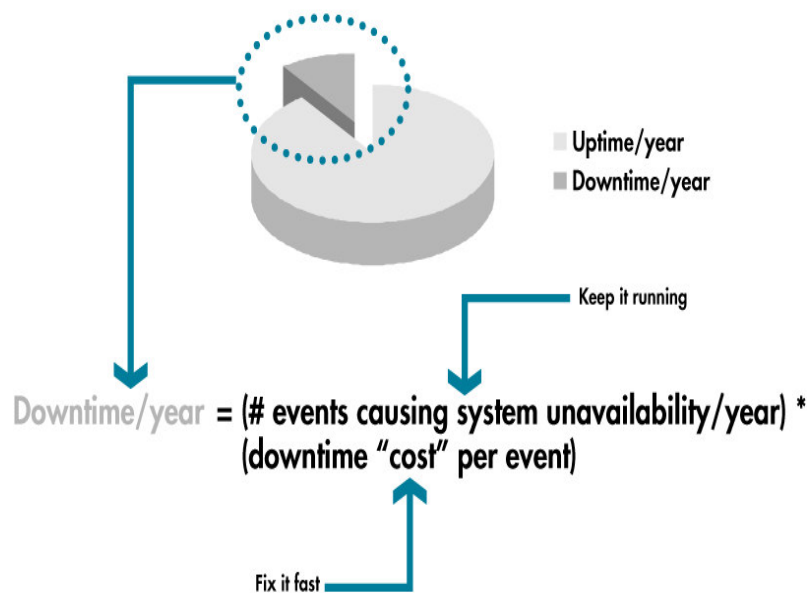
HP has approached its Itanium-based Integrity platforms with the goals of building on our PA-RISC tradition of leadership in RAS and achieving industry leading RAS from the high-end to the entry-level. All systems – with only minor differences – give the same industry leading Reliability, Availability and Serviceability capabilities.

Note: Unless specifically mentioned throughout this presentation – RAS features on Itanium also exist on PA-RISC.



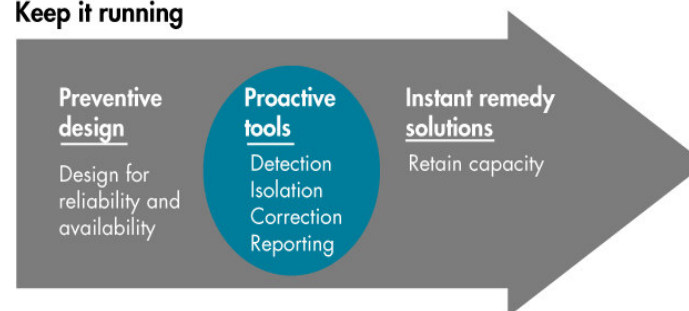
HA & Fault Management

The Fault Management and High Availability Design philosophy in HP is a coordinated and targeted approach to realizing our RAS objectives



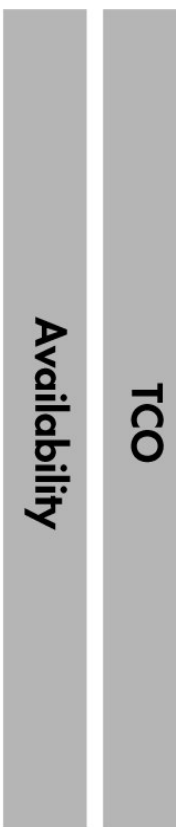
HP proactive fault management = fault avoidance

Keep it running

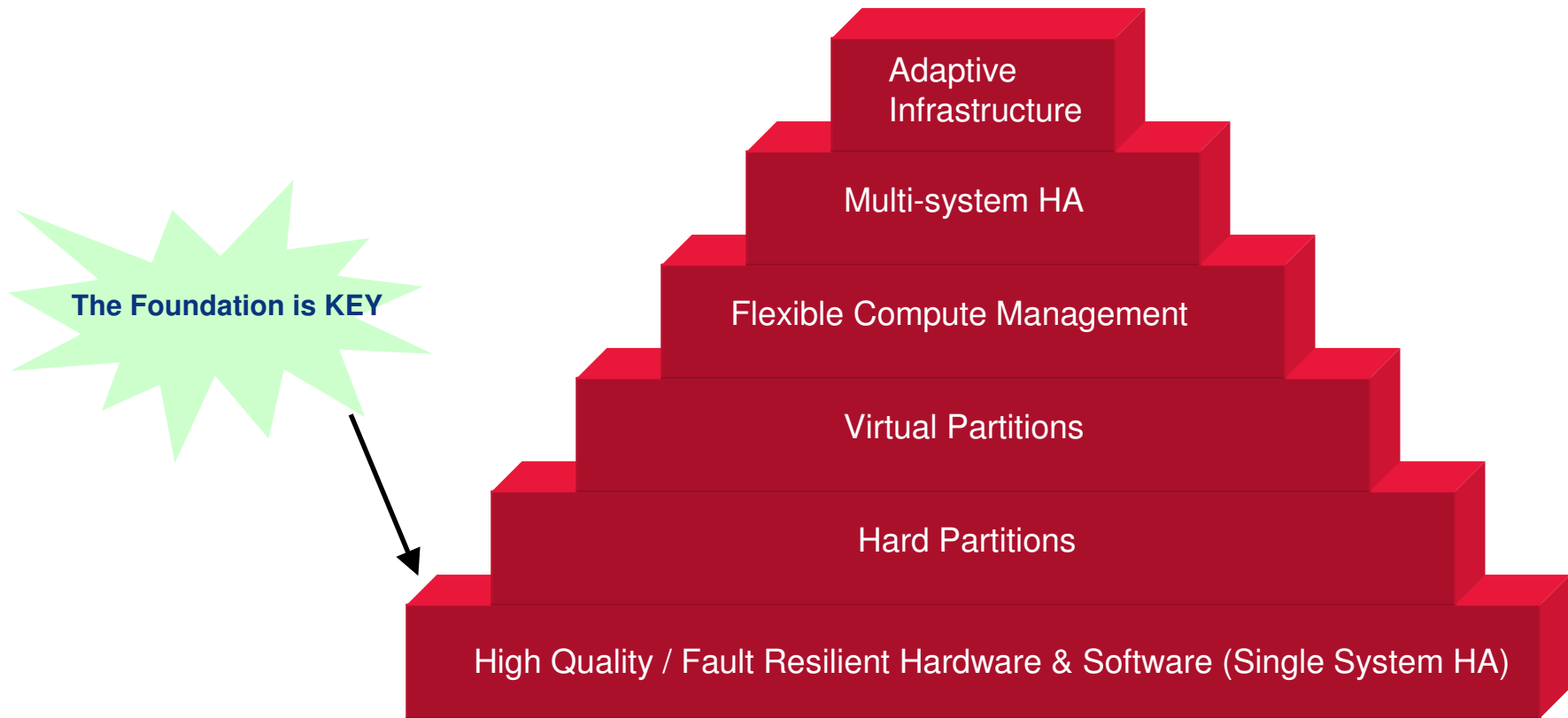


HP reactive fault management = fault recovery

Fix it fast



The High Availability Pyramid





Hardware RAS Strategy

- Move to “Boot box once”: Resources shared by hard partitions should not go down, and the box should not need to go down to repair box-wide resources.
- System crash rate and planned downtime continues to go down aggressively over time:
 - Continuous improvement for each subsystem
 - HA features NOT ‘for show’.. attack true problem areas
- Evolve resiliency into self-healing
 - resiliency implies planned downtime to ‘fix’..
 - self-healing ‘erases’ error from the system, mitigating need for planned downtime. Improves TCE and warranty costs





Itanium hardware RAS features at-a-glance

Dynamic memory resiliency with reactive memory scrubbing

Parity protected ECC 'chip spare'

✓ address control bus parity

Memory

Dynamic processor resiliency

1-bit ECC & 2-bit detection on L1&L2 processor caches

1-bit ECC on all processor addr/data paths

- ✓ Dynamic processor resiliency & auto replace with spare
- ✓ Per Processor power supplies for de-allocation (Integrity Superdome)
- ✓ Per processor 'smart fans' for increased processor reliability (rx8620, rx7620)

Processors

Infrastructure

Redundant and hot-swap power supplies (Uptime Institute)

Redundant and hot-swap system fans

Out-of-band management, Firmware updates, remote power control, health monitoring, remote console, and event logging

Color coded cables and latches for faster upgrades and repairs

- ✓ Explicit hardware support for hard partitioning
- ✓ Hot-swap service processor (SP) & system tolerance to SP failures (Integrity Superdome)
- ✓ Redundant crossbar backplane DC converters (hot-swappable for Integrity Superdome)
- ✓ 'Spare Wire' recovery on communication links (Cell-to-cell, Cell-to-IO)
- ✓ Redundant DC power conversion for key subsystems

I/O

Isolated I/O buses give error containment

hot-swap disks with optional mirroring in HPUX

✓ Dual-path I/O with automated switchover

HP's proprietary CECs has the highest performance and reliable any CECs on the market

✓ Cellular System Advanced RAS Features

DMR & DPR Deep Dive

- Goal of DMR / DPR is to provide system ‘self-healing’
 - CPU errors are common, due to chip complexity
 - Memory errors are common, due to sheer array size
- Smart, accurate fault management of processor / memory errors is critical to meet mission critical objectives:
 - Key differentiator, for both HW & SW
 - Most HW & SW do not deal with such errors correctly

HP's field data has shown that DMR/DPR virtually eliminates system failures due to memory problems



DMR: Dynamic Memory Resiliency

Main memory failures are demonstrated to be a significant cause of HW downtime. Great care has been taken to address this failure mode on Itanium with these specific features:

- **Memory 'chip spare'**: the ability of the system to continue to run in the face of any single or multi-bit chip error on a DRAM.
- **Dynamic memory resiliency (DMR)**: is the system's ability to de-allocate failed memory pages *online*. It works similar to Dynamic Processor Resiliency in that if a location in memory proves to be 'questionable' (i.e., exhibits persistent errors), that memory will be de-allocated online, with no customer visible impact. The number of spares is NOT limited by hardware, like in other industry available systems.
- **HW memory scrubbing**: The HW feature that automatically removes single bit errors (SBE) that reside in main memory. This is far superior to SW scrubbing mechanisms that skip locked memory locations.
- **Address Control Parity**: A DIMM set is only de-allocated if a fatal error that effects the quad has been detected. (ie, address / control parity error or multi-path data error). This is done to protect against data corruption. **HP is the only vendor to offer parity checking on the memory address / control Bus**

The combination of these features have proven to nearly eliminate memory as a cause of downtime in HP systems.



DPR: Dynamic Processor Resiliency

Hot Spare CPU



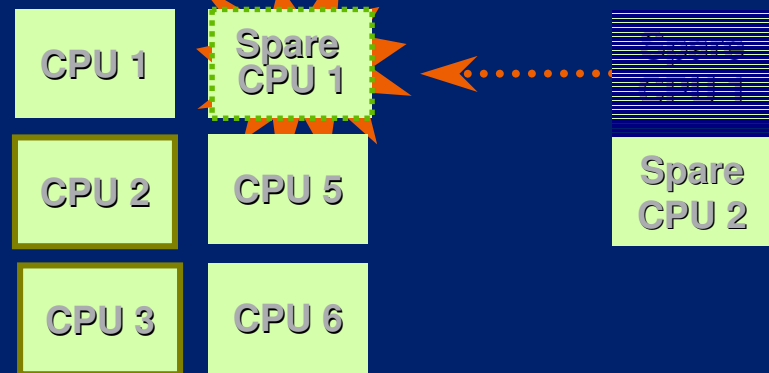
dynamic processor
resiliency

HP proven technology

no system crash
no performance loss
no resource loss

completely
transparent to the
end-users

Instant capacity on
Demand CPUs



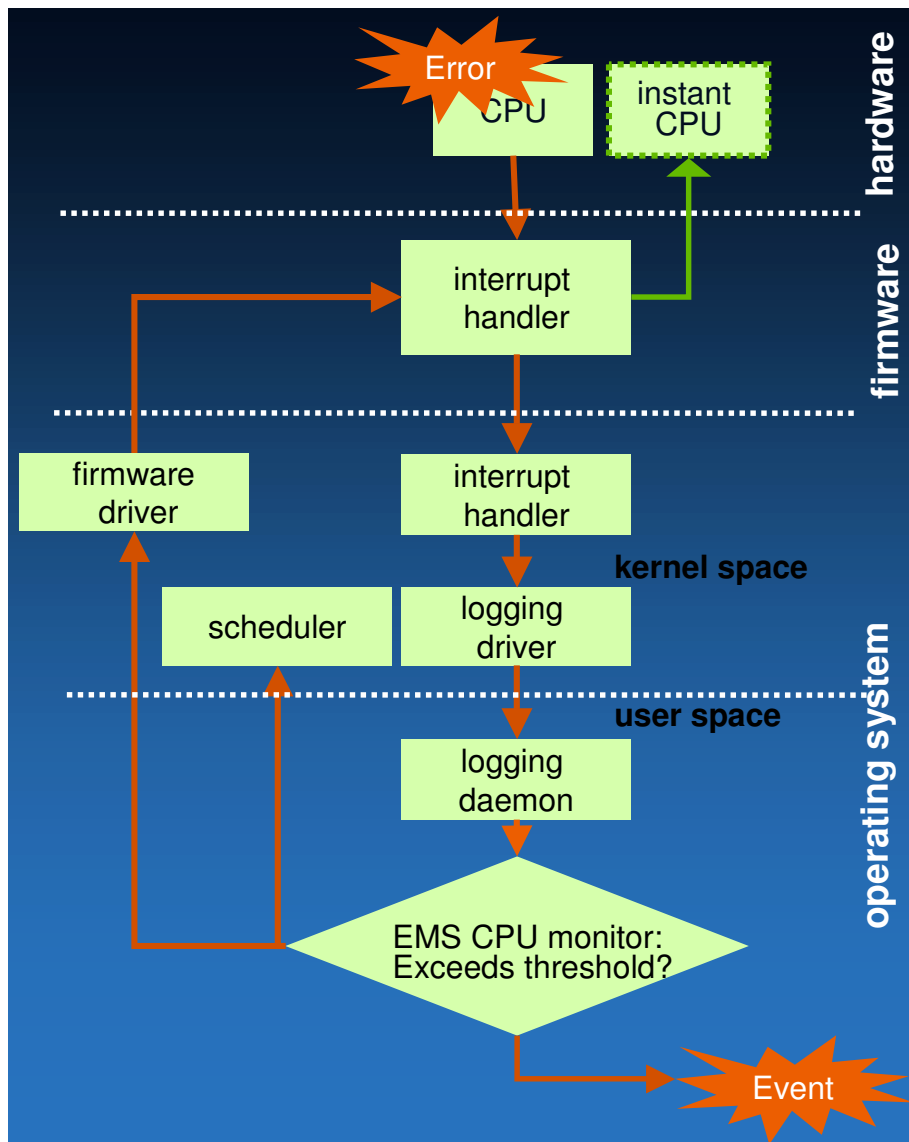
Inside DPR



1. An error occurs
2. Hardware detects error, corrects it, then generates an interrupt to the firmware
3. Firmware gathers error data, then vectors the interrupt to an OS level handler
4. OS level handler passes data to the diagnostic logging driver
5. The diagnostic logging daemon passes error data to the EMS monitor
6. EMS tracks thresholds and generates an event

* If exceeded, monitor sends requests to scheduler and firmware driver

1. Scheduler stops further application on faulty CPU and **fails over to hot spare**
2. Firmware driver sends request back to firmware to deallocate or 'fix' (Repair on Reboot – ROR) faulty CPU on next system boot.

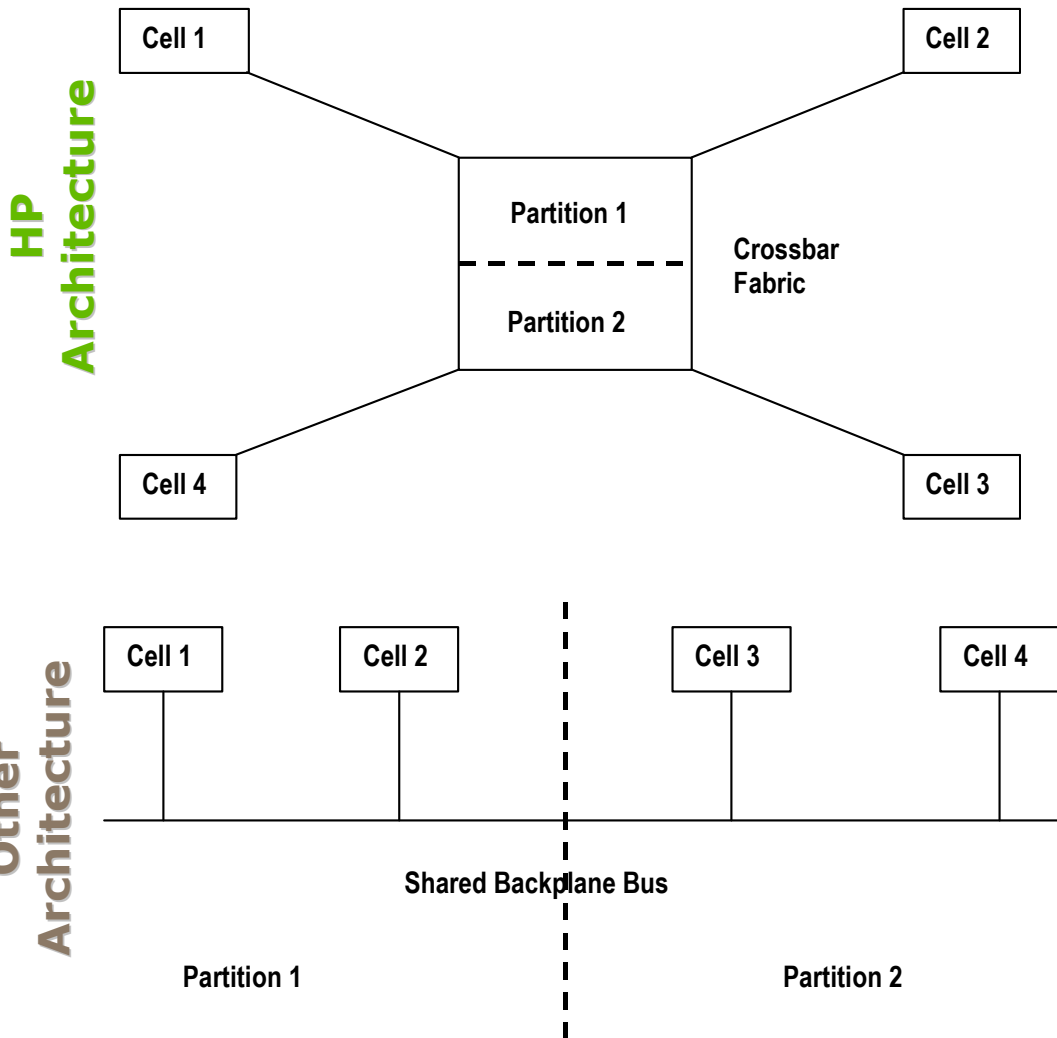




Hard Partitioning

- Only vendor with true hardware and software partition isolation:
 - HP's nPAR isolation for Superdome is field demonstrated to be greater than 100 year MTBF
 - Soft partition isolation (e.g. IBM's Lpars) tend to run about 5-10 year MTBF
- Enables a true server consolidation solution
 - Can physically service any nPAR while other nPARs are booted and running. (includes power up / down, HW addition and removal, etc..)
 - Superior to other partitioning solutions (IBM p690 requires all Lpars to come down to replace a failed system fan, for example)
- Great use models:
 - Production & pre-production machines in same box
 - Ability to size and re-size partitions based on need

Hard Partition Error Containment



On the HP system, the crossbar logically separates the two physical partitions to provide performance and isolation.

A shared backplane has all its cells competing for the same electrical bus. In this design, a snoopy bus-coherency scheme requires all transactions to be broadcast to and processed by all system cells. The high-queuing delays and saturation of the shared backplane bus can limit performance scaling, and results in many shared failure modes

Itanium HA Features, Platforms, and Operating Systems



Thane Larson

**RASUM Architect for Entry Level
Itanium and HP9000 Servers**

Hewlett-Packard





HP Delivering HA Solutions from Scale-up to Scale-out

- **Cellular Systems**

- Optimum scale-up from 1 to 128 processors
- Multiple hard and virtual partitions
- Minimum single points of failure
- Advanced DPR and iCOD
- In the box scalability

- **Non-Cellular Systems**

- Optimum scale-out with multiple systems and HA clusterware like Serviceguard and Oracle 9iRAC
- High single-system reliability
- Unlimited scalability
- Flexible serviceability models

- **Both can be run single-system or clustered**



HP is uniquely positioned to deliver more



- **Seamless 32/64-bit choice, innovation and value**
- **Driving the future of standards across OS, application & platform**
- **Delivering the best choice of price:performance from scale-up to scale-out**

Leading adaptive
management

End-to-end,
common storage
integration

Proven enterprise
solutions &
partners

Unmatched
32/64-bit expertise,
service and support

ProLiant

Opteron **Leading x86**
performance **value and HA**
price

1-8P
Industry Standard
Windows, Linux, NetWare

Integrity

**Ultimate scalable
performance and
reliability**

1-128P
Industry Standard Linux, Windows
& Mission Critical HP-UX, OpenVMS
99.95% -> 99.999% Availability

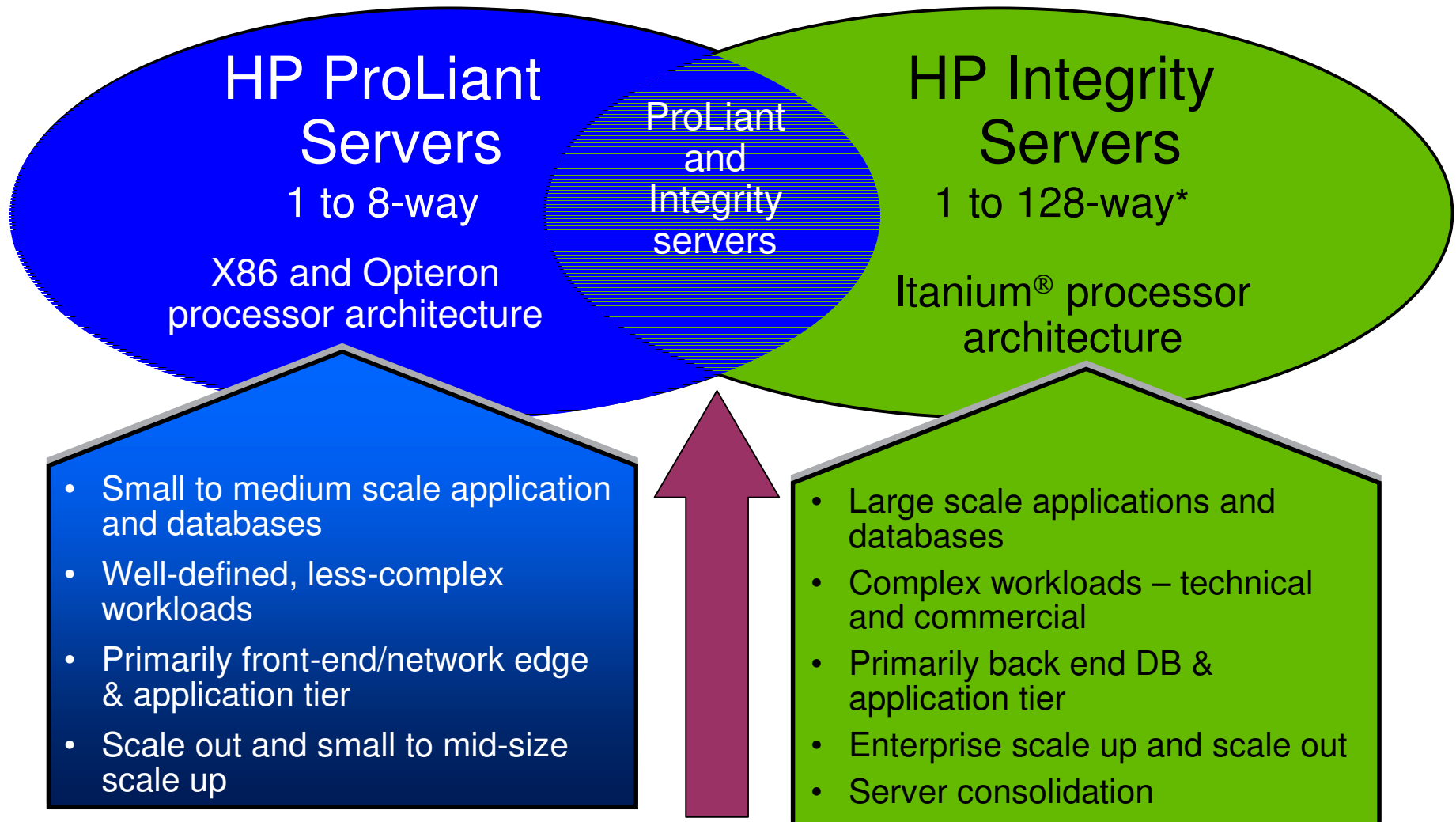
NonStop

**Bulletproof data
integrity and instant
data processing**

Fault Tolerant NSK
99.999%+ Availability



Choosing a System



Customer-specific needs driven



Processor RAS Differences

	Itanium*	HP PA-RISC*	Opteron*	Xeon*	Sun Sparc	IBM POWER4
Chip thermal sensors & management	YES	NO	YES	YES	NO	Limited
Full Cache Parity / ECC	YES	YES	SOME	SOME	SOME	YES
CPU Data Bus ECC	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	YES
†Data Poisoning/Signaling for Error Recovery	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES
‡Enhanced MCA handling & Error Logging	YES	Proprietary Method	Limited	Limited	Limited	Proprietary Method
Dynamic Processor Resiliency	YES	YES	NO	NO	Limited	YES

*Processors used in HP Products

†To prevent an unrecoverable error from propagating and corrupting data, the “Data is Poisoned” in a way that marks it as permanently bad so that the system will either force a reread of that data, or in the worst case forces a crash.

‡Enhanced MCA handling and Error Logging are tools provided to allow for more granularity of error containment. This allows errors to not propagate and to let recovery to have the least impact as possible.



Memory RAS Differences



	Itanium	HP PA-RISC*	Opteron*	Xeon*	Sun Sparc	IBM POWER4
Data Bus ECC protection	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Address Bus Parity protection	† YES	† YES	NO	NO	NO	NO
Advanced ECC / Chip Spare / Chip Kill	YES	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES
Page Deallocation	YES	YES	NO	YES	NO	NO
Dynamic Memory Resiliency (DMR)	YES	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO
‡Mirroring / RAID	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES

*Processors used in HP Products

†Cellular systems only with proprietary DIMMs

‡Memory mirroring/RAID is an expensive way (in terms of \$ and performance) to accomplish the same protection as DMR





HP-UX, Linux, Windows RAS Differences

Feature	HP-UX	Linux	Windows
Dynamic Processor Resiliency (DPR)	●		
iCOD	●		
Superior Online Diagnostics, STM	●		
Online Burn-in Tools, Exercisers	●		
USB devices hot-pluggable		●	●
Predictive Monitoring	●		●
Serviceguard	●	●	
Dynamic Memory Resiliency (DMR)	●	●	●
Partitions in Cellular Systems	●	● *	● *

*Hard Partitions Only



HP-UX contribution to RAS

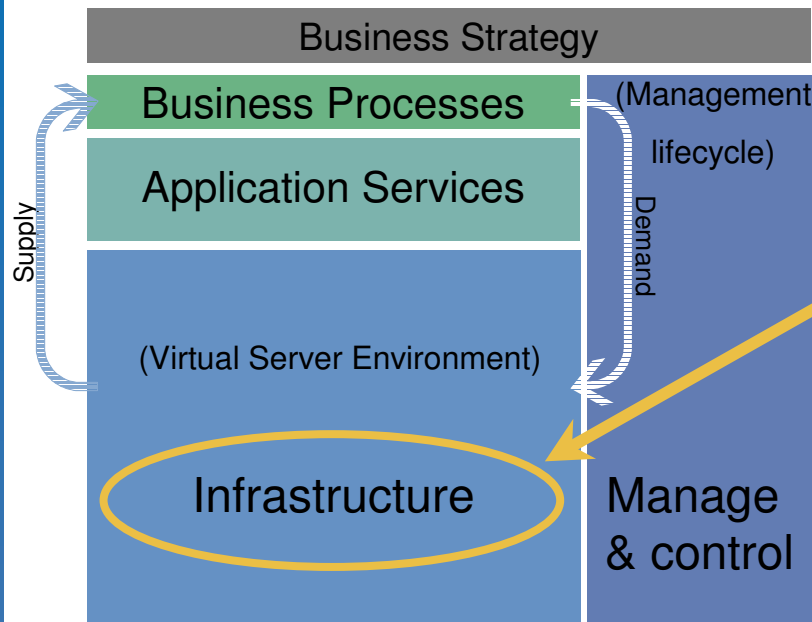
Itanium supports HP-UX, Windows, Linux and OpenVMS. The next portion of the presentation emphasizes HP-UX's contribution.

Mily Tsou

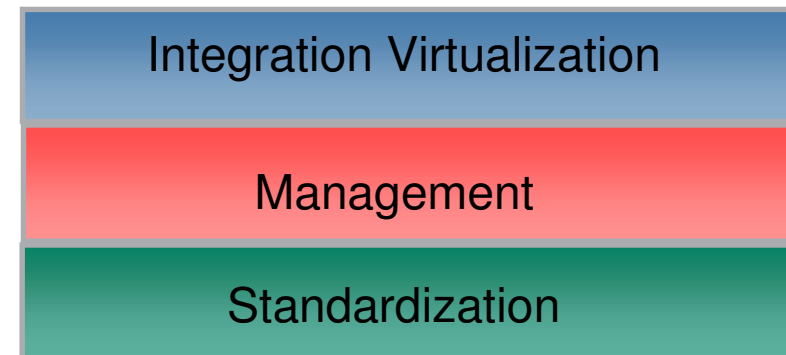
HP-UX SSHA Planning Mgr
Hewlett-Packard



HP's Vision for the Adaptive Enterprise



HP-UX 11i



HP-UX 11i – the foundation of adaptive infrastructure
react quickly to dynamic business demands with virtualization





HP-UX 11i A Solid Foundation Delivered Today for the Adaptive Enterprise

Best-in-class O/S infrastructure

self-tuning

self-healing

fundamentals

Integration Virtualization	Management	Standardization
<p>load balancing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - icod/ppu - process resource manager (PRM) - UDC multi-OS capacity metering and mgmt <p>dynamic tuning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - dynamic kernel tunables - variable page sizing <p>partitions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - nPars, vPars - Psets - memory resource groups (MRG) <p>software deployment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - igniteUX - software distributor (SD) - Fine granularity OE Installation configuration 	<p>fault detection and isolation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Event monitoring services (EMS) - FRU level fault isolation - High Availability Observatory (HAO) - System Configuration Repository (SCR)/System Inventory Manager (SIM) <p>fault correction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Automated Analysis - Intelligent recommended actions - Diagnostics tools (ODE & STM) - HP MC analysis tools - OnlineJFS - VxVM <p>goal based workload management</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Workload Manager WLM <p>intelligent configuration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SCM and SAM - Partition Manager with Big System Views 	<p>reliability</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - hw & sw quality - patch management <p>hw/sw resiliency</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dynamic Processor Resilience - Dynamic Memory Resilience - PCI and PCI-X OL AR - multi-path I/O - APA - HA TCP <p>recovery</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - root disk journaling - Fast boot /reboot via parallel ioscan - Serviceguard <p>secure</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - intrusion detection - IPFilter & Bastille lock-down tool - IPSec/Kerberos Authentication - Install-time security hardening <p>Connectivity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IPv6, mobile IPv4

Kernel Configuration

better application performance via dynamic kernel tuning



name	current	planned
4 → maxfiles_lim	1024	
17 → maxtsiz	0x4000000	
0 → maxtsiz_64bit	0x40000000	
25 → maxuprc	75	
→ msgmax	8192	
→ scsi_max_qdepth	8	
8 → shmmax	0x4000000	

name	maxtsiz
description	Max Text Segment Size (Bytes)
present usage	11489280 (17.1%)
current	0x4000000
planned	0x40000000
evaluated value	0x4000000
default	0x4000000
legal range	262144...1073741824
module	-
dynamic	Yes

top consumers of maxtsiz		
usage	id	name
11489280	9697	netscape
11489280	9696	netscape
4214784	27240	vs
888832	1708	X
708608	1677	httpd

what does it do?

key kernel parameters can be dynamically tuned based upon changing system conditions

- key kernel parameter changes do not require a reboot
- reduced planned downtime
- intuitive graphs of parameters
- notification of potential issues to monitor kernel resource usage
- create/import configuration file
- CLI preview

increased automation



HP-UX Dynamic Tunables in HP-UX 11i



hp-ux 11i v1 **PLUS** hp-ux 11i v1.6 **PLUS** hp-ux 11i v2

- core_addshmem_read
- core_addshmem_write
- maxfiles_lim
- maxtsiz
- maxtsiz_64bit
- maxuprc
- msgmax
- msgmnb
- scsi_max_qdepth
- semmsl
- shmmax
- shmseg

5%

- ksi_alloc_max
- maxdsiz
- maxdsiz_64bit
- maxssiz
- maxssiz_64bit
- maxswapchunks
- max_thread_proc
- nkthread
- nproc
- secure_sid_scripts
- shmmni

40%

- dbc_max_pct
- dbc_min_pct
- maxfiles
- nfile
- nflocks
- semmns
- semmni

50%

re-boots



Peripheral Devices (pdweb)

supports hot-pluggable and hot-swappable I/O cards



I/O Cards 0 of 30 selected

Slot	Hardware Path	Driver	State	Slot Power	Descriptive
-	0/0/0/0	btlan	not OLAR-able	-	HP PCI 10...
-	0/0/1/0	c8xx	not OLAR-able	-	SCSI C896
-	0/0/1/1	c8xx	not OLAR-able	-	SCSI C896
-	0/0/2/0	c8xx	not OLAR-able	-	SCSI C87x
-	0/0/2/1	c8xx	not OLAR-able	-	SCSI C87x

HP-UX Peripheral Device Tool

host: coyote

Slots Devices

8 OLAR Capable Slots

Slot	Path	Bus	Speed	Power	Occupied	Suspended
5	0/2/0	16	33	on	no	-
6	0/5/0	40	33	on	no	-
7	0/1/0	8	33	on	yes	no
8	0/3/0	24	33	on	yes	no
9	0/3/0	72	66	on	yes	no
10	0/6/0	64	66	on	yes	no
11	0/12/0	96	33	on	yes	no
12	0/10/0	80	33	on	yes	no

Detail view of slot: 5

Slot Interfaces Device Files

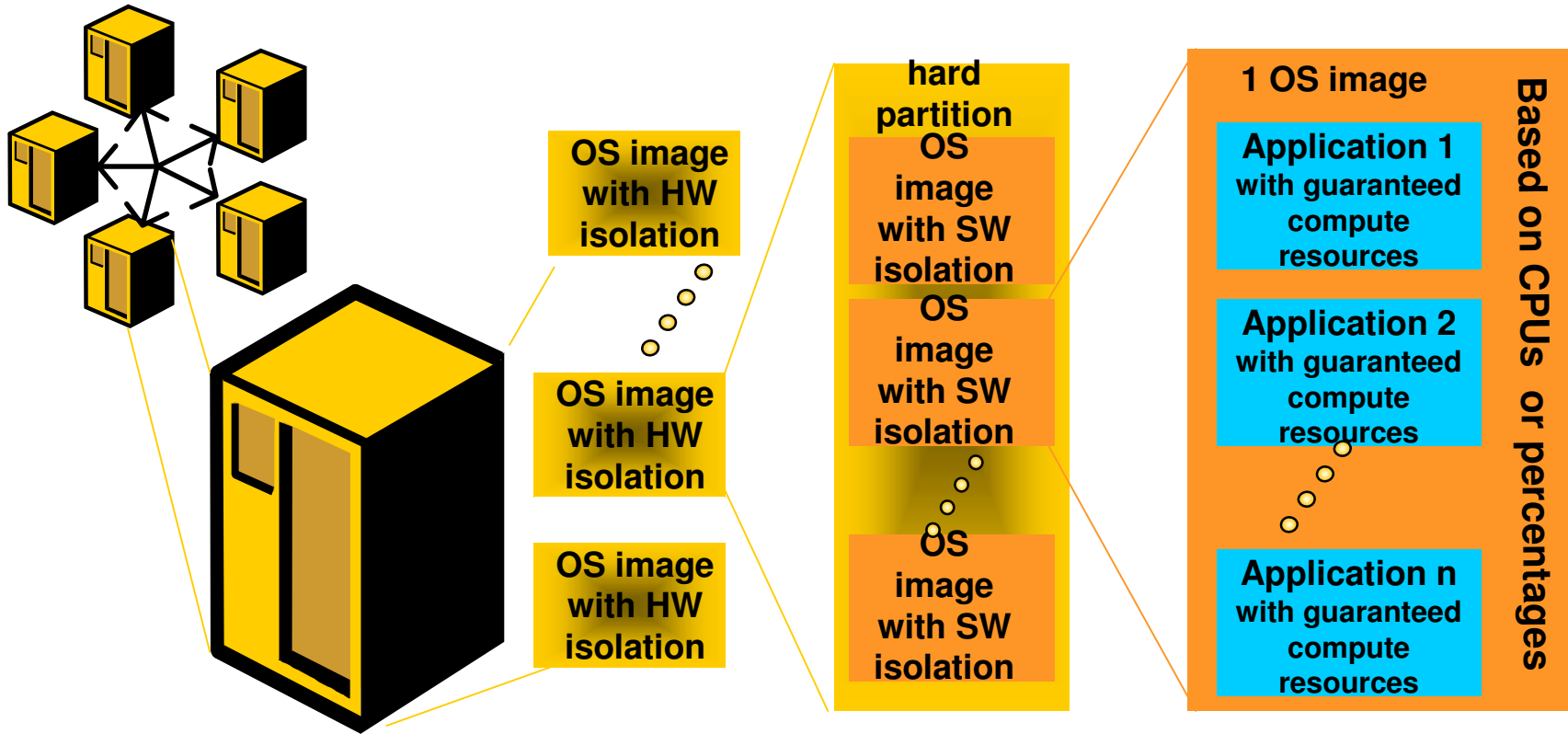
root path	0/2/0
bus	16
speed	33
power	on
occupied	no
suspended	-
driver(s) OLAR capable	-
driver(s) OLD capable	-

- Same functionality as in SAM PD (replacement); SAM and SCM 3.0 launch
- PCI and PCI-X OLAR support to reduce planned downtime
- Displays slots and devices
- Check CRA (critical resource analysis)
- Improved functionality in CLI
- Command preview
- Creates device files
- Web-based interface
- GUI, messages, help localized

HP Partitioning Continuum Strategy for HP-UX



clustered nodes hard partitions virtual partitions resource partitions



HP-UX Workload Manager

Isolation
highest degree of separation

Flexibility
highest degree of dynamic capabilities



HP Partitioning Continuum for HP-UX 11i

Hard partitions
with multiple nodes

Hard partitions
within a node

Virtual partitions
within a hard partition

PRM with psets
resource partitions w/in
a single OS image

Clusters

nPartitions

Virtual partitions

PRM Process Resource Manager

- Complete hardware and software isolation
- Node granularity
- Multiple OS images

- Hardware isolation per cell
- Complete software isolation
- Cell granularity
- Multiple OS images

- Complete software isolation
- Dynamic CPU migration
- Multiple OS images

- Dynamic resource allocation
- Share (%) granularity
- 1 OS image

Isolation

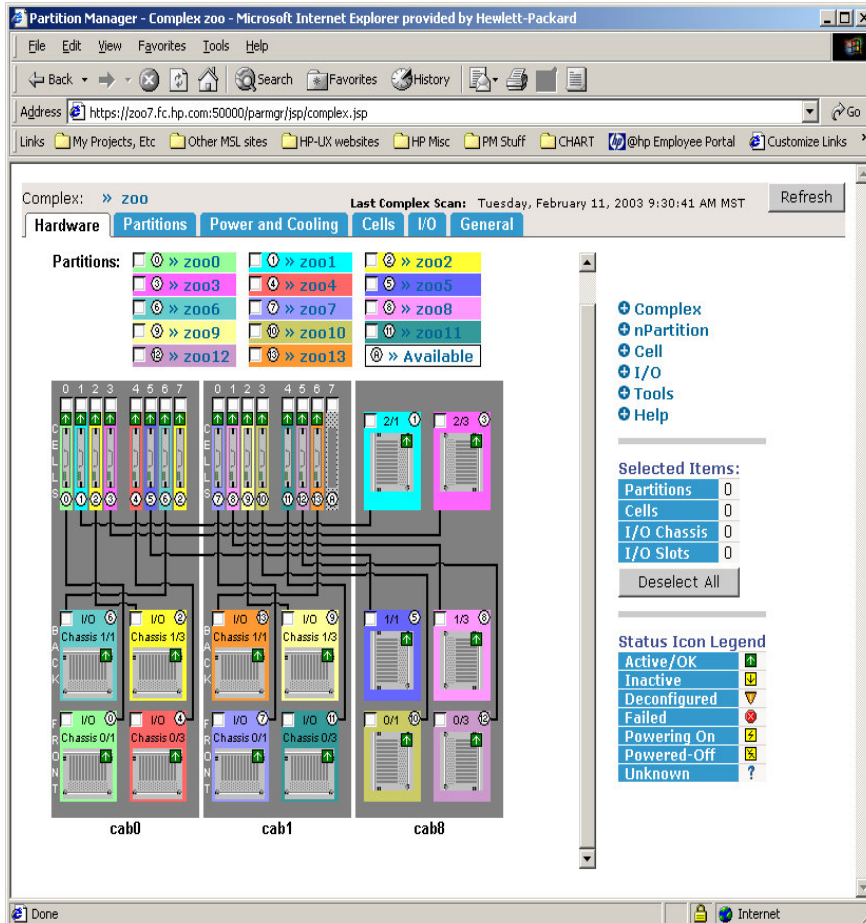
highest degree of separation

Flexibility

highest degree of dynamic capabilities



New Partition Manager Benefits



Today's HP Partition Manager features **PLUS...**

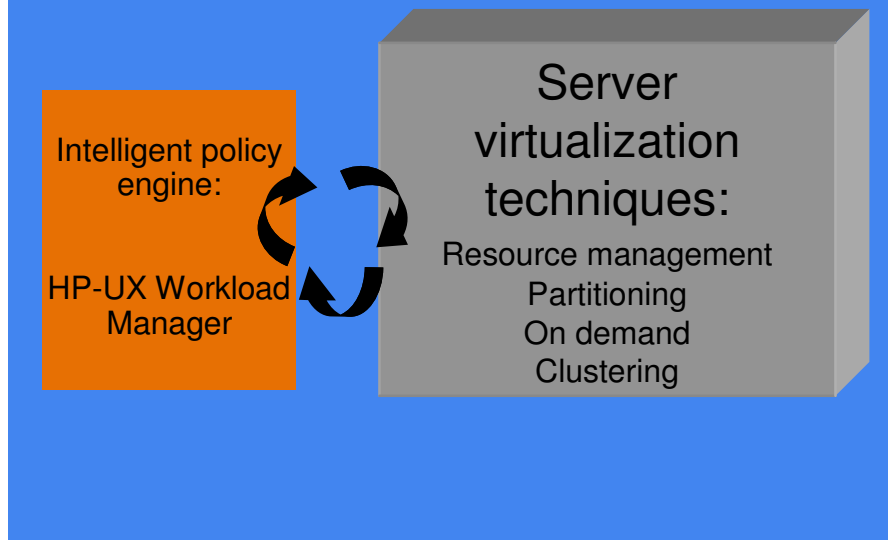
- New intuitive web interface
- Graphical “big picture” views & configuration of complexes including:
 - nPars
 - I/O
 - Cells
 - Power & cooling
- Hardware component status
- Remote administration capability
- Manage Itanium servers (rx7610 & above) & new PA servers (rp7420 and above) from the Integrity system
- Preserve compatibility with iCOD/PPU
- Non-root user read-only access



Integrated Virtualization: HP Virtual Server Environment for HP-UX 11i



HP Virtual Server Environment for HP-UX 11i

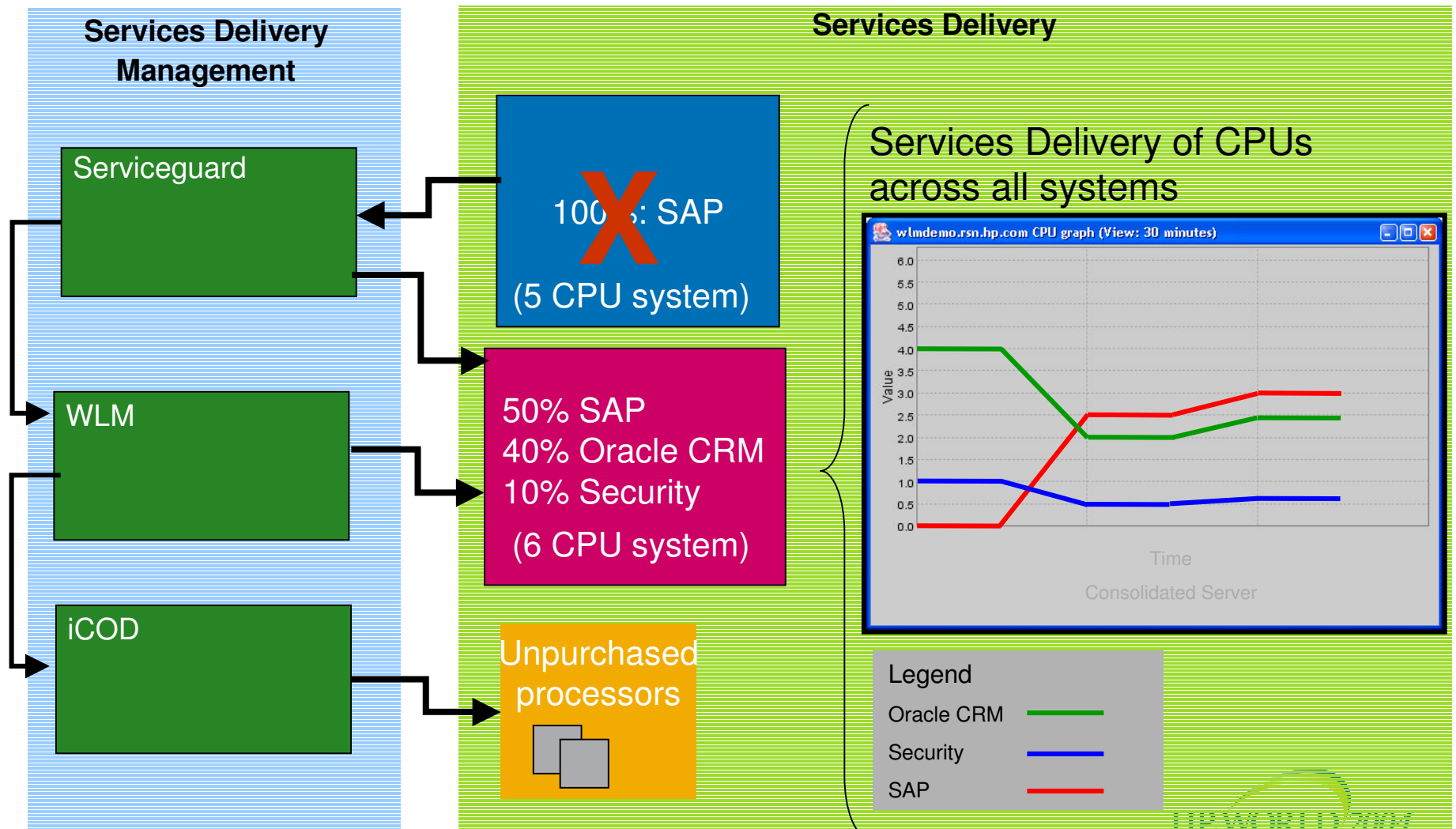


- Automates the virtualized environment
- Goal-based or policy-based resource management
- Exclusive integration:
 - CPU resource allocation
 - within and across partitions
 - in between multiple apps in a single OS image
 - Automatic reallocation of resources upon Serviceguard package activation
- Application transparent
- Application-specific toolkits

Optimized utilization with service levels and agility



HP-UX VSE for the Adaptive Enterprise – in production use today



Enhancing HP VSE for HP-UX 11i – proven foundation for the Adaptive Enterprise



HP Virtual Server Environment (VSE)

Control

Availability

Partitioning

Utility Pricing

Existing components	Workload Manager Systems Insight Manager (SIM)	Serviceguard SGeRAC	nPars vPars Process Resource Manager / pSets	Instant Capacity Temporary Instant Capacity Pay Per Use
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New components	Global Workload Manager	Enhanced SGeRAC Serviceguard Fast Failover Mixed clusters Enhanced Serviceguard Manager	Secure resource partitions vPars on Integrity HP Integrity Virtual Machines with sub-CPU and shared I/O	new
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New packaging HP VSE Suites for HP-UX 11i

HP Virtual Server Environment: innovation based on standards



		HP MC VSE Suite for HP-UX 11i	IBM VE Server Suite for pSeries
Control	Goal-based workload management	YES	NO
	Multi OS management with provisioning	YES	multi OS planned
	Integrated management console for virtualization	YES	NO Director? VE Console? HMC?
Availability	Integrated mission-critical virtualization	YES	NO HA not integrated, HACMP not yet supported on AIX 5.3
	Hard Partitions	YES	NO
Partitioning	Soft Partitions	YES	YES
	Sub CPU Partitioning	planned	YES
	Secure resource partitions	planned	NO
	Resource Partitioning (PRM, pSets)	YES	YES
Utility Pricing	Integrated Utility Pricing with virtualization	YES	NO

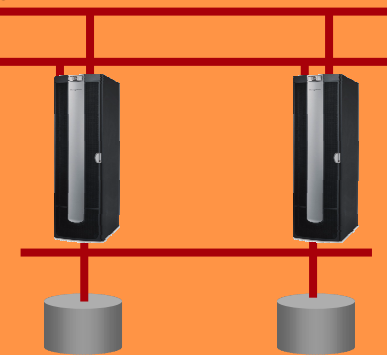
High Availability product portfolio

Availability through manageability:

- Mainframe capabilities
- Monitoring and management
- Ease of use
 - Serviceguard manager
 - EMS HA monitors
 - OpenView/Operations & NNM
 - Systems Insight manager
 - Servicecontrol manager



Extended Campus Cluster,
Metrocluster, Continentalclusters,
StorageWorks Cluster Extension XP



Business Continuity
technologies

Single
system
availability

- Servers
- Disk arrays
- Network



Multi-system
availability

- Serviceguard
(HP-UX &
Linux)
- SGeRAC

Network
web
application
database

Solution enablement:
Improve end-to-end
availability including
application stack

- HA Toolkits
 - SGeSAP, NFS,
ECMT
- HP C&I; HP Cluster
Consistency Service

The Fault Management contribution to RAS



The Itanium platform is designed with the OS to ensure industry leading RAS. The Following portion of the presentation highlights the fault management and serviceability capabilities.

Jerry Chin

Fault Management Architect for HP's
Itanium Products and Services



HP Server Fault Management in the Adaptive Enterprise



Management & Control



Business stability

- Operations control
 - Networks
 - Servers
 - Storage
 - Software
- **Fault and performance management**
- Integrated view of system-wide operations



Fundamental FM Design

- Design for reliability
- Design for availability
- **Superior fault containment**
- 100% fault diagnosis, identification & remedy
- Quality focused design & manufacturing
- Instrument the environment
- Design for serviceability

Proactive FM

- Monitor environment
- Automated detection
- **Automated Error isolation (Field Replaceable Unit level)**
- Proactive notification
- Ease of management
- Manageability integration
- **Services integration**
- Customer focused serviceability

Transparent Remedy

- **Automated repair & recovery**
- **Dynamic capabilities**
- Predictive capabilities
- **Intelligent processes**
- **Transparent processes/functions**

HP Industry Leader

discrete partitioned

integrated clustered

virtualized federated

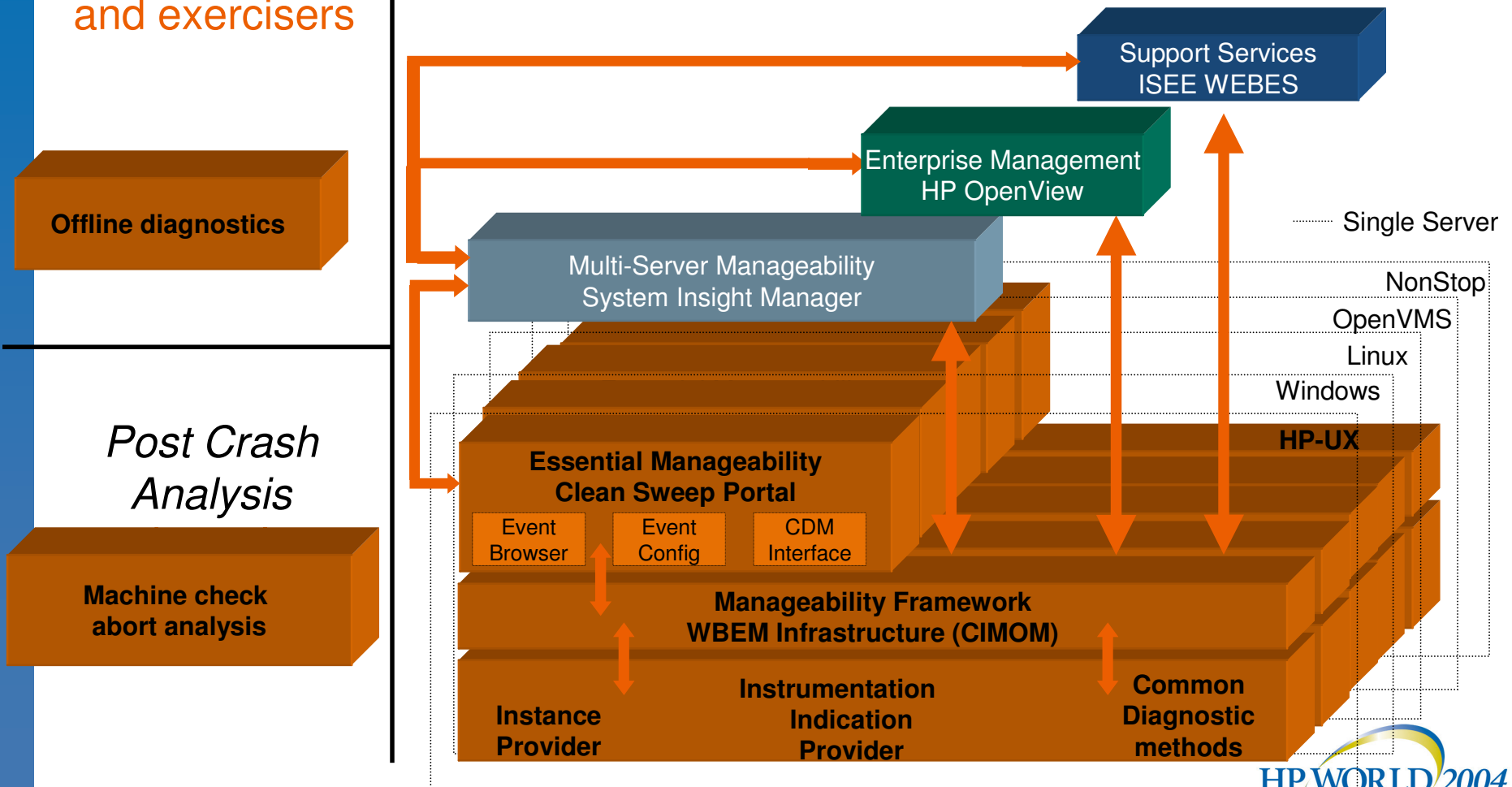


IPF Fault Management Architecture



Offline Fault Mgmt
diagnostics
and exercisers

Online Fault Management
information, events, exercisers





Serviceability example - rx4640

Offering the most effective HW problem determination & repair tools

✓ **Quick Find Diagnostic Panel**, hardware-based, external visual health indicator/status of subsystems

✓ **Modular FRUs**

-highest number of POP parts, 90% of entire FRU list

-tool-less repair

✓ **Color Coded Labels and Latches**

✓ **Redundant hot-swappable fans**

✓ **Redundant, N+1 PSUs**

✓ **Hot-swap HDDs**

-2 internal, RAID capable

✓ **OL***

-PCI-x slots

-Doorbells and latches

✓ **internally Traditional PA-RISC troubleshooting tools now available for IPF**

- diagnostics, offline & online (hp-ux)

- exercisers

- monitors (all OS's), that integrate into management tools and into HP Services

- MCA analyzer (field tool)

✓ **Remote Connectivity**

-LAN, http included

-Serial

✓ **Customer installable FW**

✓ **Cable management**

-Minimized

-Arm for external rack mounts



The Bottom Line

HP's RAS features:

- Dynamic Processor Resiliency
- Dynamic Memory Resiliency
- PCI/PCI-X OLAR
- Dynamic kernel tunables
- Partition fault (hardware and software) isolation
- I/O Error Containment
- Uptime Institute Certification
- Hardware memory scrubbing
- Address parity checking
- Wire sparing
- Redundant/hot-swappable fans and power supplies
- Fault Management/Isolation/Recovery
- World-class clustering solutions (Serviceguard)
- ... and future HA enhancements



Higher
Single System
Resiliency

+

Improved
Recovery
Times

=

Higher levels of
availability!



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