

## Appendix D – Tripwire Sample Configuration

Session # 115

# tripwire.config

#

# Modified from original (generic) sample created by:

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#

# This file contains a list of files and directories that System

# Preener will scan. Information collected from these files will be

# stored in the tripwire.database file.

#

# Format: [!|=] entry [ignore-flags]

#

# where: '!' signifies the entry is to be pruned (inclusive) from  
# the list of files to be scanned.

# '=' signifies the entry is to be added, but if it is

# a directory, then all its contents are pruned  
# (useful for /tmp).

#

# where: entry is the absolute pathname of a file or a directory

#

# where ignore-flags are in the format:

# [template][+|-][pinugsam12] ... ]

#

# - : ignore the following attributes

# + : do not ignore the following attributes

#

# p : permission and file mode bits a: access timestamp

# i : inode number m: modification timestamp

# n : number of links (ref count) c: inode creation timestamp

# u : user id of owner 1: signature 1

# g : group id of owner 2: signature 2

# s : size of file

#

#

# Ex: The following entry will scan all the files in /etc, and report

# any changes in mode bits, inode number, reference count, uid,

# gid, modification and creation timestamp, and the signatures.

# However, it will ignore any changes in the access timestamp.

#

# /etc +pinugsm12-a

#

# The following templates have been pre-defined to make these long ignore

# mask descriptions unnecessary.

#

# Templates: (default) R : [R]ead-only (+pinugsm12-a)

```

#           L : [L]og file (+pinug-sam12)
#           N : ignore [N]othing (+pinusgsamc12)
#           E : ignore [E]verything (-pinusgsamc12)
#
# By default, Tripwire uses the R-c2 template -- it ignores
# only the access timestamp.
#
# You can use templates with modifiers, like:
#   Ex: /etc/lp   E+ug
#
#   Example configuration file:
#       /etc      R    # all system files
#       !/etc/lp  R    # ...but not those logs
#       =/tmp     N    # just the directory, not its files
#
# Note the difference between pruning (via "!") and ignoring everything
# (via "E" template): Ignoring everything in a directory still monitors
# for added and deleted files. Pruning a directory will prevent Tripwire
# from even looking in the specified directory.
#
#
# Tripwire running slowly?  Modify your tripwire.config entries to
# ignore the (signature 2) attribute when this computationally-exorbitant
# protection is not needed.  (See README and design document for further
# details.)
#
# -----
#
#   970612 bs    Modified sample to better meet HP-UX 10.20 and CTC
#               usage
#
# -----
#
# First, the root directory and root's "home"
=/              R-c2
=/root         L-c2
/root/.Xauthority  R-c2
/root/.elm     L-c2
/root/.profile R-c2
/root/.secure  R-c2
=/root/.sw    L-c2

# Unix (kernel) files themselves
/stand        R-c2

# Now, some critical directories and files

```

# Some exceptions are noted further down

/etc R-c2  
/etc/hpC2400/hparray.map L-c2  
/etc/shutdownlog L-c2  
/etc/mail/sendmail.pid L-c2  
/etc/mail/aliases.db L-c2  
/etc/mail/aliases L-c2  
/etc/xtab L-c2  
/etc/.ad L-c2  
/etc/hpC2400/hparray.addr L-c2  
/etc/hpC2400/hparray.devs L-c2  
/etc/hpC2400/hparray.luns L-c2  
/etc/hpC2400/monitor.lock L-c2  
/etc/hpC2400/pscan.lock L-c2  
/etc/rmtab L-c2  
/etc/ifconfig.muxids L-c2  
/etc/auto\_parms.log L-c2i  
/etc/auto\_parms.log.old L-c2  
/etc/hpC2400/HPARRAY.INFO L-c2  
/etc/rc.log L-c2  
/etc/rc.log.old L-c2  
/etc/mnttab L-c2  
/etc/eisa/config.err L-c2  
/etc/SnmpAgent.d/snmpd.conf L-c2  
/etc/SnmpAgent.d L-c2  
/etc/group L-c2i  
/etc/pam\_user.conf L-c2  
/etc/#pam\_user.conf L-c2  
/etc/profile L-c2  
/etc/passwd L-c2i  
/etc/utmp L-c2  
/etc/utmpx L-c2  
/etc/inetd.conf R-c

!/cdrom

!/net

/tcb R-c  
=/tcb/files/auth R-c2  
/tcb/files/auth/system/default R-c2

=/var R-c2  
=/var/X11 L-c2  
=/var/adm R-c2  
/var/adm/inetd.sec R-c  
/var/adm/btmp L-c2i

/var/adm/wtmp	L-c2i
/var/adm/sulog	L-c2i
=/var/adm/syslog	L-c2i
=/var/adm/cron	R-c2
/var/adm/cron/at.allow	L-c2i
/var/adm/cron/cron.allow	L-c2i
=/var/dt	R-c2
=/var/mail	R-c2
=/var/news	R-c2
=/var/opt	R-c2
=/var/preserve	R-c2
=/var/rbootd	R-c2
=/var/run	R-c2
=/var/sam	R-c2
=/var/spool	R-c2
=/var/statmon	R-c2
=/var/tmp	R-c2i
=/var/uucp	R-c2
=/var/yp	R-c2
=/dev	R-c2
/dev	E
/dev/vg00	R-c2
/dev/vg01	R-c2
=/usr	R-c2
/usr/bin	R-c2
/usr/bin/ccs	R-c2
/usr/conf	R-c2
/usr/contrib	R-c2
/usr/dt	R-c2
/usr/etc	R-c2
=/usr/examples	R-c2
/usr/hpC2400	E
/usr/include	R-c2
/usr/lbin	R-c2
/usr/lib	R-c2
/usr/local	R-c2i
/usr/newconfig	R-c2i
/usr/obam	E
/usr/old	R-c2
/usr/sam	R-c2
/usr/sbin	R-c2
/usr/share	R-c2
/usr/tsm	E
/usr/vue	R-c2
=/opt	R-c
/opt/tripwire/tripwire-1.2	R-c

# Checksumming the following is not so critical. However,  
# setuid/setgid files are special-c2ased further down.

=/lib R-c2  
=/bin R-c2  
/sbin R-c2

=/tmp L-c2

# Here are entries for setuid/setgid files. On these, we use  
# both signatures just to be sure. (From /etc /sbin /bin /lib  
# /opt)

# Here are entries for setuid/setgid files. On these, we use  
# both signatures just to be sure.  
#  
# You may want/need to edit this list. Batteries not inc.

/etc/wall R-c  
/etc/vgscan R-c  
/etc/vgremove R-c  
/etc/vgreduce R-c  
/etc/vgimport R-c  
/etc/vgextend R-c  
/etc/vgexport R-c  
/etc/vgdisplay R-c  
/etc/vgcreate R-c  
/etc/vgchange R-c  
/etc/vgcfgrestore R-c  
/etc/vgcfgbackup R-c  
/etc/sysdef R-c  
/etc/pvmmove R-c  
/etc/pvdisplay R-c  
/etc/pvcreate R-c  
/etc/pvchange R-c  
/etc/ping R-c  
/etc/mediainit R-c  
/etc/lvrmbboot R-c  
/etc/lvremove R-c  
/etc/lvreduce R-c  
/etc/lvlnboot R-c  
/etc/lvextend R-c  
/etc/lvdisplay R-c  
/etc/lvcreate R-c

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/etc/lvchange R-c
/etc/lanscan R-c
/etc/arp R-c
/usr/bin/mediainit R-c
/usr/bin/bdf R-c
/usr/bin/rcp R-c
/usr/bin/remsh R-c
/usr/bin/at R-c
/usr/bin/crontab R-c
/usr/bin/mail R-c
#
#
#
```