# The Creative Application of Ignite-UX to Meet Unique Requirements

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#### Agenda:

Review Ignite-UX Basics
Creating System Images (Depots vs. Archives)
Internals
Configuration File Logic and Fine Points
Pre & Post Commands & Scripts
Best Practices
Case Studies
Procedures to Create Bootable Ignite CDs
Where to go for more information



# What Is Ignite-UX?

- process for initial system deployment or redeployment
- client/server model:
  - can install multiple target machines simultaneously
  - allows target customization and status monitoring
- ability to build and reuse standard configurations
- ability to do site-specific and system specific customization
- ability to automate installation process
- extensive system manifest capability
- ability to install software from multiple sources in a single session





# Ignite-UX versus SD-UX

	Ignite-UX	Software Distributor
Purpose	Complete installs of system software.	Manages software on an existing system.
Disk space considerations	Performs disk and file system layout based on software selected.	Cannot modify file system if there is insufficient space.
Objects handled	Handles SD depots and/or golden system archives in <b>tar</b> or <b>cpio</b> format.	Understands standard bundles, products and file sets (OS, Applications, patches etc.)



### **Fundamental Models for Ignite-UX**

- Initial Installation from Media (Tape or CD)
  - New, redeployed, repaired systems
  - Examples: Instant Ignition and Easy Setup CDs
- Installation over the Network from Target (Push)
- Installation over the Network from Server (Pull)
- Redeploy over the Network from Target or Server





# Graphical User Interface (or not)





# **Ignite-UX Client Configuration**





# **Ignite-UX Configuration Files**



# **Creating System Images**



# **Depots vs. Archives**

	Depots	Archives
Original Setup	Straightforward	Time Consuming
Additions	Simple to add patches or applications	Must add to master and harder to undo
Modifications	Easy to make changes	Requires changing the master
Image Size	Larger	Smaller
Load Time	Slower	Faster
Best Use	Ongoing image management	Quick cloning and compact media image



### Creating a Depot Based Image

Step 1: Create a large directory space(/IGNITE/depots)

Step 2: Making the depots from HP CD media



Core Applications Support Plus

# make\_depots -v -d /IGNITE/depots -s /dev/dsk/c0t0d0

Step 3: Use swremove to remove any unwanted software from the depot:

# swremove @ /IGNITE/depots

Step 4: Create the configuration file for your depot:

make\_config -s /IGNITE/depots -c /IGNITE/config\_file



### Creating an Archive (Golden) Image

Step 1: Load the master system (*ignite\_master*) software:

- Operating System
- Patches
- HP & 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Applications

Step 2: Configure the system for proper operation:

- Networking, name services, etc.
- Local and remote file systems
- Kernel tuning, etc
- Step 3: Exhaustively test system for proper operation!
  - Don't shortcut this step!!!
- Step 4: Create a directory (/IGNITE) with enough disk space to hold at least 50% of the current disk space used by the master system (bdf).



### Creating an Archive (Golden) Image(cont)

Step 5: Determine which directories you wish to exclude (/IGNITE) from the archive (use +NO\_ARCHIVE heading) and place them in a file (/IGNITE/files\_to\_exclude).

Step 6: Determine which system configuration files you wish to prevent from being reset:

- Those in /etc/rc.config.d/ for example
- See manpage for make\_sys\_image for details

and place these in the file created in step 5 (use +NO\_RESET heading).

Step 7: Create the final archive image:

# make\_sys\_image -v -d /IGNITE -s local -n image.gz -f /IGNITE/files\_to\_exclude

Step 8: Create configuration files beginning with:

# /opt/ignite/lbin/archive\_impact -t -g image.gz >archive\_impact.cfg



# **Ignite-UX Internals**



# Ignite-UX Server Setup Overview





# **Ignite-UX File Set**





# Key Ignite-UX Files

1. /opt/ignite/boot/ :

INSTALL – Memory-based 32-bit Ignite Kernel INSTALLFS – Memory-based Ignite File System (gzipped tar file) WINSTALL – Memory-based 64-bit Ignite Kernel VINSTALL – V-Class Memory-based 64-bit Ignite Kernel boot\_lif - bootable LIF file to initiate Ignite boot (ISL, AUTO, HPUX) fs\_cfd.def – sample 8K LIF area at the beginning of INSTALLFS

2. /opt/ignite/data/Rel\_{ref #} :

SYSCMDS – additional system commands available by internal calls(gzipped tar file)

3. /var/opt/ignite :

INDEX – Default location of the primary Ignite index which links all configuration file to a specific system configuration clients/local – all local results and log file for a target node clients/{-lla} – found on Ignite server where there is Ignite installation directory (Link Level Access) for each ignited target



# **Network Source Installation**

Ignite Server

Depots Config files bootsys for non-interactive installs Index IP1 IP2 Target System 3 Target System 2 Target System 1 . . .

(Running HP-UX OS (9.05/9.07, 10.x, 11.x)



# Booting the Target — Pull Install



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### Booting the Target — Pull Install (Continued)



- AUTO file pulls HPUX from boot\_lif
- HPUX pulls IUX kernel, /opt/ignite/boot//NSTALL via tftp
- System starts executing the kernel
- Kernel looks for and pulls INSTALLFS via tftp



# INSTALLFS





# Install Boot Process (Continued)



Target

- Pulls /opt/ignite/data/INSTCMDS (IUX commands) via tftp.
- NFS mounts server /var/opt/ignite/clients/ directory.
- Creates clients/<lla>/ and client\_status file on server.
- Waits for server.instr file to be created in clients/<lla> directory with the command start\_install.
- Gets client config files
- Based on the OS release to be installed, pulls /opt/ignite/data/Rel\_{rel}/SYSCMDS (mini-system) via tftp.
- Client tracks **server.instr** file. Server could change request to stop install and reboot!



IUX Server 192.168.1.123

Server sees new /var/opt/ignite/clients/<lla>

directory, and flags Ignite UI of new client.

Once config files are generated, creates a **server.instr** file containing the command **start\_install** 



# Push Install — bootsys

**bootsys** is an IUX server command, which reboots a target system and begins an IUX install.

#### Server:

- Copy **INSTALL** and **INSTALLFS** to target.
- Customize **INSTALLFS** on target with target's current network information.
- Modify target's **AUTO** file in **LIF** area.
- Reboot target (from its local disk).





### Using bootsys

- Interactive install:
  - # bootsys -vw <target>
  - machine will boot and wait for instructions
  - run ui to continue install
- Noninteractive install:
  - # bootsys -a <target>
  - # bootsys -a -i <configuration> -f
  - Install non-interactively using previous, default, or specified configuration
- Requires .rhosts on target machine



### Cautions about **bootsys**

- bootsys modifies the AUTO file and the primary boot device on the target system. Despite being a powerful tool it has some sensitive areas:(Repair AUTO with mkboot command if necessary)
  - HP\_UX 10.x & 11.X have setboot command to change the primary boot device, but 9.0x systems do not have such a command. Fixing 9.0x system's primary boot device requires interrupting the boot process and fixing it at the ISL prompt.



#### **Configuration File Logic and Fine Points**



#### Where Do Configuration Files Come?

- Shipped with Ignite-UX
  - defaults: /opt/ignite/data/Rel\_{release}/config
  - examples: /opt/ignite/data/examples
- IUX commands
  - make\_config: describes software in a depot
  - save\_config: creates config file to match current hardware configuration
- IUX GUI/TUI
  - save as...
- Created when a client is installed
  - /var/opt/ignite/clients/0x{Ila}/config
- Manually from scratch using your favorite editor



# The Ignite-UX INDEX File

#### Defines a grouping or set of configuration files



#### **INDEX File Default Location is /var/opt/ignite**



# **INDEX** File Example

```
cfg "HP-UX B.11.00 Default" {
         description "HP default system configuration for the B.11.00 release."
         "/opt/ignite/data/Rel B.11.00/config"
         "/opt/ignite/data/Rel_B.11.00/hw_patches_cfg"
         "/var/opt/ignite/config.local"
cfg "HP-UX B.11.11 Default" {
          description "HP default system configuration for the B.11.11 release."
         "/opt/ignite/data/Rel_B.11.11/config"
         "/opt/ignite/data/Rel_B.11.11/hw_patches_cfg"
          "/var/opt/ignite/config.local"
cfg "Interex 2000" {
          description "Example for these slides."
         "/IGNITE/CONFIG/dsk.cfg"
         "/IGNITE/CONFIG/kernel.cfg"
         "/opt/ignite/data/Rel_B.11.11/hw_patches_cfg"
          "/var/opt/ignite/config.local"
```



# Disk Configuration File Snippet (dsk.cfg)

```
disk[_hp_root_disk].size >= 8000Mb & disk[_hp_root_disk].size <= 10000Mb {
  volume group "vg00"
   max physical extents = 2500
    logical_volume "lvol3"{
       mount point = "/"
       size = 200Mb
                                        Other useful config entries:
       contiguous_allocation = true
       bad block relocate
                            = false
                                        size = 500Mb | remaining | 20% free
    logical_volume "lvol2" {
                                        volume_group "apps"{
       usage = SWAP_DUMP
                                          physical volume disk[10/0/15/0.4.0]
       mount point = "primary"
                                          physical volume disk[10/0/15/0.5.0]
       contiguous_allocation = true
                                            logical_volume "apps1" {
       bad block relocate = false
                                                 mount_point=open_source
       size = memory * 2
                                                 usage=VxFS
                                                 size=36000Mb
```



#### Kernel Configuration File Snippet (kernel.cfg)

```
(memory >= 384MB & memory < 512MB)
        mod kernel +="maxusers
                                         128"
        mod_kernel +="nproc
                                        1784"
        mod kernel +="maxuprc
                                        1764"
        mod kernel +="shmmni
                                        810"
        mod kernel +="semmnu
                                        426"
        mod kernel +="nstrtel
                                        264"
        mod kernel +="maxswapchunks"
                                        1480"
        mod_kernel +="ninode
                                        6144"
        mod kernel +="nfile
                                        7776"
                                           5"
        mod_kernel +="dbc_min_pct
        mod kernel +="dbc max pct
                                          15"
(memory >= 512MB & memory < 768MB)
                                         128"
        mod kernel +="maxusers
        mod_kernel +="nproc
                                        2264"
        mod kernel +="maxuprc
                                        2244"
        mod kernel +="shmmni
```

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#### Configuration File for a Software Depot

#### make\_config -s *source\_depot* -c *config\_file* -a 700|800|both





#### **Configuration File for an Archive**





#### Client-Specific Configuration File



Used for performing a reinstall



#### Using the "save\_config" Command

**Current System** 





# Saving an Ignite-UX Configuration

	- /opt/ignite/bin/itool (grace)			
	Basic Software Syste	em File System Advanced		
Save As	Configurations:	Default 10.01 Release Default 10.10 Release Default 10.20 Release Test Oracle Server	- Description	
	Environments:	CDE HP-UX Environment	(HP-UX B.10.10)	
	Root Disk	HP_2213A, 2/0/1.6.0, 6	33 MB	
	File System:	Whole disk (not LVM) wit	th HFS =	
	Root Swap (MB)	128 Physical Me	emory (RAM) = 64 MB	
	Languages	English	Keyboards	
	Additi al			
	Show Summary	Save As	Reset Configuration	
	Go!	Cancel	Help	



### Creating a Custom Configuration with the User Interface

- 1. Select a configuration in User Interface:
  - such as, HP-UX B.11.00
     Default
- 2. Make modifications.
  - How you want to lay out disks?
  - What software you want installed?
  - Other changes?

3. Choose **Save As** to write your customized configuration file.

4. Optionally, hand-edit the configuration to make it hardware independent.

-	Save Configuration	
Name:	HP-UX B.11.00 Engineering Set as Default	
File Name:	HP-UX_B.11.00_Engineering	
Description:	HP-UX 11.00 with Engineering Apps & Patches	i
ОК	Cancel Help	



#### Don't Forget the INSTALLFS Configuration (Contained in the first 8K Block)

This File Contains Boot control parameters and networking Information such as:

- Whether or not to invoke the UI: run\_ui=FALSE
- Whether control will be from Server or Client: control\_from\_server=TRUE
- Set key Ignite environment variables to prevent unnecessary user interaction:

env\_vars = "INST\_BATCH\_MODE\_TIMEOUT=0"
env\_vars += "INST\_ALLOW\_WARNINGS=1"

Add informative console messages:

sysadm\_message="OS Installation Underway"

To view: # instl\_adm –F /opt/ignite/boot/INSTALLFS To modify: # instl\_adm –F /opt/ignite/boot/INSTALLFS –f <*new\_cfg*>



#### Tips For Creating Trouble Free Config. Files

- 1. Use templates included within the Ignite installation file
- 2. Keep the "man 4 instl\_adm" output handy
- 3. Read the Ignite-UX Admin. Manual and other documents available on the public Web page.
- 4. Use the GUI Interface to create custom configuration files
- 5. Solicit help from the Ignite Email list
- 6. Study the work of others (I.e. Easy Setup CDs, etc.)
- 7. Make extensive use of the "instl\_adm –T –f <your\_config\_file>" to check syntax and instl\_dbg to debug them.



### Pre & Post Commands & Scripts



**Opportunities for Inserting Commands and Scripts** 



Note: Until "Load Software " step all Ignite-UX files are memory based



# **Customizations Provided**

- Any number of tasks may be performed on the target using execution commands and scripts.
  - NFS, DNS, NIS configuration etc.
  - Mounting additional disks
  - Configuring spoolers
  - Loading additional application software not stored in an SD depot
  - HW customizations not supplied in an archive
  - Copying user data to a target
  - Adding RC scripts
  - Testing hardware



#### Valid Locations for Commands and Scripts

- Software related
  - sw\_source
  - sw\_sel
- Conditional execution
  - In any config file
- Sitewide customization
  - /var/opt/ignite/config.local
- Selectable in the UI
  - /var/opt/ignite/INDEX
- SCRIPTS section of LIF area on media
- Standard post config and post load scripts:
  - /opt/ignite/data/scripts/os\_arch\_post\_[c,l]



#### Scripts Defined in the INDEX File

Basic Software System File System	Advanced	
Scripts to be Executed:		Available Scripts: <addremove-></addremove->

 A list of optional scripts may be defined in /var/opt/ignite/INDEX: scripts {
 "script-file-path-name-1"
 "script-file-path-name-2"
 }
 }



#### Tips on Creating System Admin. Scripts

- 1. Run SAM.
- 2. Perform your task (for example, add a printer).
- 3. Select Options->View Sam Log.
- 4. Change Message Level to Commands Only.
- 5. Save logfile and exit SAM.
- 6. Cut commands from the saved file and paste them into your script.



#### Using Commands Instead of Scripts

• Use Config File Reserved Words:

- pre\_config\_cmd
- post\_config\_cmd

Examples:

```
pre_config_cmd = "loadfile –q –l SYSCMDS /sbin/sh;
loadfile –q -l MYSCRIPTS ./menu.sh;
/sbin/sh ./menu.sh;
/sbin/rm ./menu.sh /sbin/sh;"
```



# **Case Studies**



### Case Study #1: Auto Dealer Management System Provider

Customer Profile: Provide complete automobile dealership management system to 100+ customers per month in US and Canada

#### **Requirements**

- Single HP-UX based image to configure systems to support 10 3000 users
- B-Class to L-Class(rp5400) systems
- 1-4 CPUs
- 256MB 8GB Memory
- 9GB 100GB Disk Capacity (JBOD, DS2100, Model 12H AutoRAID & VA74XX)
- CDROM for loading and DAT Drive for backup
- Remote support primarily through modems
- Easy to install by Dealer personnel (only basic computer skills required)
- Simple terminal console interface for all system admin.
- Frequent application updates (including new OS features or patches)
- Automated system software version control



#### Case Study #1: Auto Dealer Management System Provider (cont.)

#### Ignite-UX Solution

- Create single HP-UX 11.0 image to include all relevant drivers and patches
  - maintain an archive image for size and speed
- Develop complex pre-load script providing simple menu based installation
  - add required commands to INSTALLFS (UNSUPPORTED!)
- Create custom configuration files
  - making extensive use of conditional statement
  - using separate config. file for:
    - + disk configuration
    - + kernel tuning based on memory ranges
  - define 8K INSTALLFS for local terminal console UI only
- Utilize LIF area for Version Control (UNSUPPORTED!)
  - lifcp <version file>
  - key to keep it small using a static format
- Use "ideal" Ignite-UX system to create and test new images quickly
- Use cdrecord utility to burn master CD image
- Use make\_recovery to maintain a backup of all archive image versions



#### Case Study #1: Auto Dealer Management System Provider (cont.)

#### Adding pre-load script to LIF file:

- 1. Develop and test script (/IGNITE/preconfig.sh)
- 2. Place script in tar file:

# cd /IGNITE

# tar cvf MYSCRIPTS ./preconfig.sh

3. Compress and rename tar file:

# gzip MYSCRPTS

- # mv MYSCRIPTS.gz MYSCRIPTS
- 4. Add it to existing LIF file (lif-file)
  - # lifcp -r /IGNITE/MYSCRIPTS /IGNITE/lif-file:MYSCRIPTS
- 5. Loading and executing preconfig.sh from Ignite Config file:

pre\_config\_cmd = " loadfile -q -l SYSCMDS /sbin/sh;

loadfile -q -I MYSCRIPTS ./preconfig.sh; /sbin/sh ./preconfig.sh;

/sbin/rm ./preconfig.sh /sbin/sh;"



### Case Study #2: Automated Disk Formatting System

Customer Problem: Need simple system to completely format all hard disks on 600-800 workstations annually

#### **Requirements**

- Engineering design workstations data must be securely removed prior to return to leasing company as part of annual upgrade project
- LAN based solution
- Administered by personnel with limited Sys. Admin skills
- Records maintained in simple data base for auditing purposes
  - Indexed by company asset number
  - Record disk manufacturer & model number
  - Record Sys. Admin. Name
  - Record date and time
- Must be able to detect failed hard drives so they can be destroyed
- Email reports on weekly basis to appropriate personnel



#### Case Study #2: Automated Disk Formatting System(Cont.)



- Make use of Ignite-UX memory based kernel and file system only!
- Make use of DHCP to automatically create temporary IP addresses for target systems to be formatted
- Develop pre-load script which:
  - provide simple operator menu to initiate format and capture name
  - utilize "mediainit" to determine good or bad disks and format good mechs.
  - send all pertinent data to IUX server for data base collection
- Develop scripts for auditing reports(for weekly email and on-demand)



# **Best Practices**



#### **Common Problems and Resolutions**

- **1. Networking services not configured correctly:** 
  - Insure tftp and bootps are uncommented in /etc/inetd.conf
  - Verify NFS operations and be sure /var/opt/ignite/clients is included in the /etc/exports file
    - NFS server started in /etc/rc.config.d/nfsconf
  - Make sure hostname resolution is setup correctly:
    - /etc/nsswitch.conf (/etc/hosts, DNS, NIS)
    - Make sure server can find client by hostname
  - If using DHCP make sure temporary Ignite addresses do not conflict with DHCP address range
- 2. Test all scripts thoroughly before adding them to Ignite config files
- 3. Config file syntax use "instl\_adm –T" to verify



# **Other Useful Ignite-Utilities**

make\_recovery and make\_net\_recovery:

 provide easy means to create bootable tape backup for Ignite systems used for cloning or for paranoid users
 print\_manifest – a non-root utility for displaying a system's complete hardware and software configuration

- instl\_adm and instl\_dbg great for manipulating and testing config files
- make\_medialif creates complete LIF area for bootable Ignite media
- instl\_combine combines the LIF area with the archive or depot image for bootable Ignite CD media.
- lifls, lifcp, lifrm, lifinit, lifrename utilities for managing LIF files



### The Ideal Ignite-UX Self-training Lab



- DDS Tape Drive
- Easy access to the Corp. Net.
- Easy access to Public Web
- access to printer

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#### Procedures to Create Bootable Ignite CDs



### Step by Step Procedures

- 1. Create depot or archive (I'll use *archive.gz* in this example).
- 2. Determine size of archive and transform into raw format:
  - # du –sk archive.gz
  - # lvcreate –L <*size of archive in KB*> -n image vg01
  - # newfs -F hfs -f 2048 -b 16384 /dev/vg01/rimage
  - # mkdir /image
  - # mount /dev/vg01/image /image
  - # cp –p archive.gz /image/archive.gz
  - # umount /image
  - # dd if=/dev/vg01/rimage of=/IGNITE/image bs=1024k
- Create LIF file from appropriate entry in INDEX:
   # make\_media\_lif –c "My INDEX Selection" –I /IGNITE/LIF-file
- Optional Add custom scripts to LIF-file: # lifcp –r /IGNITE/MYSCRIPTS /IGNITE/LIF-file:MYSCRIPTS
- 5. Combine LIF file and raw archive image:# instl\_combine –F /IGNITE/LIF-file –C /IGNITE/image
- 6. Burn CD:

# cdrecord -v speed=12 dev=2,4,0 /IGNITE/image



### HP-UX Supported CD-RW Utilities

The Mar. 2002 HP-UX Applications CDs include the CDRW depot:

- includes the public domain "cdrecord"
- includes the public domain GUI "xcdroast
- work with most IDE or SCSI CD-RW drives



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# Where to go for more information



### **Reference Material**

#### www.software.hp.com/products/IUX/index.html

- Latest versions with Release Notes
- Documentation
- Technical Papers
- FAQ
- IUX mailing list information (email notification)

#### Documents and man pages shipped with the IUX product

/opt/ignite/share/doc /opt/ignite/share/man

• Formal HP Training – Class # H1978S (3 Days)



# **QUESTIONS?**

